

# Airman Knowledge Testing Supplement for Sport Pilot, Recreational Pilot, and Private Pilot

# 2013

This publication combines publications formerly known as "Computer Testing Supplement for Recreational Pilot and Private Pilot" and "Computer Testing Supplement for Sport Pilot, Sport Pilot Instructor, and Sport Pilot Examiner."

U.S. Department of Transportation **FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION** 

Flight Standards Service

# Preface

This Airman Knowledge Testing Supplement is designed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Flight Standards Service. It is intended for use by Airman Knowledge Testing (AKT) Organization Designation Authorization (ODA) Holders and other entities approved and/or authorized to administer airman knowledge tests on behalf of the FAA in the following knowledge areas:

Sport Pilot-Airplane (ASEL and ASES)

Sport Pilot-Gyroplane

Sport Pilot-Glider

Sport Pilot–Airship (LTA)

Sport Pilot-Balloon (LTA)

Sport Pilot-Weight-Shift Control (WSCS and WSCL)

Sport Pilot-Powered Parachute (PPL and PPS)

Recreational Pilot-Airplane (RPA)

Recreational Pilot–Rotorcraft/Helicopter (RPH)

Recreational Pilot-Rotorcraft/Gyroplane (RPG)

Private Pilot-Airplane/Recreational Pilot-Transition (PAT)

Private Pilot-Helicopter/Recreational Pilot-Transition (PHT)

Private Pilot-Gyroplane/Recreational Pilot-Transition (POT)

Private Pilot-Airplane (PAR)

Private Pilot-Rotorcraft/Helicopter (PRH)

Private Pilot-Rotorcraft/Gyroplane (PRO)

Private Pilot-Glider (POL)

Private Pilot-Free Balloon-Hot Air (PBH)

Private Pilot-Free Balloon-Gas (PBG)

Private Pilot-Lighter-Than-Air-Airship (PLA)

Private Pilot–Powered-Parachute (PPP)

Private Pilot-Weight-shift Control (PWS)

Comments regarding this supplement, or any AFS-630 publication, should be sent in email form to the following address:

AFS630comments@faa.gov

# Contents

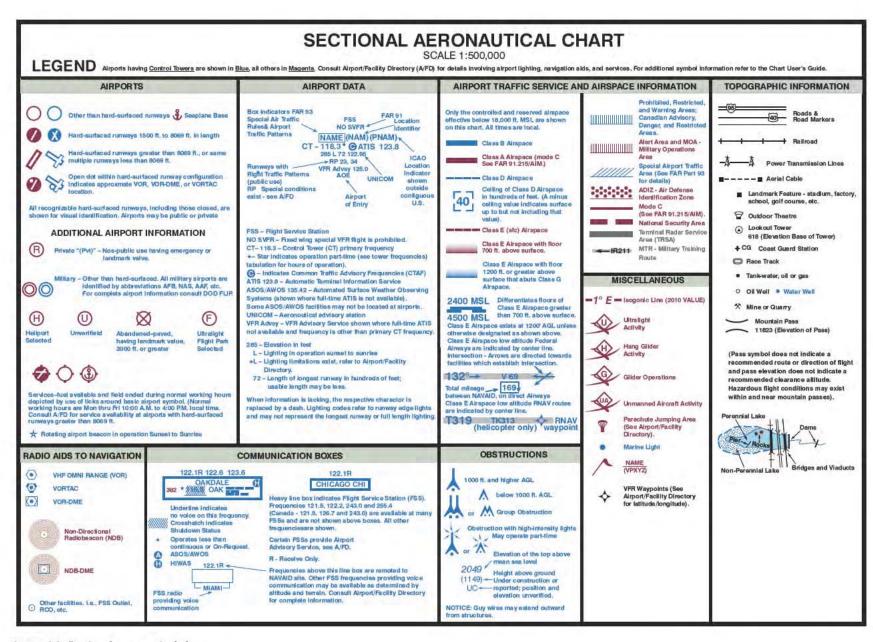
| Preface  | ii                                     |
|--|--|
| Contents   | ٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠ |
|  |  |
| Appendix 1   |  |
| Legend 1. Sectional aeronautical chart                             |  |
| Legend 2. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 3. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 4. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 5. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 6. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 7. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 8. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 9. Airport/facility directory                               |  |
| Legend 10. Airport/facility directory                              |  |
| Legend 11. Airport/facility directory                              |  |
| Legend 12. Airport/facility directory                              |  |
| Legend 13. Airport/facility directory                              |  |
| Legend 14. Airport/facility directory                              | 16                                     |
| Legend 15. Airport/facility directory                              |  |
| Legend 16. Airport/facility directory                              | 18                                     |
| Legend 17. Airport/facility directory                              | 19                                     |
| Legend 18. Airport/facility directory                              | 20                                     |
| Legend 19. Airport/facility directory                              | 23                                     |
|  |  |
| Appendix 2   |  |
| Figure 1. Lift vector  |  |
| Figure 2. Load factor chart  |  |
| Figure 3. Altimeter  |  |
| Figure 4. Airspeed indicator                                       |  |
| Figure 5. Turn coordinator   |  |
| Figure 6. Heading indicator  |  |
| Figure 7. Attitude indicator                                       | 9                                      |
| Figure 8. Density altitude chart                                   |  |
| Figure 9. Control position for taxi                                |  |
| Figure 10. Gyroplane rotor blade position                          |  |
| Figure 11. Glider yaw string                                       |  |
| Figure 12. Aviation routine weather reports (METAR)                |  |
| Figure 13. Telephone weather briefing                              |  |
| Figure 14. Pilot weather report                                    |  |
| Figure 15. Terminal aerodrome forecasts (TAF)                      |  |
| Figure 16. Area forecast   | 18                                     |
| Figure 17. Winds and temperatures aloft forecast                   | 19                                     |
| Figure 18. Weather depiction chart                                 | 20                                     |
| Figure 19. Radar summary chart                                     | 21                                     |
| Figure 20. Low-level significant weather (SIGWX) prognostic charts |  |
| Figure 21. Sectional chart excernt                                 | 23                                     |

| Figure 22. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 24 |
|------------|--------------------------------------|----|
| Figure 23. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 25 |
| Figure 24. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 26 |
| Figure 25. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 27 |
| Figure 26. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 28 |
| Figure 27. | Sectional chart excerpt              | 29 |
| Figure 28. | Time conversion table                | 30 |
| Figure 29. | VOR                                  | 31 |
| Figure 30. | ADF (movable card)                   | 32 |
| Figure 31. | ADF (fixed card)                     | 33 |
| _          | Airport/facility directory excerpt   |    |
| _          | Airplane weight and balance tables   |    |
| _          | Airplane weight and balance tables   |    |
|            | Airplane weight and balance graphs   |    |
| _          | Airplane power setting table         |    |
| _          | Crosswind component graph            |    |
| _          | Airplane landing distance graph      |    |
| _          | Airplane landing distance table      |    |
|            | Gyroplane takeoff and landing graphs |    |
|            | Airplane takeoff distance graph      |    |
|            | Helicopter weight and balance graph  |    |
| _          | Helicopter weight and balance graphs |    |
| _          | Helicopter CG envelopes              |    |
| _          | Gyroplane weight and balance graph   |    |
|            | Gyroplane weight and balance graph   |    |
|            | Helicopter height velocity diagram   |    |
| _          | VASI illustrations                   |    |
| _          | Airport diagram                      |    |
| _          | Airport diagram                      |    |
| _          | Flight plan form                     |    |
| _          | Airport/facility directory excerpt   |    |
|            | Glider weight and balance diagram    |    |
| _          | Glider performance graph             |    |
|            | Standard soaring signals             |    |
| _          | Hot air balloon performance graph    |    |
| _          | Hot air balloon performance graph    |    |
| _          | Compass card                         |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt              |    |
| _          | Weight and balance diagram           |    |
| _          | Weight and balance diagram           |    |
| _          | Rectangular course                   |    |
| •          | Airport/facility excerpt             |    |
| _          | Airport markings                     |    |
| •          | U.S. airport signs                   |    |
| •          | S-turn diagram                       |    |
| _          | Weight and balance chart             |    |
| _          | Wind triangle                        |    |
| -          | Sectional chart excerpt              |    |

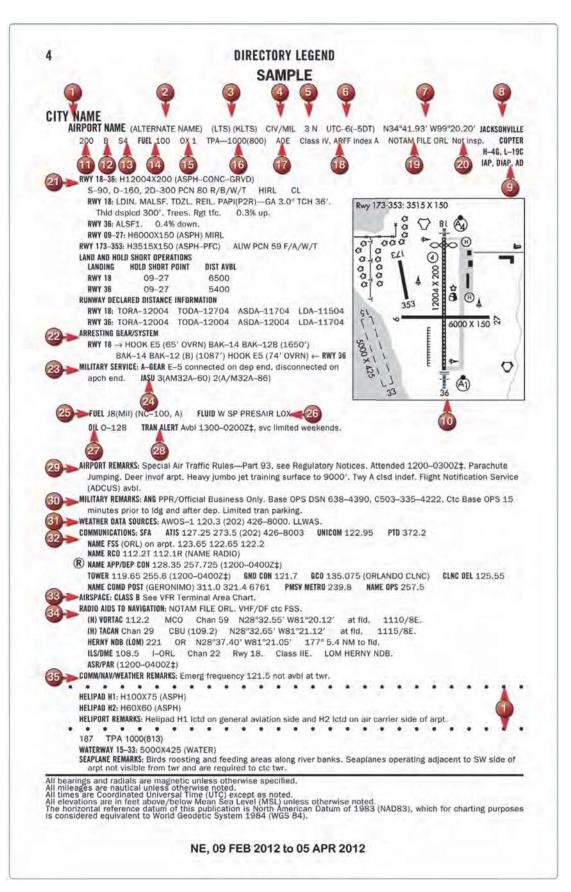
| Figure 71. | Sectional chart excerpt            | 73 |
|------------|------------------------------------|----|
| Figure 72. | Sectional chart excerpt            | 74 |
| Figure 73. | Velocity vs. G-loads               | 75 |
|            | Glider Hand Signals                |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt            |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt            |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt            |    |
|            | Airport/facility directory excerpt |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt            |    |
|            | Airport/facility directory excerpt |    |
|            | Sectional chart excerpt            |    |
|            | Airport/facility directory excerpt |    |
| _          | Altimeter                          |    |
|            |                                    |    |



# Appendix 1



Legend 1. Sectional aeronautical chart.



Legend 2. Airport/facility directory.

| SKETCH LEGEND                           |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| RUNWAYS/LANDING AREAS                   | RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION   |  |  |
| Hard Surfaced                           | VORTAC♥ VOR ○  |  |  |
| Metal Surface                           | VOR/DME D NDB  |  |  |
| Sod, Gravel, etc                        | TACAN♥ NDB/DME 📵   |  |  |
| Light Plane,                            | MISCELLANEOUS AERONAUTICAL FEATURES  |  |  |
| Under Construction:                     | Airport Beacon   |  |  |
| Helicopter Landings Area                | Landing Tee  |  |  |
| _0                                      | Control Tower  |  |  |
| Displaced Threshold                     | When control tower and rotating beacon are co-located beacon symbol will be used and further identified as TWR.                              |  |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS BASE AND CULTURAL         |  |  |  |
| FEATURES                                | APPROACH LIGHTING SYSTEMS  A dot '•' portrayed with approach lighting  |  |  |
| Buildings 그 b                           | letter identifier indicates sequenced flashing lights (F) installed with the approach lighting system e.g. (A) Negative symbology, e.g., (A) |  |  |
| Power Lines                             | ▼ Indicates Pilot Controlled Lighting (PCL).   |  |  |
| Fence                                   | Runway Centerline Lighting   |  |  |
| Towers TALLE A                          | Approach Lighting System ALSF-1  |  |  |
| Tanks                                   | Short Approach Lighting System SALS/SALSF  |  |  |
| Oil Well                                | Simplified Short Approach Lighting System (SSALR) with RAIL  |  |  |
| Smoke Stack                             | Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System (MALS and MALSF)/(SSALS and SSALF)   |  |  |
| Obstruction                             | Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System (MALSR) and RAIL   |  |  |
| Controlling Obstruction                 | Omnidirectional Approach Lighting System (ODALS)   |  |  |
| 0000                                    | Navy Parallel Row and Cross Bar  |  |  |
| Trees                                   | Air Force Overrun  |  |  |
| Populated Places                        | Pulsating Visual Approach Slope Indicator  |  |  |
| Cuts and Fills Cut LILLIUM Fill TITTETT | Visual Approach Slope Indicator with a threshold crossing height to accompdate   |  |  |
| Cliffs and Depressions                  | long bodied or jumbo aircraft  (a) Tri-color Visual Approach Slope Indicator   |  |  |
| Dirch                                   | (TRCV) (S) Approach Path Alignment Panel (APAP)  |  |  |
| HIII                                    | P Precision Approach Path Indicator (PAPI)   |  |  |

Legend 3. Airport/facility directory.

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND

#### LEGEND

This directory is a listing of data on record with the FAA on all open to the public airports, military facilities and selected private use facilities specifically requested by the Department of Defense (DoD) for which a DoD Instrument Approach Procedure has been published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures Publication. Additionally this listing contains data for associated terminal control facilities, air route traffic control centers, and radio aids to navigation within the conterminous United States, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Joint civil/milltary and civil airports are listed alphabetically by state, associated city and airport name and cross-referenced by airport name. Military facilities are listed alphabetically by state and official airport name and cross-referenced by associated city name. Navaids, flight service stations and remote communication outlets that are associated with an airport, but with a different name, are listed alphabetically under their own name, as well as under the airport with which they are associated.

The listing of an open to the public airport in this directory merely indicates the airport operator's willingness to accommodate transient aircraft, and does not represent that the facility conforms with any Federal or local standards, or that it has been approved for use on the part of the general public. Military and private use facilities published in this directory are open to civil pilots only in an emergency or with prior permission. See Special Notice Section, Civil Use of Military Fields.

The information on obstructions is taken from reports submitted to the FAA. Obstruction data has not been verified in all cases. Pilots are cautioned that objects not indicated in this tabulation (or on the airports sketches and/or charts) may exist which can create a hazard to flight operation. Detailed specifics concerning services and facilities tabulated within this directory are contained in the Aeronautical Information Manual, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures.

The legend items that follow explain in detail the contents of this Directory and are keyed to the circled numbers on the sample on the preceding pages.



#### CITY/AIRPORT NAME

Civil and joint civil/military airports and facilities in this directory are listed alphabetically by state and associated city. Where the city name is different from the airport name the city name will appear on the line above the airport name. Airports with the same associated city name will be listed alphabetically by airport name and will be separated by a dashed rule line. A solid rule line will separate all others. FAA approved helipads and seaplane landing areas associated with a land airport will be separated by a dotted line. Military airports are listed alphabetically by state and official airport name.



#### ALTERNATE NAME

Alternate names, if any, will be shown in parentheses.



The location identifier is a three or four character FAA code followed by a four-character ICAO code assigned to airports. ICAO codes will only be published at joint civil/military, and military facilities. If two different military codes are assigned, both codes will be shown with the primary operating agency's code listed first. These identifiers are used by ATC in lieu of the airport name in flight plans, flight strips and other written records and computer operations. Zeros will appear with a slash to differentiate them from the letter "O".



#### OPERATING AGENCY

Airports within this directory are classified into two categories, Military/Federal Government and Civil airports open to the general public, plus selected private use airports. The operating agency is shown for military, private use and joint civil/military airports. The operating agency is shown by an abbreviation as listed below. When an organization is a tenant, the abbreviation is enclosed in parenthesis. No classification indicates the airport is open to the general public with no

| A       | US Army                               | MC   | Marine Corps                            |
|---------|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| AFRC    | Air Force Reserve Command             | N    | Navy                                    |
| AF      | US Air Force                          | NAF  | Naval Air Facility                      |
| ANG     | Air National Guard                    | NAS  | Naval Air Station                       |
| AR      | US Army Reserve                       | NASA | National Air and Space Administration   |
| ARNG    | US Army National Guard                | P    | US Civil Airport Wherein Permit Covers  |
| CG      | US Coast Guard                        |      | Use by Transient Military Aircraft      |
| CIV/MIL | Joint Use Civil/Military              | PVT  | Private Use Only (Closed to the Public) |
| DND     | Department of National Defense Canada |      |   |



#### AIRPORT LOCATION

Airport location is expressed as distance and direction from the center of the associated city in nautical miles and cardinal points, e.g., 4 NE.



Hours of operation of all facilities are expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) and shown as "Z" time. The directory indicates the number of hours to be subtracted from UTC to obtain local standard time and local daylight saving time UTC-5(-4DT). The symbol ‡ indicates that during periods of Daylight Saving Time effective hours will be one hour earlier than shown. In those areas where daylight saving time is not observed the (-4DT) and ‡ will not be shown. Daylight saving time is in effect from 0200 local time the second Sunday in March to 0200 local time the first Sunday in November, Canada and all U.S. Conterminous States observe daylight saving time except Arizona and Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. If the state observes daylight saving time and the operating times are other than daylight saving times, the operating hours will include the dates, times and no \$\$\text{symbol will be shown, i.e., April 15-Aug 31 0630-1700Z, Sep 1-Apr 14 0600-1700Z.

Legend 4. Airport/facility directory.



#### GEOGRAPHIC POSITION OF AIRPORT—AIRPORT REFERENCE POINT (ARP)

Positions are shown as hemisphere, degrees, minutes and hundredths of a minute and represent the approximate geometric center of all usable runway surfaces.



Charts refer to the Sectional Chart and Low and High Altitude Enroute Chart and panel on which the airport or facility is located. Helicopter Chart locations will be indicated as COPTER. IFR Gulf of Mexico West and IFR Gulf of Mexico Central will be depicted as GOMW and GOMC.

#### INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES, AIRPORT DIAGRAMS

IAP indicates an airport for which a prescribed (Public Use) FAA Instrument Approach Procedure has been published. DIAP indicates an airport for which a prescribed DoD Instrument Approach Procedure has been published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures. See the Special Notice Section of this directory, Civil Use of Military Fields and the Aeronautical Information Manual 5–4–5 Instrument Approach Procedure Charts for additional Information. AD indicates an airport for which an airport diagram has been published. Airport diagrams are located in the back of each A/FD volume alphabetically by associated city and airport name.

## AIRPORT SKETCH

The airport sketch, when provided, depicts the airport and related topographical information as seen from the air and should be used in conjunction with the text. It is intended as a guide for pilots in VFR conditions. Symbology that is not self-explanatory will be reflected in the sketch legend. The airport sketch will be oriented with True North at the top. Airport sketches will be added incrementally.

#### **ELEVATION**

The highest point of an airport's usable runways measured in feet from mean sea level. When elevation is sea level it will be indicated as "00". When elevation is below sea level a minus "-" sign will precede the figure.

#### ROTATING LIGHT BEACON

B indicates rotating beacon is available. Rotating beacons operate sunset to sunrise unless otherwise indicated in the AIRPORT REMARKS or MILITARY REMARKS segment of the airport entry.

### SERVICING-CIVIL

| 51: | Minor airframe repairs.                      | S5:  | Major airframe repairs.                      |
|-----|--|------|--|
| S2: | Minor airframe and minor powerplant repairs. | S6:  | Minor airframe and major powerplant repairs. |
| S3: | Major airframe and minor powerplant repairs. | S7:  | Major powerplant repairs.                    |
| S4: | Major airframe and major powerplant repairs. | \$8: | Minor powerplant repairs.                    |

#### FUEL

| 1 OF  |   |          |   |
|-------|---|----------|---|
| CODE  | FUEL  | CODE     | FUEL  |
| 80    | Grade 80 gasoline (Red)                       | B+       | Jet B, Wide-cut, turbine fuel with FS-II*, FP** |
| 100   | Grade 100 gasoline (Green)                    |          | minus 50° C,                                    |
| 100LL | 100LL gasoline (low lead) (Blue)              | J4 (JP4) | (JP-4 military specification) FP** minus        |
| 115   | Grade 115 gasoline (115/145 military          |          | 58° C.  |
|       | specification) (Purple)                       | J5 (JP5) | (JP-5 military specification) Kerosene with     |
| ٨     | Jet A, Kerosene, without FS-II*, FP** minus   |          | FS-11, FP** minus 46°C.                         |
|       | 40° C.  | J8 (JP8) | (JP-8 military specification) Jet A-1, Kerosene |
| A+    | Jet A, Kerosene, with FS-II*, FP** minus      |          | with FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C.                   |
|       | 40°C.   | J8+100   | (JP-8 military specification) Jet A-1, Kerosene |
| A1    | Jet A-1, Kerosene, without FS-II+, FP++       |          | with FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C, with-fuel         |
|       | minus 47°C.                                   |          | additive package that improves thermo           |
| A1+   | Jet A-1, Kerosene with FS-II*, FP** minus     |          | stability characteristics of JP-8.              |
|       | 47° C.  | 1        | (Jet Fuel Type Unknown)                         |
| В     | Jet B, Wide-cut, turbine fuel without FS-II*, | MOGAS    | Automobile gasoline which is to be used         |
|       | FP** minus 50" C.                             |          | as aircraft fuel.                               |

<sup>\*(</sup>Fuel System Icing Inhibitor)

NOTE: Ce

Certain automobile gasoline may be used in specific aircraft engines if a FAA supplemental type certificate has been obtained. Automobile gasoline, which is to be used in aircraft engines, will be identified as "MOGAS", however, the grade/type and other octane rating will not be published.

Data shown on fuel availability represents the most recent information the publisher has been able to acquire. Because of a variety of factors, the fuel listed may not always be obtainable by transient civil pilots. Confirmation of availability of fuel should be made directly with fuel suppliers at locations where refueling is planned.



OX 1 High Pressure OX 3 High Pressure—Replacement Bottles
OX 2 Low Pressure OX 4 Low Pressure—Replacement Bottles

## TRAFFIC PATTERN ALTITUDE

Traffic Pattern Altitude (TPA)—The first figure shown is TPA above mean sea level. The second figure in parentheses is TPA above airport elevation. Multiple TPA shall be shown as "TPA—See Remarks" and detailed information shall be shown in the Airport or Military Remarks Section. Traffic pattern data for USAF bases, USN facilities, and U.S. Army airports (including those on which ACC or U.S. Army is a tenant) that deviate from standard pattern altitudes shall be shown in Military Remarks.

<sup>\*\*(</sup>Freeze Point)

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND



#### AIRPORT OF ENTRY, LANDING RIGHTS, AND CUSTOMS USER FEE AIRPORTS

U.S. CUSTOMS USER FEE AIRPORT-Private Aircraft operators are frequently required to pay the costs associated with customs processing.

AOE-Airport of Entry. A customs Airport of Entry where permission from U.S. Customs is not required to land. However, at least one hour advance notice of arrival is required.

LRA-Landing Rights Airport. Application for permission to land must be submitted in advance to U.S. Customs. At least one hour advance notice of arrival is required.

NOTE: Advance notice of arrival at both an AOE and LRA airport may be included in the flight plan when filed in Canada or Mexico. Where Flight Notification Service (ADCUS) is available the airport remark will indicate this service. This notice will also be treated as an application for permission to land in the case of an LRA. Although advance notice of arrival may be relayed to Customs through Mexico, Canada, and U.S. Communications facilities by flight plan, the aircraft operator is solely responsible for ensuring that Customs receives the notification, (See Customs, Immigration and Naturalization, Public Health and Agriculture Department requirements in the International Flight Information Manual for further details.)

US Customs Air and Sea Ports, Inspectors and Agents.

Northeast Sector (New England and Atlantic States-ME to MD) 407-975-1740 Southeast Sector (Atlantic States-DC, WV, VA to FL) 407-975-1780 Central Sector (Interior of the US, Including Gulf states-MS, AL, LA) 407-975-1760 Southwest East Sector (OK and eastern TX) 407-975-1840 Southwest West Sector (Western TX, NM and AZ) 407-975-1820 Pacific Sector (WA, OR, CA, HI and AK) 407-975-1800

#### (14 CFR PART 139)

Airports serving Department of Transportation certified carriers and certified under 14 CFR part 139 are indicated by the Class and the ARFF Index; e.g. Class I, ARFF Index A, which relates to the availability of crash, fire, rescue equipment. Class I airports can have an ARFF Index A through E, depending on the aircraft length and scheduled departures. Class II, III, and IV will always carry an Index A.

#### 14 CFR PART 139 CERTIFICATED AIRPORTS AIRPORT CLASSIFICATIONS

| Type of Air Carrier Operation                                     | Class I | Class II | Class III | Class IV |
|---|---------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Scheduled Air Carrier Aircraft with 31 or more passenger seats    | X       |          |           | -        |
| Unscheduled Air Carrier Aircraft with 31 or more passengers seats | X       | Х        | 4 = 1     | X        |
| Scheduled Air Carrier Aircraft with 10 to 30 passenger seats      | ×       | Х        | X         | -        |

#### 14 CFR-PART 139 CERTIFICATED AIRPORTS

INDICES AND AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

| Airport<br>Index | Required<br>No.<br>Vehicles | Aircraft Length             | Scheduled<br>Departures | Agent + Water for Foam                                       |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| A                | 1                           | <90'                        | ≥1                      | 500#DC or HALON 1211<br>or 450#DC + 100 gal H <sub>2</sub> O |
| В                | 1 or 2                      | ≥90', <126'<br>≥126', <159' | ≥5<br><<br><5           | Index A + 1500 gal H₂O                                       |
| С                | 2 or 3                      | ≥126', <159'<br>            | ≥5<br><<br><5           | Index A + 3000 gal H <sub>2</sub> O                          |
| D                | 3                           | ≥159', <200'<br>>200'       | <5                      | Index A + 4000 gal H <sub>2</sub> O                          |
| E                | 3                           | ≥200′                       | ≥5                      | Index A + 6000 gal H <sub>2</sub> O                          |

<sup>&</sup>gt; Greater Than; < Less Than; ≥ Equal or Greater Than; ≤ Equal or Less Than; H<sub>2</sub>O-Water; DC-Dry Chemical.

NOTE: The listing of ARFF index does not necessarily assure coverage for non-air carrier operations or at other than prescribed times for air carrier. ARFF Index Ltd,-Indicates ARFF coverage may or may not be available, for information contact airport manager prior to flight.



#### NOTAM SERVICE

All public use landing areas are provided NOTAM service. A NOTAM FILE identifier is shown for individual langing areas, e.g., "NOTAM FILE BNA". See the AIM, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures for a detailed description of NOTAMs.

#### NE, 09 FEB 2012 to 05 APR 2012

Legend 6. Airport/facility directory.

9

Current NOTAMs are available from flight service stations at 1-800-WX-BRIEF (992-7433) or online through the FAA PilotWeb at https://pilotweb.nas.faa.gov. Military NOTAMs are available using the Defense Internet NOTAM Service (DINS) at https:// www.notams.lcs.mil.

Pilots flying to or from airports not available through the FAA PilotWeb or DINS can obtain assistance from Flight Service.



All airports not inspected by FAA will be identified by the note: Not insp. This indicates that the airport information has been provided by the owner or operator of the field.



Runway information is shown on two lines. That information common to the entire runway is shown on the first line while information concerning the runway ends is shown on the second or following line. Runway direction, surface, length, width, weight bearing capacity, lighting, and slope, when available are shown for each runway. Multiple runways are shown with the longest runway first. Direction, length, width, and lighting are shown for sea-lanes. The full dimensions of helipads are shown, e.g., 50X150. Runway data that requires clarification will be placed in the remarks section.

#### RUNWAY DESIGNATION

Runways are normally numbered in relation to their magnetic orientation rounded off to the nearest 10 degrees. Parallel runways can be designated L (left)/R (right)/C (center). Runways may be designated as Ultralight or assault strips. Assault strips are shown by magnetic bearing.

#### RUNWAY DIMENSIONS

Runway length and width are shown in feet. Length shown is runway end to end including displaced thresholds, but excluding those areas designed as overruns.

#### RUNWAY SURFACE AND LENGTH

Runway lengths prefixed by the letter "H" indicate that the runways are hard surfaced (concrete, asphalt, or part asphalt-concrete). If the runway length is not prefixed, the surface is sod, clay, etc. The runway surface composition is indicated in parentheses after runway length as follows:

(AFSC)—Aggregate friction seal coat

(AMS)—Temporary metal planks coated with nonskid material

(ASPH)-Asphalt (CONC)-Concrete (DIRT)-Dirt

(GRVD)-Grooved (GRVL)-Gravel, or cinders

(MATS)-Pierced steel planking, landing mats, membranes

(PEM)-Part concrete, part asphalt (PFC)-Porous friction courses

(PSP)-Pierced steel plank

(RFSC)-Rubberized friction seal coat

(TURF)-Turf (TRTD)-Treated (WC)-Wire combed

#### RUNWAY WEIGHT BEARING CAPACITY

Runway strength data shown in this publication is derived from available information and is a realistic estimate of capability at an average level of activity. It is not intended as a maximum allowable weight or as an operating limitation. Many airport pavements are capable of supporting limited operations with gross weights in excess of the published figures. Permissible operating weights, insofar as runway strengths are concerned, are a matter of agreement between the owner and user. When desiring to operate into any airport at weights in excess of those published in the publication, users should contact the airport management for permission. Runway strength figures are shown in thousand of pounds, with the last three figures being omitted. Add 000 to figure following S, D, 2S, 2T, AUW, SWL, etc., for gross weight capacity. A blank space following the letter designator is used to indicate the runway can sustain aircraft with this type landing gear, although definite runway weight bearing capacity figures are not available, e.g., S, D. Applicable codes for typical gear configurations with S=Single, D=Dual, T=Triple and Q=Quadruple:

| CURRENT | NEW    | NEW DESCRIPTION  |  |
|---------|--------|--|--|
| S       | S      | Single wheel type landing gear (DC3), (C47), (F15), etc.   |  |
| D       | D      | Dual wheel type landing gear (BE1900), (B737), (A319), etc.  |  |
| T       | D      | Dual wheel type landing gear (P3, C9).   |  |
| ST      | 28     | Two single wheels in tandem type landing gear (C130).  |  |
| TRT     | 2T     | Two triple wheels in tandem type landing gear (C17), etc.  |  |
| DT      | 2D     | Two dual wheels in tandem type landing gear (B707), etc.   |  |
| π       | 2D     | Two dual wheels in tandem type landing gear (B757, KC135).   |  |
| SBTT    | 2D/D1  | Two dual wheels in tandem/dual wheel body gear type<br>landing gear (KC10).                        |  |
| None    | 2D/2D1 | Two dual wheels in tandem/two dual wheels in tandem gear type landing gear (A340–600).             |  |
| DDT     | 2D/2D2 | Two dual wheels in tandem/two dual wheels in double tandem body gear type landing gear (B747, E4). |  |
| TIT     | 3D     | Three dual wheels in tandem type landing gear (B777), etc.   |  |
| n .     | D2     | Dual wheel gear two struts per side main gear type landing gear (B52).                             |  |
| TDT     | C5     | Complex dual wheel and quadruple wheel combination<br>landing gear (C5).                           |  |

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND

AUW—All up weight. Maximum weight bearing capacity for any aircraft irrespective of landing gear configuration.

SWL—Single Wheel Loading, (This includes information submitted in terms of Equivalent Single Wheel Loading (ESWL) and Single Isolated Wheel Loading).

PSI—Pounds per square inch. PSI is the actual figure expressing maximum pounds per square inch runway will support, e.g., (SWL 000/PSI 535).

Omission of weight bearing capacity indicates information unknown.

The ACN/PCN System is the ICAO standard method of reporting pavement strength for pavements with bearing strengths greater than 12,500 pounds. The Pavement Classification Number (PCN) is established by an engineering assessment of the runway. The PCN is for use in conjunction with an Aircraft Classification Number (ACN). Consult the Aircraft Flight Manual, Flight Information Handbook, or other appropriate source for ACN tables or charts currently, ACN data may not be available for all aircraft. If an ACN table or chart is available, the ACN can be calculated by taking into account the aircraft weight, the pavement type, and the subgrade category. For runways that have been evaluated under the ACN/PCN system, the PCN will be shown as a five-part code (e.g. PCN 80 R/8/W/T). Details of the coded format are as follows:

- (1) The PCN NUMBER—The reported PCN indicates that an aircraft with an ACN equal or less than the reported PCN can operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure.
- (2) The type of pavement:
  - R Rigid
  - F Flexible
- (3) The pavement subgrade category:
  - A High
  - B Medium
  - C Low
  - D Ultra-low

- (4) The maximum tire pressure authorized for the pavement:
  - W High, no limit
  - X Medium, limited to 217 psi
  - Y Low, limited to 145 psi
- Z Very low, limited to 73 psi
  (5) Pavement evaluation method:
  - T Technical evaluation
  - U By experience of aircraft using the pavement

NOTE: Prior permission from the airport controlling authority is required when the ACN of the aircraft exceeds the published PCN or aircraft tire pressure exceeds the published limits.

#### RUNWAY LIGHTING

Lights are in operation sunset to sunrise. Lighting available by prior arrangement only or operating part of the night and/or pilot controlled lighting with specific operating hours are indicated under airport or military remarks. At USN/USMC facilities lights are available only during airport hours of operation. Since obstructions are usually lighted, obstruction lighting is not included in this code. Unlighted obstructions on or surrounding an airport will be noted in airport or military remarks. Runway lights nonstandard (NSTD) are systems for which the light fixtures are not FAA approved L-800 series: color, intensity, or spacing does not meet FAA standards. Nonstandard runway lights, VASI, or any other system not listed below will be shown in airport remarks or military service. Temporary, emergency or limited runway edge lighting such as flares, smudge pots, lanterns or portable runway lights will also be shown in airport remarks or military service. Types of lighting are shown with the runway or runway end they serve.

NSTD—Light system fails to meet FAA standards.

LIRL-Low Intensity Runway Lights.

MIRL-Medium Intensity Runway Lights.

HIRL—High Intensity Runway Lights.

RAIL—Runway Alignment Indicator Lights. REIL—Runway End Identifier Lights.

CL-Centerline Lights.

TDZL-Touchdown Zone Lights.

ODALS-Omni Directional Approach Lighting System.

AF OVRN-Air Force Overrun 1000' Standard

Approach Lighting System.

LDIN-Lead-In Lighting System.

MALS-Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System.

MALSF—Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.

MALSR—Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights, SALS-Short Approach Lighting System.

SALSF—Short Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.

SSALS—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System.

SSALF—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.

SSALR—Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights.

ALSAF—High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.

ALSF1—High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights. Category I, Configuration.

ALSF2—High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights, Category II, Configuration.

SF—Sequenced Flashing Lights.

OLS—Optical Landing System.

WAVE-OFF.

NOTE: Civil ALSF2 may be operated as SSALR during favorable weather conditions. When runway edge lights are positioned more than 10 feet from the edge of the usable runway surface a remark will be added in the "Remarks" portion of the airport entry. This is applicable to Air Force, Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve Bases, and those joint civil/military airfields on which they are tenants.

Legend 8. Airport/facility directory.

11

#### VISUAL GLIDESLOPE INDICATORS

| PNIL      | APAP on left side of runway                              | PNIR       | APAP on right side of runway                             |
|-----------|--|------------|--|
| PAPI-Prec | ision Approach Path Indicator                            |            |  |
| P2L       | 2-identical light units placed on left side of runway    | P4L        | 4-identical light units placed on left side of<br>runway |
| P2R       | 2-Identical light units placed on right side of runway   | P4R        | 4-Identical light units placed on right side of runway   |
| PVASI-Pul | sating/steady burning visual approach slope indicator, i | normally a | single light unit projecting two colors.                 |
| PSIL      | PVASI on left side of runway                             | PSIR       | PVASI on right side of runway                            |
| SAVASI-S  | implified Abbreviated Visual Approach Slope Indicator    |            |  |
| S2L       | 2-box SAVASI on left side of runway                      | S2R        | 2-box SAVASI on right side of runway                     |

TRCV-Tri-color visual approach slope indicator, normally a single light unit projecting three colors.

TRCV on left side of runway

| VASI-Visu | ial Approach Slope Indicator                   |                     |                                     |
|-----------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| V2L       | 2-box VASI on left side of runway              | V6L                 | 6-box VASI on left side of runway   |
| V2R       | 2-box VASI on right side of runway             | VGR                 | 6-box VASI on right side of runway  |
| V4L       | 4-box VASI on left side of runway              | V12                 | 12-box VASI on both sides of runway |
| V4R       | 4-box VASI on right side of runway             | V16                 | 16-box VASI on both sides of runway |
| MOTEL AGO | rough clane andle and threshold areasing heigh | t will be chouse ut | ton qualishing in CA 2 E0 TCH 27/   |

#### PILOT CONTROL OF AIRPORT LIGHTING

TRIR

TRCV on right side of runway

| Key Mike                 | Function  |
|--------------------------|---|
| 7 times within 5 seconds | Highest Intensity available                           |
| 5 times within 5 seconds | Medium or lower intensity<br>(Lower REIL or REIL-Off) |
| 3 times within 5 seconds | Lower REIL or REIL-Off)                               |

Available systems will be indicated in the airport or military remarks, e.g., ACTIVATE HIRL Rwy 07-25, MALSR Rwy 07, and VASI Rwy 07-122.8.

Where the airport is not served by an instrument approach procedure and/or has an independent type system of different specification installed by the airport sponsor, descriptions of the type lights, method of control, and operating frequency will be explained in clear text. See AIM, "Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures," for detailed description of pilot control of airport lighting.

RUNWAY SLOPE

When available, runway slope data will only be provided for those airports with an approved FAA instrument approach procedure. Runway slope will be shown only when it is 0.3 percent or greater. On runways less than 8000 feet, the direction of the slope up will be indicated, e.g., 0.3% up NW. On runways 8000 feet or greater, the slope will be shown (up or down) on the runway end line, e.g., RWY 13: 0.3% up., RWY 21: Pole. Rgt tfc. 0.4% down.

#### RUNWAY END DATA

Information pertaining to the runway approach end such as approach lights, touchdown zone lights, runway end identification lights, visual glideslope indicators, displaced thresholds, controlling obstruction, and right hand traffic pattern, will be shown on the specific runway end. "Rgt tfc"—Right traffic indicates right turns should be made on landing and takeoff for specified runway end.

#### LAND AND HOLD SHORT OPERATIONS (LAHSO)

LAHSO is an acronym for "Land and Hold Short Operations." These operations include landing and holding short of an intersection runway, an intersecting taxiway, or other predetermined points on the runway other than a runway or taxiway. Measured distance represents the available landing distance on the landing runway, in feet.

Specific questions regarding these distances should be referred to the air traffic manager of the facility concerned. The Aeronautical Information Manual contains specific details on hold-short operations and markings.

#### RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION

TORA—Take-off Run Available. The length of runway declared available and suitable for the ground run of an aeroplane take-off.

TODA—Take-off Distance Available. The length of the take-off run available plus the length of the clearway, if provided.

ASDA—Accelerate-Stop Distance Available. The length of the take-off run available plus the length of the stopway, if provided. LDA—Landing Distance Available. The length of runway which is declared available and suitable for the ground run of an aeroplane landing.

# arresting gear/systems

Arresting gear is shown as it is located on the runway. The a-gear distance from the end of the appropriate runway (or into the overrun) is indicated in parentheses. A-Gear which has a bi-direction capability and can be utilized for emergency approach end engagement is indicated by a (B). The direction of engaging device is indicated by an arrow. Up to 15 minutes advance notice may be required for rigging A-Gear for approach and engagement. Airport listing may show availability of other than US Systems. This information is provided for emergency requirements only. Refer to current aircraft operating manuals for specific engagement weight and speed criteria based on aircraft structural restrictions and arresting system limitations.

Following is a list of current systems referenced in this publication identified by both Air Force and Navy terminology:

#### NE, 09 FEB 2012 to 05 APR 2012

Legend 9. Airport/facility directory.

BI-DIRECTIONAL CABLE (B)

TYPE DESCRIPTION

BAK-9 Rotary friction brake.

BAK-12A Standard BAK-12 with 950 foot run out, 1-inch cable and 40,000 pound weight setting. Rotary

friction brake.

BAK-12B Extended BAK-12 with 1200 foot run, 11/4 inch Cable and 50,000 pounds weight setting. Rotary

friction brake.

E28 Rotary Hydraulic (Water Brake).
M21 Rotary Hydraulic (Water Brake) Mobile.

The following device is used in conjunction with some aircraft arresting systems:

BAK-14 A device that raises a hook cable out of a slot in the runway surface and is remotely positioned

for engagement by the tower on request. (In addition to personnel reaction time, the system

requires up to five seconds to fully raise the cable.)

H A device that raises a hook cable out of a slot in the runway surface and is remotely positioned

for engagement by the tower on request. (In addition to personnel reaction time, the system

requires up to one and one-half seconds to fully raise the cable.)

UNI-DIRECTIONAL CABLE

TYPE DESCRIPTION

MB60 Textile brake—an emergency one-time use, modular braking system employing the tearing of

specially woven textile straps to absorb the kinetic energy.

E5/E5-1/E5-3 Chain Type. At USN/USMC stations E-5 A-GEAR systems are rated, e.g., E-5 RATING-13R-1100

HW (DRY), 31L/R-1200 STD (WET). This rating is a function of the A-GEAR chain weight and length and is used to determine the maximum aircraft engaging speed. A dry rating applies to a stabilized surface (dry or wet) while a wet rating takes into account the amount (if any) of wet overrun that is not capable of withstanding the aircraft weight. These ratings are published under

Military Service.

FOREIGN CABLE

TYPE DESCRIPTION US EQUIVALENT

448–3H Rotary Hydraulic) (Water Brake)

CHAG Chain E-5

UNI-DIRECTIONAL BARRIER

TYPE DESCRIPTION

MA-1A Web barrier between stanchions attached to a chain energy absorber.

BAK-15 Web barrier between stanchions attached to an energy absorber (water squeezer, rotary friction,

chain). Designed for wing engagement.

NOTE: Landing short of the runway threshold on a runway with a BAK-15 in the underrun is a significant hazard. The barrier in the down position still protrudes several inches above the underrun. Aircraft contact with the barrier short of the runway threshold can cause damage to the barrier and substantial damage to the aircraft.

OTHER

MD-3A

TYPE DESCRIPTION

EMAS Engineered Material Arresting System, located beyond the departure end of the runway, consisting of

high energy absorbing materials which will crush under the weight of an aircraft.

#### MILITARY SERVICE

Specific military services available at the airport are listed under this general heading. Remarks applicable to any military service are shown in the individual service listing.

## JET AIRCRAFT STARTING UNITS (JASU)

The numeral preceding the type of unit indicates the number of units available. The absence of the numeral indicates ten or more units available. If the number of units is unknown, the number one will be shown. Absence of JASU designation indicates non-availability.

The following is a list of current JASU systems referenced in this publication:

USAF JASU (For variations in technical data, refer to T.O. 35-1-7.)

**ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS:** 

A/M32A-86 AC: 115/200v, 3 phase, 90 kva, 0.8 pf, 4 wire

DC: 28v, 1500 amp, 72 kw (with TR pack)

MC-1A AC: 115/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase; 37.5 kva, 0.8 pl, 108 amp, 4 wire

DC: 28v, 500 amp, 14 kw

MD-3 AC: 115/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 60 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire DC: 28v, 1500 amp, 45 kw, split bus

AC: 115/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 60 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire

DC: 28v, 1500 amp, 45 kw, split bus

MD-3M

AC: 115/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 60 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire

AC: 115/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 60 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire DC: 28v, 500 amp, 15 kw

Legend 10. Airport/facility directory.

```
DIRECTORY LEGEND
                                                                                                            13
                   AC: 120/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 62.5 kva, 0.8 pf, 175 amp, "WYE" neutral ground, 4 wire, 120v,
MD-4
                   400 cycle, 3 phase, 62.5 kva, 0.8 pf, 303 amp, "DELTA" 3 wire, 120v, 400 cycle, 1 phase, 62.5
                   kva, 0.8 pf, 520 amp, 2 wire
AIR STARTING UNITS
AM32-95
                   150 +/- 5 lb/min (2055 +/- 68 cfm) at 51 +/- 2 psia
                   150 +/- 5 lb/min @ 49 +/- 2 psia (35 +/- 2 psig)
AM32A-95
                   150 +/- 5 lb/min @ 49 +/- 2 psia
LASS.
MA-1A
                   82 lb/min (1123 cfm) at 130° air inlet temp, 45 psia (min) air outlet press
MC-1
                   15 cfm, 3500 psia
MC-1A
                   15 cfm, 3500 psia
MC-2A
                   15 cfm, 200 psia
                   8,000 cu in cap, 4000 psig, 15 cfm
MC-11
COMBINED AIR AND ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS:
AGPU
                   AC: 115/200v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 30 kw gen
                   DC: 28v, 700 amp
                   AIR: 60 lb/min @ 40 psig @ sea level
AM32A-60*
                   AIR: 120 +/- 4 lb/min (1644 +/- 55 cfm) at 49 +/- 2 psia
                   AC: 120/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 75 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire, 120v, 1 phase, 25 kva
                   DC: 28v, 500 amp, 15 kw
AM32A-60A
                   AIR: 150 +/- 5 lb/min (2055 +/- 68 cfm at 51 +/- psia
                   AC: 120/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 75 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire
                   DC: 28v. 200 amp. 5.6 kw
AM32A-60B#
                   AIR: 130 lb/min, 50 psia
                   AC: 120/208v, 400 cycle, 3 phase, 75 kva, 0.75 pf, 4 wire
                   DC: 28v, 200 amp, 5.6 kw
NOTE: During combined air and electrical loads, the pneumatic circuitry takes preference and will limit the amount of
electrical power available.
USN JASU
ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS:
NC-8A/A1
                           DC: 500 amp constant, 750 amp intermittent, 28v-
                           AC: 60 kva @ .8 pf, 115/200v, 3 phase, 400 Hz.
                           DC: 750 amp constant, 1000 amp intermittent, 28v:
NC-10A/A1/B/C
                           AC: 90 kva, 115/200v, 3 phase, 400 Hz.
AIR STARTING UNITS:
                           120 lbs/min @ 45 psi.
GTC-85/GTE-85
MSU-200NAV/A/U47A-5
                           204 lbs/min @ 56 psia.
WELLS AIR START
                           180 lbs/min @ 75 psi or 120 lbs/min @ 45 psi. Simultaneous multiple start capability.
SYSTEM
COMBINED AIR AND ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS:
NCPP-105/RCPT
                           180 lbs/min @ 75 psi or 120 lbs/min @ 45 psi. 700 amp, 28v DC. 120/208v, 400 Hz AC,
JASU (ARMY)
                           28v, 7.5 kw, 280 amp.
59B2-1B
OTHER JASU
ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS (DND):
                           AC 115/200v. 140 kva. 400 Hz. 3 phase
CE12
                           AC 115/200v, 60 kva, 400 Hz, 3 phase
CE13
                           AC/DC 115/200v, 140 kva, 400 Hz, 3 phase, 28vDC, 1500 amp
CE14
                           DC 22-35v, 500 amp continuous 1100 amp intermittent
CE15
CE16
                           DC 22-35v, 500 amp continuous 1100 amp intermittent soft start
AIR STARTING UNITS (DND):
CA2
                           ASA 45.5 psig, 116.4 lb/min
COMBINED AIR AND ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS (DND)
CEA1
                           AC 120/208v, 60 kva, 400 Hz, 3 phase DC 28v, 75 amp
                           AIR 112.5 lb/min, 47 psig
ELECTRICAL STARTING UNITS (OTHER)
                           28v 45kw 115-200v 15kw 380-800 Hz 1 phase 2 wire
C-26-B, C-26-C
                           28v 45kw: Split Bus: 115-200v 15kw 380-800 Hz 1 phase 2 wire
                           DC 28v/10kw
AIR STARTING UNITS (OTHER):
A4
                           40 psi/2 lb/sec (LPAS Mk12, Mk12L, Mk12A, Mk1, Mk2B)
MA-1
                           150 Air HP, 115 lb/min 50 psia
                           250 Air HP, 150 lb/min 75 psia
MA-2
CARTRIDGE:
                           USAF
MXU-4A
                                     NE, 09 FEB 2012 to 05 APR 2012
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#### DIRECTORY LEGEND



#### FUEL-MILITARY

Fuel available through US Military Base supply, DESC Into-Plane Contracts and/or reciprocal agreement is listed first and is followed by (Mil). At commercial airports where into-Plane contracts are in place, the name of the refueling agent is shown. Military fuel should be used first if it is available. When military fuel cannot be obtained but Into-Plane contract fuel is available, Government aircraft must refuel with the contract fuel and applicable refueling agent to avoid any breach in contract terms and conditions. Fuel not available through the above is shown preceded by NC (no contract). When fuel is obtained from NC sources, local purchase procedures must be followed. The US Military Aircraft Identaplates DD Form 1896 (Jet Fuel), DD Form 1897 (Avgas) and AF Form 1245 (Avgas) are used at military installations only. The US Government Aviation Into-Plane Reimbursement (AIR) Card (currently issued by AVCARD) is the instrument to be used to obtain fuel under a DESC Into-Plane Contract and for NC purchases if the refueling agent at the commercial airport accepts the AVCARD. A current list of contract fuel locations is available online at www.desc.dla.mil/Static/ProductsAndServices.asp; click on the Commercial Airports

See legend item 14 for fuel code and description.



## SUPPORTING FLUIDS AND SYSTEMS—MILITARY

CODE

ADI Anti-Detonation Injection Fluid—Reciprocating Engine Aircraft.

Water Thrust Augmentation-Jet Aircraft. W

WAI Water-Alcohol Injection Type, Thrust Augmentation-Jet Aircraft.

SP Single Point Refueling. PRESAIR

Air Compressors rated 3,000 PSI or more.

De-Ice Anti-icing/De-icing/Defrosting Fluid (MIL-A-8243).

DXYGEN:

LPOX Low pressure oxygen servicing. нрох High pressure oxygen servicing. Low and high pressure oxygen servicing. LHOX

LOX Liquid oxygen servicing.

OXRB Oxygen replacement bottles. (Maintained primarily at Naval stations for use in acft where oxygen can be

replenished only by replacement of cylinders.)

OX Indicates oxygen servicing when type of servicing is unknown.

NOTE: Combinations of above items is used to indicate complete oxygen servicing available;

THOXER Low and high pressure oxygen servicing and replacement bottles;

LPOXRB Low pressure oxygen replacement bottles only, etc.

NOTE: Aircraft will be serviced with oxygen procured under military specifications only. Aircraft will not be serviced with medical oxygen.

#### NITROGEN:

LPNIT — Low pressure nitrogen servicing. HPNIT — High pressure nitrogen servicing.

COADE TYPE

LHNIT - Low and high pressure nitrogen servicing.



US AVIATION OILS (MIL SPECS):

| CODE      | GRADE, TIPE   |
|-----------|---|
| 0-113     | 1065, Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-6082)   |
| 0-117     | 1100, Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-6082)   |
| 0-117+    | 1100, O-117 plus cyclohexanone (MIL-L-6082)   |
| 0-123     | 1065, (Dispersant), Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-22851 Type III)   |
| 0-128     | 1100, (Dispersant), Reciprocating Engine Oil (MiL-L-22851 Type II)  |
| 0-132     | 1005, Jet Engine Oil (MIL-L-6081)   |
| 0-133     | 1010, Jet Engine Oil (MIL-L-6081)   |
| 0-147     | None, MIL-L-6085A Lubricating Oil, Instrument, Synthetic  |
| 0-148     | None, MIL-L-7808 (Synthetic Base) Turbine Engine Oil  |
| 0-149     | None, Aircraft Turbine Engine Synthetic, 7.5c St  |
| 0-155     | None, MIL-L-6086C, Aircraft, Medium Grade   |
| 0-156     | None, MIL-L-23699 (Synthetic Base), Turboprop and Turboshaft Engines  |
| JOAP/SOAP | Joint Oil Analysis Program. JOAP support is furnished during normal duty hours, other times on request.  (JOAP and SOAP programs provide essentially the same service, JOAP is now the standard joint service supported program.) |
|           |   |



### TRANSIENT ALERT (TRAN ALERT)—MILITARY

Tran Alert service is considered to include all services required for normal aircraft turn-around, e.g., servicing (fuel, oil, oxygen, etc.), debriefing to determine requirements for maintenance, minor maintenance, inspection and parking assistance of transient aircraft. Drag chute repack, specialized maintenance, or extensive repairs will be provided within the capabilities and priorities of the base. Delays can be anticipated after normal duty hours/holidays/weekends regardless of the hours of translent maintenance operation. Pilots should not expect aircraft to be serviced for TURN-AROUNDS during time periods when servicing or maintenance manpower is not available. In the case of airports not operated exclusively by US military, the servicing indicated by the remarks will not always be available for US military

Legend 12. Airport/facility directory.

aircraft. When transient alert services are not shown, facilities are unknown, NO PRIORITY BASIS—means that transient alert services will be provided only after all the requirements for mission/tactical assigned aircraft have been accomplished.



#### AIRPORT REMARKS

The Attendance Schedule is the months, days and hours the airport is actually attended. Airport attendance does not mean watchman duties or telephone accessibility, but rather an attendant or operator on duty to provide at least minimum services (e.g., repairs, fuel, transportation).

Airport Remarks have been grouped in order of applicability. Airport remarks are limited to those items of information that are determined essential for operational use, i.e., conditions of a permanent or indefinite nature and conditions that will remain in effect for more than 30 days concerning aeronautical facilities, services, maintenance available, procedures or hazards, knowledge of which is essential for safe and efficient operation of aircraft. Information concerning permanent closing of a runway or taxiway will not be shown. A note "See Special Notices" shall be applied within this remarks section when a special notice applicable to the entry is contained in the Special Notices section of this publication.

Parachute Jumping indicates parachute jumping areas associated with the airport. See Parachute Jumping Area section of this publication for additional Information.

Landing Fee indicates landing charges for private or non-revenue producing aircraft. In addition, fees may be charged for planes that remain over a couple of hours and buy no services, or at major airline terminals for all aircraft.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, remarks including runway ends refer to the runway's approach end.



#### MILITARY REMARKS

Military Remarks published at a joint Civil/Military facility are remarks that are applicable to the Military. At Military Facilities all remarks will be published under the heading Military Remarks. Remarks contained in this section may not be applicable to civil users. The first group of remarks is applicable to the primary operator of the airport. Remarks applicable to a tenant on the airport are shown preceded by the tenant organization, i.e., (A) (AF) (N) (ANG), etc. Military airports operate 24 hours unless otherwise specified. Airport operating hours are listed first (airport operating hours will only be listed if they are different than the airport attended hours or if the attended hours are unavailable) followed by pertinent remarks in order of applicability. Remarks will include information on restrictions, hazards, traffic pattern, noise abatement, customs/agriculture/immigration, and miscellaneous information applicable to the Military,

CLOSED: When designated closed, the airport is restricted from use by all aircraft unless stated otherwise. Any closure applying to specific type of aircraft or operation will be so stated. USN/USMC/USAF airports are considered closed during non-operating hours. Closed airports may be utilized during an emergency provided there is a safe landing area.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS ONLY: The airfield is closed to all transient military aircraft for obtaining routine services such as fueling, passenger drop off or pickup, practice approaches, parking, etc. The airfield may be used by aircrews and aircraft if official government business (including civilian) must be conducted on or near the airfield and prior permission is received from the airfield manager.

AF OFFICIAL BUSINESS ONLY OR NAVY OFFICIAL BUSINESS ONLY: Indicates that the restriction applies only to service indicated.

PRIOR PERMISSION REQUIRED (PPR): Airport is closed to transient aircraft unless approval for operation is obtained from the appropriate commander through Chief, Airfield Management or Airfield Operations Officer. Official Business or PPR does not preclude the use of US Military airports as an alternate for IFR flights. If a non-US military airport is used as a weather alternate and requires a PPR, the PPR must be requested and confirmed before the flight departs. The purpose of PPR is to control volume and flow of traffic rather than to prohibit it. Prior permission is required for all aircraft requiring transient alert service outside the published transient alert duty hours. All aircraft carrying hazardous materials must obtain prior permission as outlined in AFJI 11-204, AR 95-27, OPNAVINST 3710.7.

Note: OFFICIAL BUSINESS ONLY AND PPR restrictions are not applicable to Special Air Mission (SAM) or Special Air Resource (SPAR) aircraft providing person or persons on aboard are designated Code 6 or higher as explained in AFJMAN 11-213. AR 95-11, OPNAVINST 3722-8J. Official Business Only or PPR do not preclude the use of the airport as an alternate for IFR flights.



#### **WEATHER DATA SOURCES**

Weather data sources will be listed alphabetically followed by their assigned frequencies and/or telephone number and hours of operation.

ASOS-Automated Surface Observing System. Reports the same as an AWOS-3 plus precipitation identification and intensity, and freezing rain occurrence;

AWOS-Automated Weather Observing System

AWOS-A-reports altimeter setting (all other information is advisory only).

AWOS-AV-reports altimeter and visibility.

AWOS-1-reports altimeter setting, wind data and usually temperature, dew point and density altitude.

AWOS-2-reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility.

AWOS-3-reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility and cloud/ceiling data.

AWOS-3P reports the same as the AWOS-3 system, plus a precipitation identification sensor.

AWOS-3PT reports the same as the AWOS-3 system, plus precipitation identification sensor and a thunderstorm/lightning reporting capability.

AWOS-3T reports the same as AWOS-3 system and includes a thunderstorm/lightning reporting capability.

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND

See AIM, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures for detailed description of Weather Data Sources.

AWOS-4—reports same as AWOS-3 system, plus precipitation occurence, type and accumulation, freezing rain, thunderstorm, and runway surface sensors.

HIWAS-See RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

LAWRS—Limited Aviation Weather Reporting Station where observers report cloud height, weather, obstructions to vision, temperature and dewpoint (in most cases), surface wind, altimeter and pertinent remarks.

LLWAS—indicates a Low Level Wind Shear Alert System consisting of a center field and several field perimeter anemometers.

SAWRS—identifies airports that have a Supplemental Aviation Weather Reporting Station available to pilots for current weather information.

SWSL—Supplemental Weather Service Location providing current local weather information via radio and telephone.

TDWR-indicates airports that have Terminal Doppler Weather Radar.

WSP-indicates airports that have Weather System Processor.

When the automated weather source is broadcast over an associated airport NAVAID frequency (see NAVAID line), it shall be indicated by a bold ASOS, AWOS, or HIWAS followed by the frequency, identifier and phone number, if available.



#### COMMUNICATIONS

Airport terminal control facilities and radio communications associated with the airport shall be shown. When the call sign is not the same as the airport name the call sign will be shown. Frequencies shall normally be shown in descending order with the primary frequency listed first. Frequencies will be listed, together with sectorization indicated by outbound radials, and hours of operation. Communications will be listed in sequence as follows:

Single Frequency Approach (SFA), Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF), Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS) and Aeronautical Advisory Stations (UNICOM) or (AUNICOM) along with their frequency is shown, where available, on the line following the heading "COMMUNICATIONS." When the CTAF and UNICOM frequencies are the same, the frequency will be shown as CTAF/UNICOM 122.8.

The FSS telephone nationwide is toll free 1–800–WX-BRIEF (1–800–992–7433). When the FSS is located on the field it will be indicated as "on arpt". Frequencies available at the FSS will follow in descending order. Remote Communications Outlet (RCO) providing service to the airport followed by the frequency and FSS RADIO name will be shown when available.

FSS's provide information on airport conditions, radio aids and other fatilities, and process flight plans. Airport Advisory Service (AAS) is provided on the CTAF by FSS's for select non-tower airports or airports where the tower is not in operation.

(See AIM, Para 4-1-9 Traffic Advisory Practices at Airports Without Operating Control Towers or AC 90-42C.)

Aviation weather briefing service is provided by FSS specialists. Flight and weather briefing services are also available by calling the telephone numbers listed.

Remote Communications Outlet (RCO)—An unmanned air/ground communications facility that is remotely controlled and provides UHF or VHF communications capability to extend the service range of an FSS.

Civil Communications Frequencies-Civil communications frequencies used in the FSS air/ground system are operated on 122.0, 122.2, 123.6; emergency 121.5; plus receive-only on 122.1.

- a: 122.0 is assigned as the Enroute Flight Advisory Service frequency at selected FSS RADIO outlets.
- b. 122.2 is assigned as a common enroute frequency.
- c. 123.6 is assigned as the airport advisory frequency at select non-tower locations. At airports with a tower, FSS may provide airport advisories on the tower frequency when tower is closed.
- d. 122.1 is the primary receive-only frequency at VOR's.
- e. Some FSS's are assigned 50 kHz frequencies in the 122–126 MHz band (eg. 122.45). Pilots using the FSS A/G system should refer to this directory or appropriate charts to determine frequencies available at the FSS or remoted facility through which they wish to communicate.

Emergency frequency 121.5 and 243.0 are available at all Flight Service Stations, most Towers, Approach Control and RADAR facilities.

Frequencies published followed by the letter "T" or "R", indicate that the facility will only transmit or receive respectively on that frequency. All radio aids to navigation (NAVAID) frequencies are transmit only.

#### TERMINAL SERVICES

SFA-Single Frequency Approach.

CTAF—A program designed to get all vehicles and aircraft at airports without an operating control tower on a common frequency.

ATIS—A continuous broadcast of recorded non-control information in selected terminal areas.

D-ATIS—Digital ATIS provides ATIS information in text form outside the standard reception range of conventional ATIS via landline & data link communications and voice message within range of existing transmitters.

AUNICOM—Automated UNICOM is a computerized, command response system that provides automated weather, radio check capability and airport advisory information selected from an automated menu by microphone clicks.

UNICOM—A non-government air/ground radio communications facility which may provide airport information.

PTD—Pilot to Dispatcher.

APP CON-Approach Control. The symbol R indicates radar approach control.

TOWER-Control tower.

GCA—Ground Control Approach System.

GND CON-Ground Control.

GCO-Ground Communication Outlet-An unstaffed, remotely controlled, ground/ground communications facility. Pilots at

Legend 14. Airport/facility directory.

17

uncontrolled airports may contact ATC and FSS via VHF to a telephone connection to obtain an instrument clearance or close a VFR or IFR flight plan. They may also get an updated weather briefing prior to takeoff. Pilots will use four "key clicks" on the VHF radio to contact the appropriate ATC facility or six "key clicks" to contact the FSS. The GCQ system is intended to be used only on the ground.

DEP CON—Departure Control. The symbol R indicates radar departure control.

CLNC DEL-Clearance Delivery.

PRE TAXI CLNC-Pre taxi clearance.

VFR ADVSY SVC-VFR Advisory Service. Service provided by Non-Radar Approach Control.

Advisory Service for VFR aircraft (upon a workload basis) ctc APP CON.

COMD POST-Command Post followed by the operator call sign in parenthesis.

PMSV--Pilot-to-Metro Service call sign, frequency and hours of operation, when full service is other than continuous. PMSV installations at which weather observation service is available shall be indicated, following the frequency and/or hours of operation as "Wx obsn svc 1900-00002‡" or "other times" may be used when no specific time is given. PMSV facilities manned by forecasters are considered "Full Service". PMSV facilities manned by weather observers are listed as "Limited Service"

OPS—Operations followed by the operator call sign in parenthesis.

CON

RANGE

FLT FLW-Flight Following

NOTE: Communication frequencies followed by the letter "X" indicate frequency available on request.



#### AIRSPACE

Information concerning Class B, C, and part-time D and E surface area airspace shall be published with effective times. Class D and E surface area airspace that is continuous as established by Rulemaking Docket will not be shown.

CLASS B-Radar Sequencing and Separation Service for all aircraft in CLASS B airspace.

CLASS C-Separation between IFR and VFR aircraft and sequencing of VFR arrivals to the primary airport.

TRSA—Radar Sequencing and Separation Service for participating VFR Aircraft within a Terminal Radar Service Area. Class C, D, and E airspace described in this publication is that airspace usually consisting of a 5 NM radius core surface

area that begins at the surface and extends upward to an altitude above the airport elevation (charted in MSL for Class C and Class D). Class E surface airspace normally extends from the surface up to but not including the overlying controlled airspace.

When part-time Class C or Class D airspace defaults to Class E, the core surface area becomes Class E. This will be formatted as:

AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc "times" ctc APP CON other times CLASS E:

AIRSPACE: CLASS D svc "times" other times CLASS E.

When a part-time Class C, Class D or Class E surface area defaults to Class G, the core surface area becomes Class G up to, but not including, the overlying controlled airspace. Normally, the overlying controlled airspace is Class E airspace beginning at either 700' or 1200' AGL and may be determined by consulting the relevant VFR Sectional or Terminal Area Charts. This will be formatted as:

AIRSPACE: CLASS C syc "times" ctc APP CON other times CLASS G, with CLASS E 700' (or 1200') AGL & abv:

AIRSPACE: CLASS D svc "times" other times CLASS G with CLASS E 700' (or 1200') AGL & abv:

AIRSPACE: CLASS E svc "times" other times CLASS G with CLASS E 700' (or 1200') AGL & abv.

NOTE: AIRSPACE SVC "TIMES" INCLUDE ALL ASSOCIATED ARRIVAL EXTENSIONS, Surface area arrival extensions for instrument approach procedures become part of the primary core surface area. These extensions may be either Class D or Class E airspace and are effective concurrent with the times of the primary core surface area. For example, when a part-time Class D. or Class E surface area defaults to Class G, the associated arrival extensions will default to Class G at the same time. When a part-time Class C or Class D surface area defaults to Class E, the arrival extensions will remain in effect as Class E

NOTE: CLASS E AIRSPACE EXTENDING UPWARD FROM 700 FEET OR MORE ABOVE THE SURFACE, DESIGNATED IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN AIRPORT WITH AN APPROVED INSTRUMENT PROCEDURE.

Class E 700' AGL (shown as magenta vignette on sectional charts) and 1200' AGL (blue vignette) areas are designated when necessary to provide controlled airspace for transitioning to/from the terminal and enroute environments. Unless otherwise specified, these 700'/1200' AGL Class E airspace areas remain in effect continuously, regardless of airport operating hours or surface area status. These transition areas should not be confused with surface areas or arrival extensions.

(See Chapter 3, AIRSPACE, in the Aeronautical Information Manual for further details)

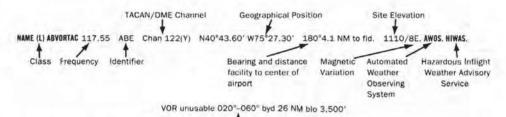
#### DIRECTORY LEGEND



#### RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

The Airport/Facility Directory lists, by facility name, all Radio Aids to Navigation that appear on FAA, AeroNav Products Visual or IFR Aeronautical Charts and those upon which the FAA has approved an Instrument Approach Procedure, with exception of selected TACANs. Military TACAN information will be published for Military facilities contained in this publication. All VOR, VORTAC, TACAN, ILS and MLS equipment in the National Airspace System has an automatic monitoring and shutdown feature in the event of malfunction. Unmonitored, as used in this publication, for any navigational aid, means that monitoring personnel cannot observe the malfunction or shutdown signal. The NAVAID NOTAM file identifier will be shown as "NOTAM FILE IAD" and will be listed on the Radio Aids to Navigation line. When two or more NAVAIDS are listed and the NOTAM file identifier is different from that shown on the Radio Aids to Navigation line, it will be shown with the NAVAID listing. NOTAM file identifiers for ILSs and its components (e.g., NDB (LOM) are the same as the associated airports and are not repeated. Automated Surface Observing System (ASOS), Automated Weather Observing System (AWOS), and Hazardous Inflight Weather Advisory Service (HIWAS) will be shown when this service is broadcast over selected NAVAIDs.

NAVAID information is tabulated as indicated in the following sample:



Restriction within the normal altitude/range of the navigational aid (See primary alphabetical listing for restrictions on VORTAC and VOR/DME).

Note: Those DME channel numbers with a (Y) suffix require TACAN to be placed in the "Y" mode to receive distance information.

HIWAS—Hazardous Inflight Weather Advisory Service is a continuous broadcast of inflight weather advisories including summarized SIGMETs, convective SIGMETs, AIRMETs and urgent PIREPs. HIWAS is presently broadcast over selected VOR's throughout the U.S.

ASR/PAR-Indicates that Surveillance (ASR) or Precision (PAR) radar instrument approach minimums are published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures. Only part-time hours of operation will be shown.

#### RADIO CLASS DESIGNATIONS

VOR/DME/TACAN Standard Service Volume (SSV) Classifications

| SSV Class         | Altitudes          | Distance<br>(NM) |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| (T) Terminal      | 1000' to 12,000'   | 25               |
| (L) Low Altitude  | 1000' to 18,000'   | 40               |
| (H) High Altitude | 1000' to 14,500'   | 40               |
|                   | 14,500' to 18,000' | 100              |
|                   | 18,000' to 45,000' | 130              |
|                   | 45,000' to 60,000' | 100              |
|                   |                    |                  |

NOTE: Additionally, (H) facilities provide (L) and (T) service volume and (L) facilities provide (T) service. Altitudes are with respect to the station's site elevation. Coverage is not available in a cone of airspace directly above the facility.

#### CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Legend 16. Airport/facility directory.

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND 19 CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE The term VOR is, operationally, a general term covering the VHF omnidirectional bearing type of facility without regard to the fact that the power, the frequency protected service volume, the equipment configuration, and operational requirements may vary between facilities at different locations. Automatic Weather Broadcast. Direction Finding Service. DME UHF standard (TACAN compatible) distance measuring equipment. DME(Y) UHF standard (TACAN compatible) distance measuring equipment that require TACAN to be placed in the "Y" mode to receive DME. Glide slope. Non-directional radio beacon (homing), power 50 watts to less than 2,000 watts (50 NM at Non-directional radio beacon (homing), power 2,000 watts or more (75 NM at all altitudes). HH. Non-directional radio beacons providing automatic transcribed weather service. H-SAB Instrument Landing System (voice, where available, on localizer channel). ILS Inner marker. ISMLS Interim Standard Microwave Landing System. Localizer Directional Aid. LMM Compass locator station when installed at middle marker site (15 NM at all altitudes). LOM Compass locator station when installed at outer marker site (15 NM at all altitudes). Non-directional radio beacon (homing) power less than 50 watts (25 NM at all altitudes). MH MLS Microwave Landing System. MM Middle marker. OM. Outer marker. Simultaneous range homing signal and/or voice. SABH Non-directional radio beacon not authorized for IFR or ATC. Provides automatic weather broadcasts. Simplified Direction Facility. SDF UHF navigational facility-omnidirectional course and distance information. TACAN VOR VHF navigational facility-omnidirectional course only. VOR/DME Collocated VOR navigational facility and UHF standard distance measuring equipment. VORTAC Collocated VOR and TACAN navigational facilities. Without voice on radio facility frequency. VHF station location marker at a LF radio facility. NE, 09 FEB 2012 to 05 APR 2012

Legend 17. Airport/facility directory.

#### DIRECTORY LEGEND

#### ILS FACILITY PEFORMANCE CLASSIFICATION CODES

Codes define the ability of an ILS to support autoland operations. The two portions of the code represent Official Category and farthest point along a Category I, II, or III approach that the Localizer meets Category III structure tolerances.

Official Category: I, II, or III; the lowest minima on published or unpublished procedures supported by the ILS.

Farthest point of satisfactory Category III Localizer performance for Category I, II, or III approaches: A-4 NM prior to runway threshold, B-3500 ft prior to runway threshold, C-glide angle dependent but generally 750–1000 ft prior to threshold, T-runway threshold, D-3000 ft after runway threshold, and D-3000 ft prior to stop end of runway.

ILS information is tabulated as indicated in the following sample:

ILS/DME 108.5 I-ORL Chan 22 Rwy 18. Class IIE. LOM HERNY NDB.

ILS Facility Performance Classification Code

#### FREQUENCY PAIRING PLAN AND MLS CHANNELING

| MLS     | VHF       | TACAN   | MLS     | VHF       | TACAN   | MLS     | VHF       | TACAN   |
|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| CHANNEL | FREQUENCY | CHANNEL | CHANNEL | FREQUENCY | CHANNEL | CHANNEL | FREQUENCY | CHANNEL |
| 500     | 108.10    | 18X     | 568     | 109.45    | 31Y     | 636     | 114.15    | 88Y     |
| 502     | 108.30    | 20X     | 570     | 109.55    | 32Y     | 638     | 114.25    | 897     |
| 504     | 108.50    | 22X     | 572     | 109.65    | 33Y     | 640     | 114.35    | 90Y     |
| 506     | 108.70    | 24X     | 574     | 109.75    | 34Y     | 642     | 114.45    | 91Y     |
| 508     | 108.90    | 26X     | 576     | 109.85    | 35Y     | 644     | 114.55    | 92Y     |
| 510     | 109.10    | 28X     | 578     | 109.95    | 36Y     | 646     | 114.65    | 937     |
| 512     | 109.30    | 30X     | 580     | 110.05    | 37Y     | 648     | 114.75    | 94Y     |
| 514     | 109.50    | 32X     | 582     | 110.15    | 38Y     | 650     | 114.85    | 95Y     |
| 516     | 109.70    | 34X     | 584     | 110.25    | 39Y     | 652     | 114.95    | 96Y     |
| 518     | 109.90    | 36X     | 586     | 110.35    | 40Y     | 654     | 115.05    | 97Y     |
| 520     | 110.10    | 38X     | 588     | 110.45    | 41Y     | 656     | 115.15    | 987     |
| 522     | 110.30    | 40X     | 590     | 110.55    | 42Y     | 658     | 115.25    | 99Y     |
| 524     | 110.50    | 42X     | 592     | 110.65    | 43Y     | 660     | 115.35    | 100Y    |
| 526     | 110.70    | 44X     | 594     | 110.75    | 44Y     | 662     | 115.45    | 101Y    |
| 528     | 110.90    | 46X     | 596     | 110.85    | 45Y     | 664     | 115.55    | 102Y    |
| 530     | 111.10    | 48X     | 598     | 110.95    | 46Y     | 666     | 115.65    | 103Y    |
| 532     | 111.30    | 50X     | 600     | 111.05    | 47Y     | 668     | 115.75    | 104Y    |
| 534     | 111.50    | 52X     | 602     | 111.15    | 48Y     | 670     | 115.85    | 105Y    |
| 536     | 111.70    | 54X     | 604     | 111.25    | 49Y     | 672     | 115.95    | 106Y    |
| 538     | 111.90    | 56X     | 606     | 111.35    | 50Y     | 674     | 116.05    | 107Y    |
| 540     | 108.05    | 17Y     | 608     | 111.45    | 51Y     | 676     | 116.15    | 108Y    |
| 542     | 108.15    | 18Y     | 610     | 111.55    | 52Y     | 678     | 116.25    | 109Y    |
| 544     | 108.25    | 19Y     | 612     | 111.65    | 53Y     | 680     | 116.35    | 110Y    |
| 546     | 108.35    | 20Y     | 614     | 111.75    | 54Y     | 682     | 116.45    | 111Y    |
| 548     | 108.45    | 21Y     | 616     | 111.85    | 55Y     | 684     | 116.55    | 112Y    |
| 550     | 108.55    | 22Y     | 618     | 111.95    | 56Y     | 686     | 116.65    | 113Y    |
| 552     | 108.65    | 23Y     | 620     | 113.35    | 80Y     | 688     | 116.75    | 114Y    |
| 554     | 108.75    | 24Y     | 622     | 113.45    | 81Y     | 690     | 116.85    | 115Y    |
| 556     | 108.85    | 25Y     | 624     | 113.55    | 82Y     | 692     | 116.95    | 116Y    |
| 558     | 108.95    | 26Y     | 626     | 113.65    | 83Y     | 694     | 117.05    | 117Y    |
| 560     | 109.05    | 27Y     | 628     | 113.75    | 847     | 696     | 117.15    | 118Y    |
| 562     | 109.15    | 28Y     | 630     | 113.85    | 85Y     | 698     | 117.25    | 119Y    |
| 564     | 109.25    | 29Y     | 632     | 113.95    | 86Y     |         |           |         |
| 566     | 109.35    | 30Y     | 634     | 114.05    | 87Y     |         |           |         |

#### FREQUENCY PAIRING PLAN AND MLS CHANNELING

The following is a list of paired VOR/ILS VHF frequencies with TACAN channels and MLS channels.

| TACAN | FREQUENCY | MLS<br>CHANNEL | TACAN | FREQUENCY | MLS<br>CHANNEL | TACAN | VHF    | MLS |
|-------|-----------|----------------|-------|-----------|----------------|-------|--------|-----|
| 2X    | 134.5     | -              | 19Y   | 108.25    | 544            | 25X   | 108.80 |     |
| 2Y    | 134.55    | +              | 20X   | 108.30    | 502            | 25Y   | 108.85 | 556 |
| 11X   | 135.4     |                | 20Y   | 108.35    | 546            | 26X   | 108.90 | 508 |
| 11Y   | 135.45    |                | 21X   | 108.40    |                | 26Y   | 108.95 | 558 |
| 12X   | 135.5     |                | 21Y   | 108.45    | 548            | 27X   | 109.00 |     |
| 12Y   | 135.55    |                | 22X   | 108.50    | 504            | 27Y   | 109.05 | 560 |
| 17X   | 108.00    | +              | 22Y   | 108.55    | 550            | 28X   | 109.10 | 510 |
| 17Y   | 1.08.05   | 540            | 23X   | 1.08.60   |                | 28Y   | 109.15 | 562 |
| 18X   | 108.10    | 500            | 23Y   | 108.65    | 552            | 29X   | 109.20 | -   |
| 18Y   | 108.15    | 542            | 24X   | 108.70    | 506            | 29Y   | 109.25 | 564 |
| 19X   | 108.20    | 1.6            | 24Y   | 108.75    | 554            | 30X   | 109.30 | 512 |
|       |           |                |       |           |                |       |        |     |

Legend 18. Airport/facility directory.

| TACAN      | VHF               | MLS        | TACAN           | VHF              | MLS           | TACAN          | VHF              | MLS     |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| CHANNEL    | FREQUENCY         | CHANNEL    | CHANNEL         | FREQUENCY        | CHANNEL       | CHANNEL        | FREQUENCY        | CHANNEL |
| 30Y        | 109.35            | 566        | 63X             | 133.60           |               | 95Y            | 114.85           | 650     |
| 31X        | 109.40            |            | 63Y             | 133.65           | *             | 96X            | 114.90           |         |
| 31Y        | 109.45            | 568        | 64X             | 133.70           | 4             | 96Y            | 114.95           | 652     |
| 32X        | 109.50            | 514        | 64Y             | 133.75           |               | 97X            | 115.00           |         |
| 32Y        | 109.55            | 570        | 65X             | 133.80           | 1             | 97Y            | 115.05           | 654     |
| 33X        | 109.60            |            | 65Y             | 133.85           |               | 98X            | 115.10           |         |
| 33Y<br>34X | 109.65            | 572<br>516 | 66X<br>66Y      | 133.90<br>133.95 |               | 98Y<br>99X     | 115.15           | 656     |
| 34Y        | 109.75            | 574        | 67X             | 134.00           |               | 997            | 115.20<br>115.25 | 658     |
| 35X        | 109.80            | 374        | 67Y             | 134.05           |               | 100X           | 115.30           | 030     |
| 35Y        | 109.85            | 576        | 68X             | 134.10           |               | 100Y           | 115.35           | 660     |
| 36X        | 109.90            | 518        | 68Y             | 134.15           | 2             | 101X           | 115.40           | -       |
| 36Y        | 109.95            | 578        | 69X             | 134.20           |               | 101Y           | 115.45           | 662     |
| 37X        | 110.00            |            | 69Y             | 134.25           | -             | 102X           | 115.50           |         |
| 37Y        | 110.05            | 580        | 70X             | 112.30           | -             | 102Y           | 115.55           | 664     |
| 38X        | 110.10            | 520        | 70Y             | 112,35           | -             | 103X           | 115.60           |         |
| 38Y        | 110.15            | 582        | 71X             | 112.40           | 7.9           | 103Y           | 115.65           | 666     |
| 39X        | 110.20            |            | 71Y             | 112.45           | ¥             | 104X           | 115.70           |         |
| 39Y        | 110.25            | 584        | 72X             | 112.50           |               | 104Y           | 115.75           | 668     |
| 40X        | 110.30            | 522        | 72Y             | 112.55           |               | 105X           | 115.80           |         |
| 40Y        | 110.35            | 586        | 73X             | 112.60           |               | 105Y           | 115.85           | 670     |
| 41X        | 110.40            | 588        | 73Y<br>74X      | 112.65           |               | 106X<br>106Y   | 115.90           | 670     |
| 41Y<br>42X | 110.45<br>110.50  | 588        | 74X             | 112.70<br>112.75 |               | 106Y           | 115.95           | 672     |
| 42X<br>42Y | 110.55            | 590        | 75X             | 112.75           |               | 107X           | 116.05           | 674     |
| 43X        | 110.60            | -          | 75Y             | 112.85           |               | 108X           | 116.10           | 014     |
| 43Y        | 110.65            | 592        | 76X             | 112.90           |               | 108Y           | 116.15           | 676     |
| 44X        | 110.70            | 526        | 76Y             | 112.95           | 1             | 109X           | 116.20           | 12      |
| 44Y        | 110.75            | 594        | 77X             | 113.00           |               | 109Y           | 116.25           | 678     |
| 45X        | 110.80            | -          | 77Y             | 113.05           | -             | 110X           | 116.30           | -       |
| 45Y        | 110.85            | 596        | 78X             | 113.10           | -             | 110Y           | 116.35           | 680     |
| 46X        | 110.90            | 528        | 78Y             | 113.15           | -             | 111X           | 116.40           |         |
| 46Y        | 110.95            | 598        | 79X             | 113.20           | 40            | 111Y           | 116.45           | 682     |
| 47X        | 111.00            | -:-        | 79Y             | 113.25           | *             | 112X           | 116.50           |         |
| 47Y        | 111.05            | 600        | 80X             | 113.30           |               | 112Y           | 116.55           | 684     |
| 48X        | 111.10            | 530        | 80Y             | 113.35           | 620           | 113X           | 116.60           | 000     |
| 48Y<br>49X | 111.15<br>111.20  | 602        | 81X<br>81Y      | 113.40<br>113.45 | 622           | 113Y<br>114X   | 116.65<br>116.70 | 686     |
| 49Y        | 111.25            | 604        | 82X             | 113.45           | 022           | 114Y           | 116.75           | 688     |
| 50X        | 111.30            | 532        | 82Y             | 113.55           | 624           | 115X           | 116.80           | 000     |
| 50Y        | 111.35            | 606        | 83X             | 113.60           | 024           | 115Y           | 116.85           | 690     |
| 51X        | 111.40            |            | 83Y             | 113.65           | 626           | 116X           | 116.90           |         |
| 51Y        | 111.45            | 608        | 84X             | 113.70           |               | 116Y           | 116.95           | 692     |
| 52X        | 111.50            | 534        | 84Y             | 113.75           | 628           | 117X           | 117.00           |         |
| 52Y        | 111.55            | 610        | 85X             | 113.80           |               | 117Y           | 117.05           | 694     |
| 53X        | 111.60            | -          | 85Y             | 113.85           | 630           | 118X           | 117.10           | 14      |
| 53Y        | 111.65            | 612        | 86X             | 113.90           |               | 118Y           | 117.15           | 696     |
| 54X        | 111.70            | 536        | 86Y             | 113.95           | 632           | 119X           | 117.20           |         |
| 54Y        | 111.75            | 614        | 87X             | 114.00           |               | 119Y           | 117.25           | 698     |
| 55X        | 111.80            | -1-        | 87Y             | 114.05           | 634           | 120X           | 117.30           |         |
| 55Y        | 111.85            | 616        | 88X             | 114.10           |               | 120Y           | 117.35           |         |
| 56X        | 111.90            | 538        | 88Y             | 114.15           | 636           | 121X           | 117.40           | 7.      |
| 56Y        | 111.95            | 618        | 89X             | 114.20           | 629           | 121Y           | 117.45           |         |
| 57X        | 112.00            |            | 89Y             | 114.25           | 638           | 122X<br>122Y   | 117.50<br>117.55 |         |
| 57Y<br>58X | 112.05            |            | 90X<br>90Y      | 114.30<br>114.35 | 640           | 123X           | 117.60           |         |
| 58Y        | 112.10            |            | 90Y             | 114.40           | 540           | 123X           | 117.65           | -       |
| 59X        | 112.20            |            | 91Y             | 114.45           | 642           | 124X           | 117.70           | 4       |
| 59Y        | 112.25            |            | 92X             | 114.50           |               | 124Y           | 117.75           |         |
| 60X        | 133.30            | 2          | 92Y             | 114.55           | 644           | 125X           | 117.80           |         |
| 60Y        | 133.35            | 2          | 93X             | 114.60           | 4.4           | 125Y           | 117.85           | 1       |
| 61X        | 133.40            | 2          | 93Y             | 114.65           | 646           | 126X           | 117.90           |         |
| 61Y        | 133.45            | *          | 94X             | 114.70           | 0.0           | 126Y           | 117.95           |         |
| 62X        | 133.50            | -          | 94Y             | 114.75           | 648           |                |                  |         |
| 62Y        | 133,55            | *          | 95X             | 114.80           |               |                |                  |         |
| э сом      | M/NAV/WEATHE      | R REMARKS: |                 |                  |               |                |                  |         |
| _          | arks consist of p |            | nation affectin | g the current st | atus of commi | inications, NA | VAIDs and weat   | her.    |
|            |                   |            |                 |                  |               |                |                  |         |

Legend 19. Airport/facility directory.

# Appendix 2

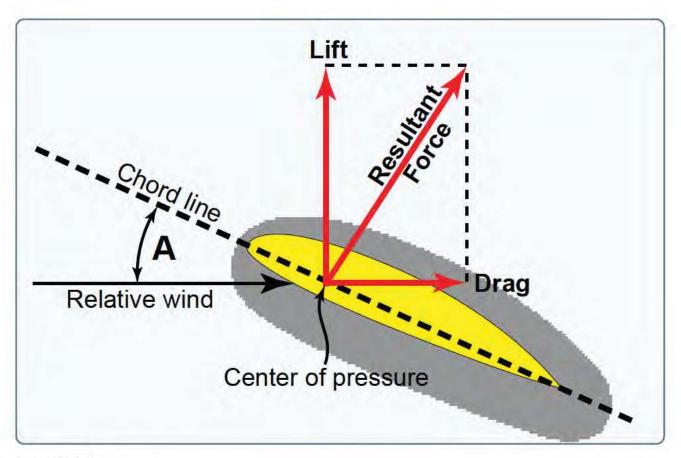


Figure 1. Lift vector.

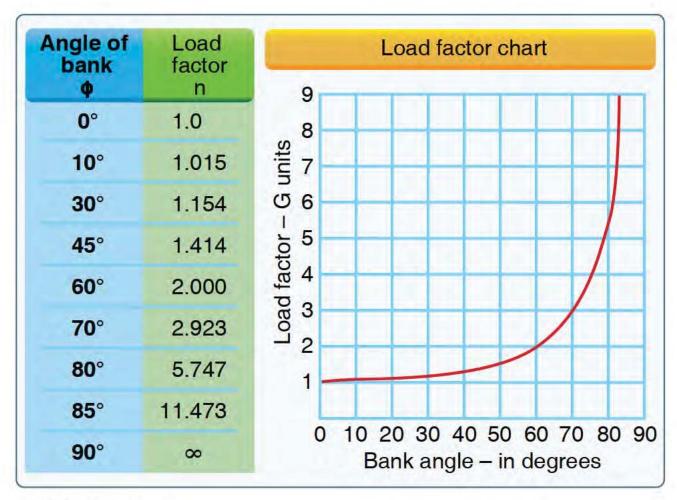


Figure 2. Load factor chart.



Figure 3. Altimeter.



Figure 4. Airspeed indicator.



Figure 5. Turn coordinator.



Figure 6. Heading indicator.

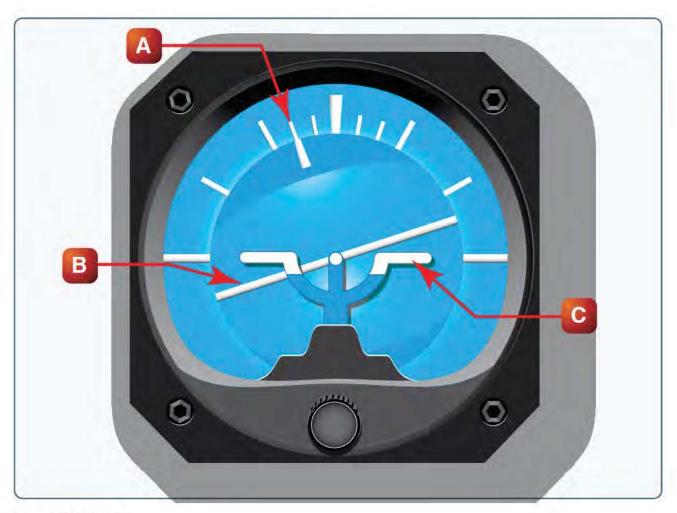


Figure 7. Attitude indicator.

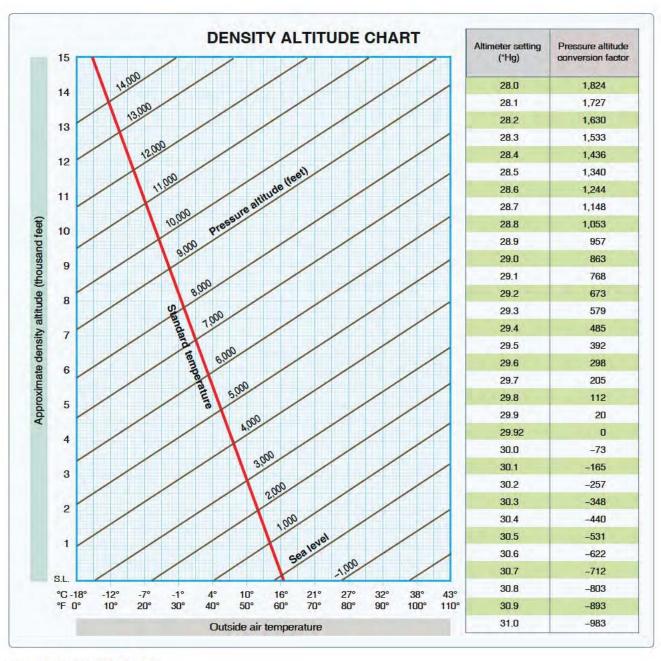


Figure 8. Density altitude chart.

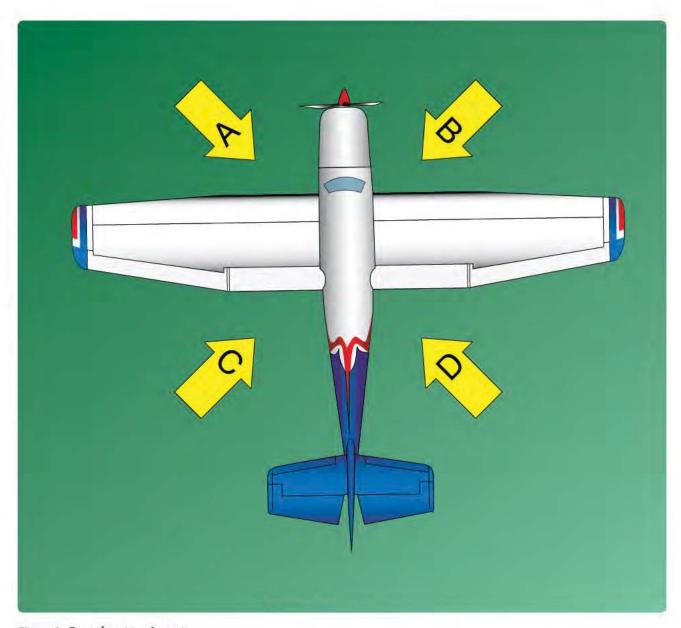


Figure 9. Control position for taxi.

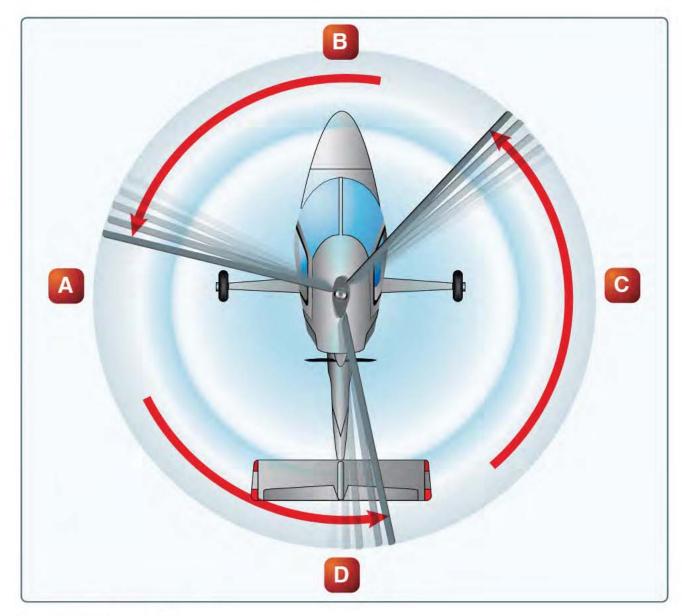


Figure 10. Gyroplane rotor blade position.

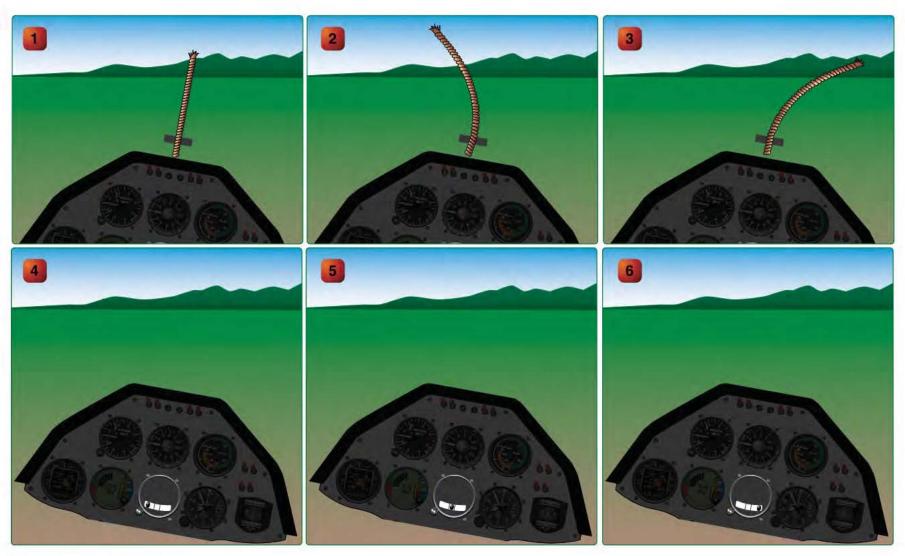


Figure 11. Glider yaw string.

METAR KINK 121845Z 11012G18KT 15SM SKC 25/17 A3000

METAR KBOI 121854Z 13004KT 30SM SCT150 17/6 A3015

METAR KLAX 121852Z 25004KT 6SM BR SCT007 SCT007 SCT250 16/15 A2991

SPECI KMDW 121856Z 32005KT 1 1/2SM RA OVC007 17/16 A2980 RMK RAB35

SPECI KJFK 121853Z 18004KT 1/2SM FG R04/2200 OVC005 20/18 A3006

Figure 12. Aviation routine weather reports (METAR).

This is a telephone weather briefing from the Dallas FSS for local operation of gliders and lighter-than-air at Caddo Mills, Texas (about 30 miles east of Dallas). The briefing is at 13Z.

"There are no adverse conditions reported or forecast for today."

"A weak low pressure over the Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico is causing a weak southerly flow over the area."

"Current weather here at Dallas is wind south 5 knots, visibility 12 miles, clear, temperature 21, dewpoint 9, altimeter 29 point 78."

"By 15Z, we should have a few scattered cumuliform clouds at 5 thousand AGL, with higher scattered cirrus at 25 thousand MSL. After 20Z, the wind should pick up to about 15 knots from the south."

"The winds aloft are: 3 thousand 170 at 7, temperature 20; 6 thousand 200 at 18, temperature 14; 9 thousand 210 at 22, temperature 8; 12 thousand 225 at 27, temperature 0; 18 thousand 240 at 30, temperature -7."

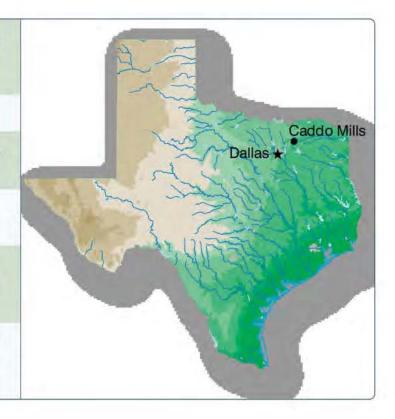


Figure 13. Telephone weather briefing.

UA/OV KOKC-KTUL/TM 1800/FL 120/TP BE90//SK BKN018-TOP055/OVC072-TOP089/CLR ABV/TA M7/WV 08021/TB LGT 055-072/IC LGT-MOD RIME 072-089

Figure 14. Pilot weather report.

| TAF  |  |
|------|--|
| KMEM | 121720Z 121818 20012KT 5SM HZ BKN030 PROB40 2022 1SM TSRA OVC008CB FM2200 33015G20KT P6SM BKN015 OVC025 PROB40 2202 3SM SHRA FM0200 35012KT OVC008 PROB40 0205 2SM-RASN BECMG 0608 02008KT BKN012 BECMG 1012 00000KT 3SM BR SKC TEMPO 1214 1/2SM FG FM1600 VRB06KT P6SM SKC= |
| кокс | 051130Z 051212 14008KT 5SM BR BKN030 TEMPO 1316 1 1/2SM BR<br>FM1600 18010KT P6SM SKC BECMG 2224 20013G20KT 4SM SHRA OVC020<br>PROB40 0006 2SM TSRA OVC008CB BECMG 0608 21015KT P6SM SCT040=   |

Figure 15. Terminal aerodrome forecasts (TAF).

BOSC FA 241845
SYNOPSIS AND VFR CLDS/WX
SYNOPSIS VALID UNTIL 251300
CLDS/WX VALID UNTIL 250700...OTLK VALID 250700-251300
ME NH VT MA RI CT NY LO NJ PA OH LE WV MD DC DE VA AND CSTL WTRS
.
SEE AIRMET SIERRA FOR IFR CONDS AND MTN OBSCN.
TS IMPLY SEV OR GTR TURB SEV ICE LLWS AND IFR CONDS.
NON MSL HGTS DENOTED BY AGL OR CIG.

SYNOPSIS...19Z CDFNT ALG A 16NE ACK-ENE LN...CONTG AS A QSTNRY FNT ALG AN END-50SW MSS LN. BY 13Z...CDFNT ALG A 140ESE ACK-HTO LN...CONTG AS A QSTNRY FNT ALG A HTO-SYR-YYZ LN. TROF ACRS CNTRL PA INTO NRN VA. ...REYNOLDS...

#### OH LE

NRN HLF OH LE...SCT-BKN025 OVC045. CLDS LYRD 150. SCT SHRA. WDLY SCT TSRA. CB TOPS FL350. 23-01Z OVC020-030. VIS 3SM BR. OCNL-RA. OTLK...IFR CIG BR FG.

SWRN QTR OH...BKN050-060 TOPS 100. OTLK...MVFR BR.
SERN QTR OH...SCT-BKN040 BKN070 TOPS 120. WDLY SCT-TSRA. 00Z
SCT-BKN030 OVC050. WDLY SCT-TSRA. CB TOPS FL350. OTLK...VFR
SHRA

CHIC FA 241945
SYNOPSIS AND VFR CLDS/WX
SYNOPSIS VALID UNTIL 251400
CLDS/WX VALID UNTIL 250800...OTLK VALID 250800-251400
ND SD NE KS MN IA MO WI LM LS MI LH IL IN KY

SEE AIRMET SIERRA FOR IFR CONDS AND MTN OBSCN.
TS IMPLY SEV OR GTR TURB SEV ICE LLWS AND IFR CONDS.
NON MSL HGTS DENOTED BY AGL OR CIG.

SYNOPSIS...LOW PRES AREA 20Z CNTRD OVR SERN WI FCST MOV NEWD INTO LH BY 12Z AND WKN. LOW PRES FCST DEEPEN OVR ERN CO DURG PD AND MOV NR WRN KS BORDER BY 14Z. DVLPG CDFNT WL MOV EWD INTO S CNTRL NE-CNTRL KS BY 14Z. ...SMITH..

## **UPR MILS**

WRN PTNS...AGL SCT030 SCT 030 SCT-BKN050. TOPS 080. 02-05Z BECMG CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM BR. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

ERN PTNS...CIG BKN020 OVC040. OCNL VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. TOPS FL200. 23Z CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

### LWR MI LM LH

CNTRL/NRN PTNS...CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM -RA BR. TOPS FL200 OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

SRN THIRD...CIG OVC015-025. SCT -SHRA. TOPS 150. 00-02Z BECMG CIG OVC010 VIS 3-5SM BR. TOPS 060. OTLK...IFR CIG BR.

### IN

NRN HALF...CIG BKN035 BKN080. TOPS FL200. SCT -SHRA. 00Z CIG BKN-SCT040 BKN-SCT080. TOPS 120. 06Z AGL SCT-BKN030. TOPS 080. OCNL VIS 3-5SM BR. OTLK...MVFR CIG BR.

SRN HALF...AGL SCT050 SCT-BKN100. TOPS 120. 07Z AGL SCT 030 SCT100. OTLK...VFR.

#### FD WBC 151745 DATA BASED ON 151200Z VALID 1600Z FOR USE 1800-0300Z. TEMPS NEG ABV 24000 FT 3000 6000 9000 12000 18000 24000 30000 34000 39000 ALS 2420 2635-08 246755 246862 2535-18 2444-30 245945 AMA 2714 2725+00 2625-04 2531-15 2542-27 265842 256352 256762 DEN 2321-04 2532-08 2434-19 2441-31 235347 236056 236262 HLC 1707-01 2113-03 2219-07 2330-17 2435-30 244145 244854 245561 MKC 0507 2006+03 2215-01 2322-06 2338-17 2348-29 236143 237252 238160 STL 2113 2325+07 2332+02 2339-04 2356-16 2373-27 239440 730649 731960

Figure 17. Winds and temperatures aloft forecast.

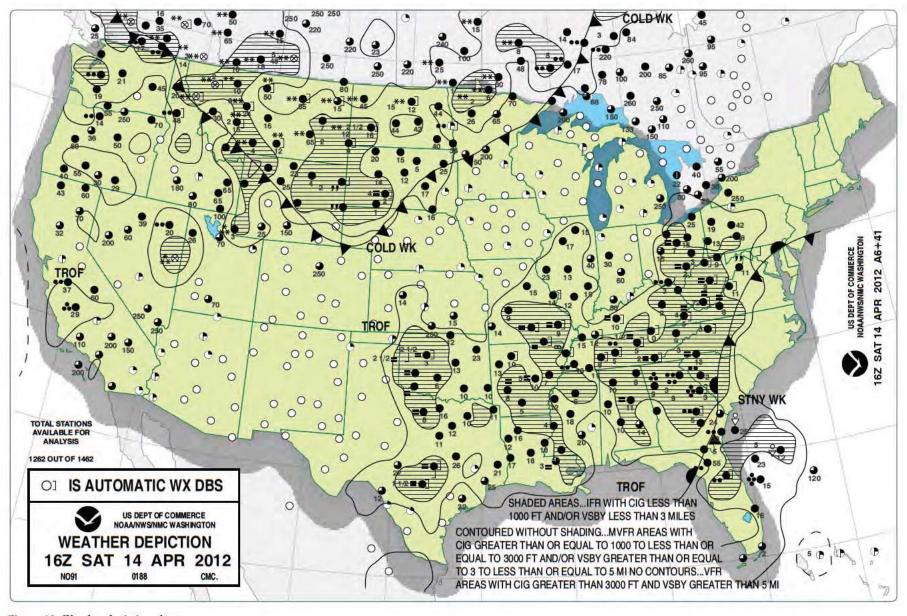


Figure 18. Weather depiction chart.

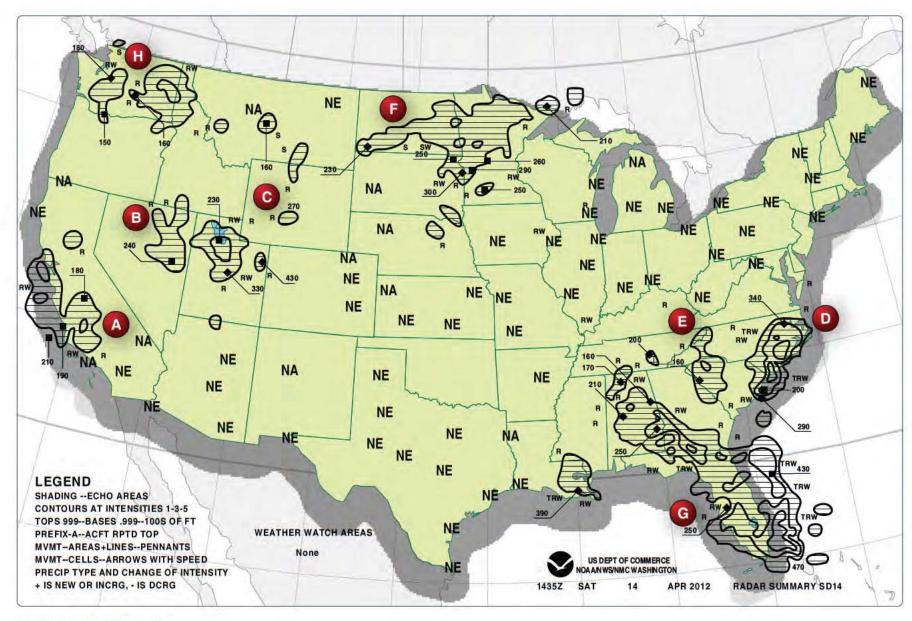


Figure 19. Radar summary chart.

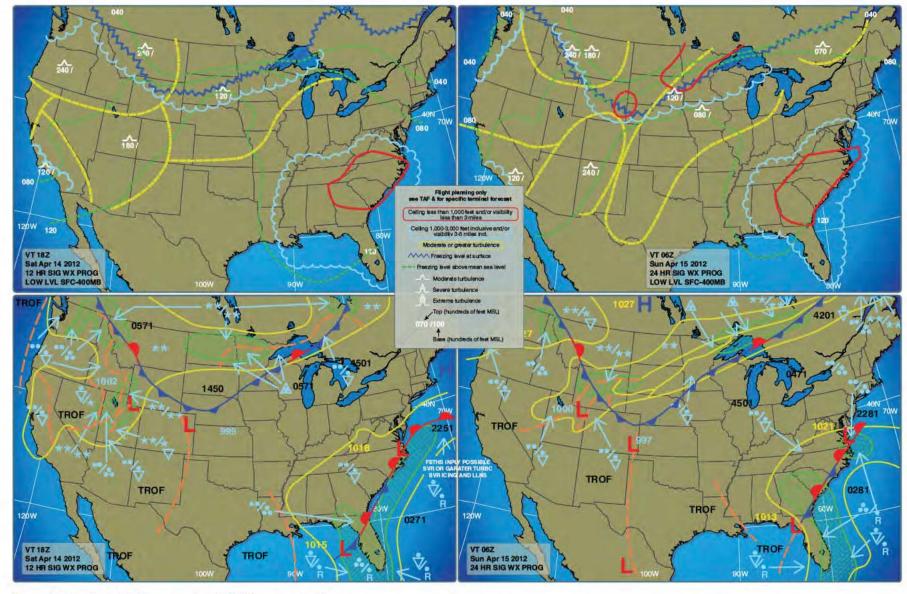
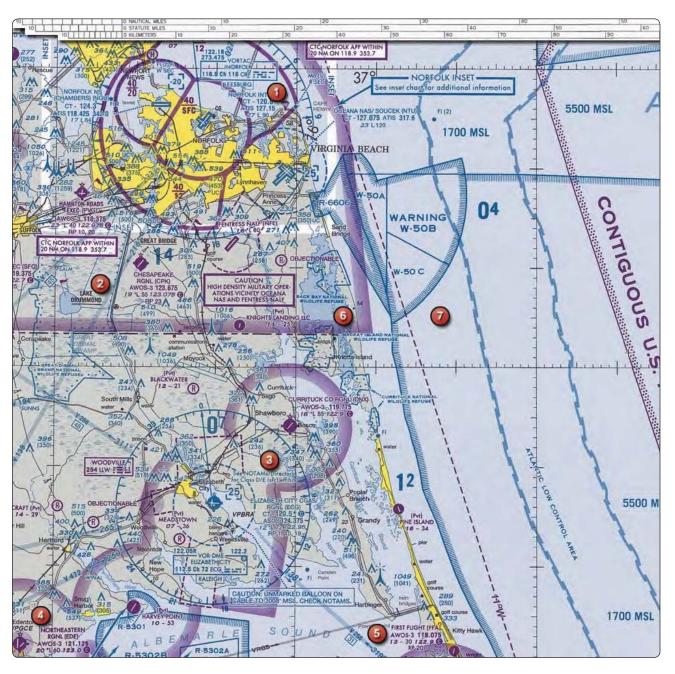
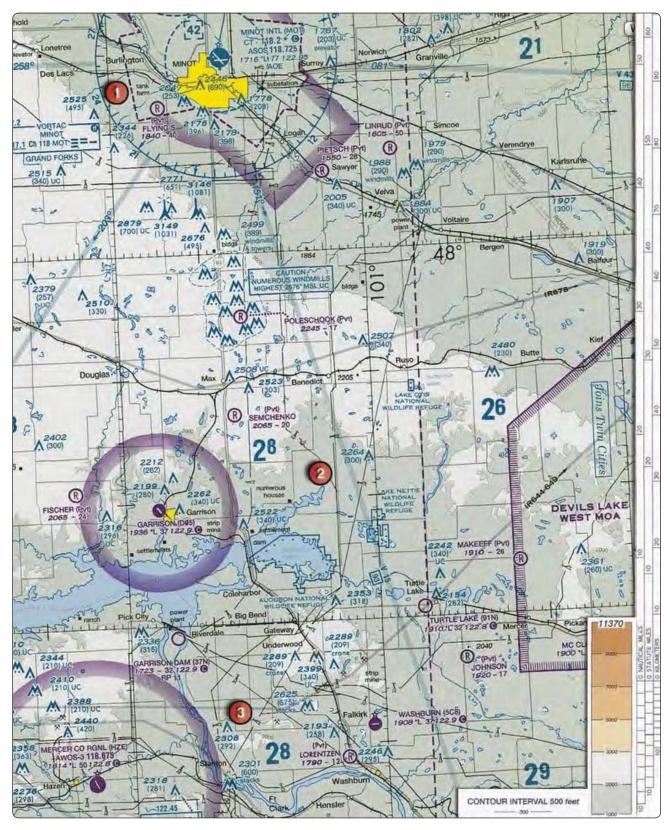


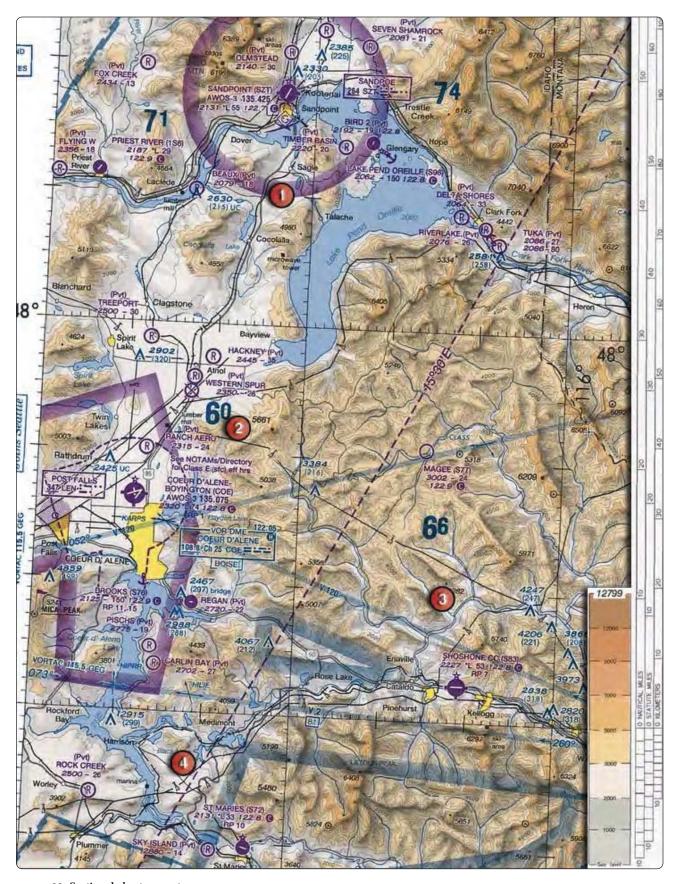
Figure 20. Low-level significant weather (SIGWX) prognostic charts.



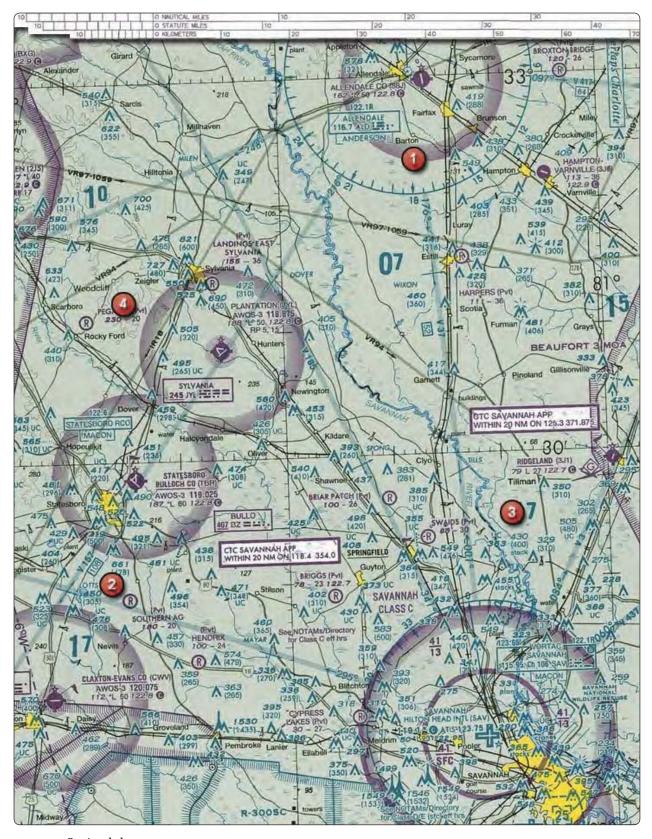
g e 21. Sectional chart e cerpt.



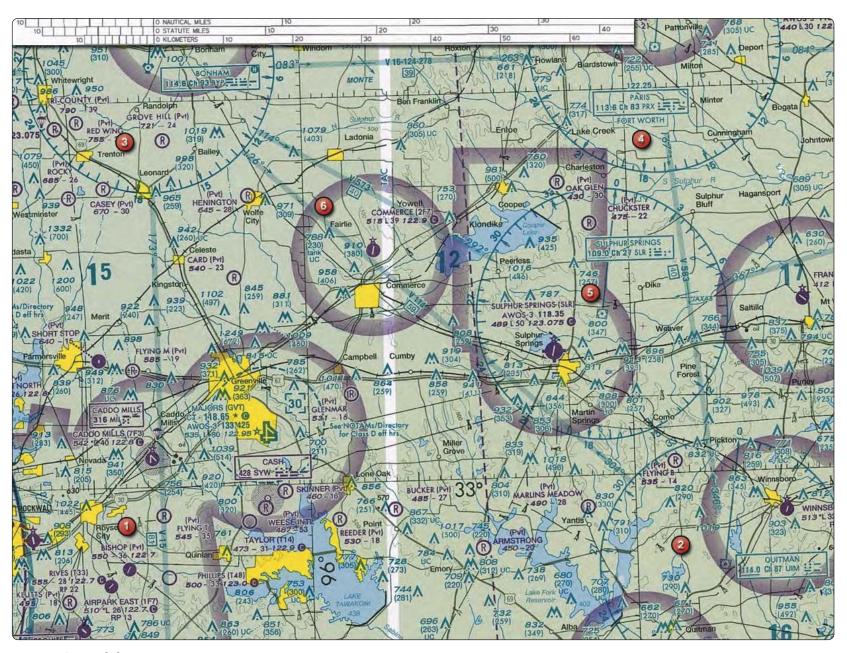
g e 22. Sectional chart e cerpt.



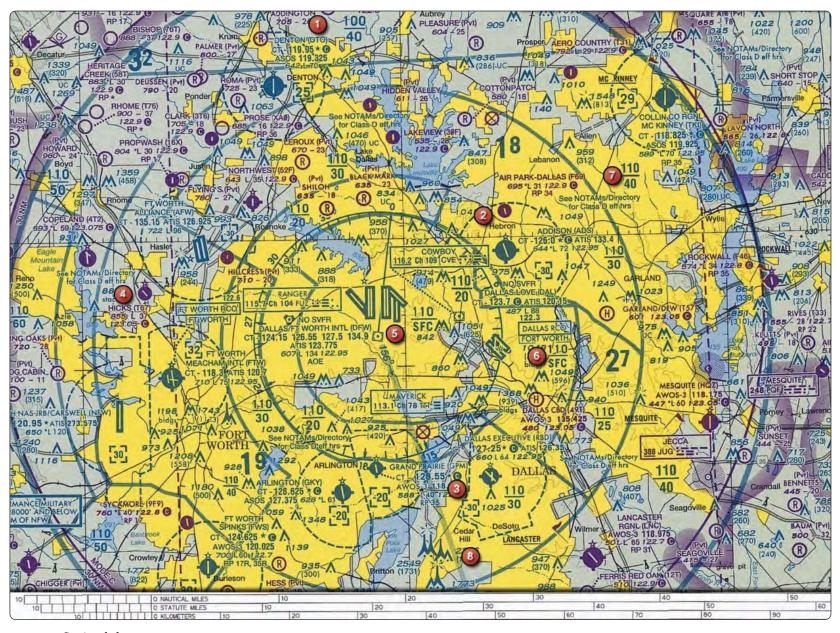
g e 23. Sectional chart e cerpt.



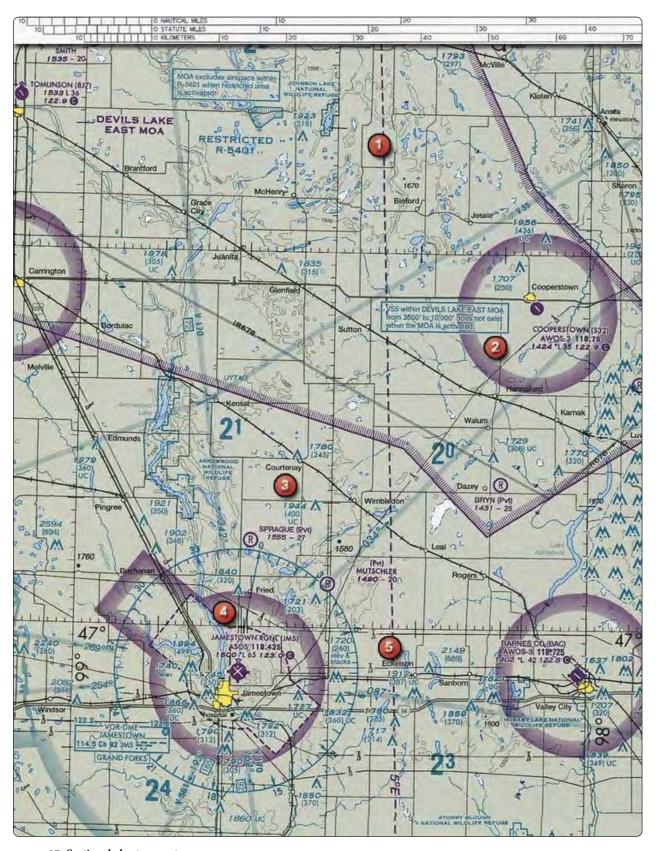
g e 24. Sectional chart e cerpt.



g e 25. Sectional chart e cerpt.



g e 26. Sectional chart e cerpt.



g e 27. Sectional chart e cerpt.



Figure 28. Time conversion table.



Figure 29. VOR.



Figure 30. ADF (movable card).



Figure 31. ADF (fixed card).

```
COEUR D'ALENE-PAPPY BOYINGTON FLD (COE) 9 NW UTC-8(-7DT)
      N47°46.46' W116°49.18'
                                                                                              GREAT FALLS
  2320 B S4 FUEL 100, JET A OX 1, 2, 3, 4 Class IV, ARFF Index A NOTAM FILE COE
                                                                                              H-1C, L-13B
  RWY 05-23: H7400X100 (ASPH-GRVD) S-57, D-95, 2S-121, 2D-165
                                                                   HIRL 0.6% up NE
    RWY 05: MALSR (NSTD). PAPI(P4R)-GA 3.0° TCH 56'.
    RWY 23: REIL. PAPI(P4R)—GA 3.0° TCH 50'.
  RWY 01-19: H5400X75 (ASPH) S-50, D-83, 2S-105, 2D-150
    MIRL 0.3% up N
    RWY 01: REIL. PAPI(P2L)-GA 3.0° TCH 39'. Rgt tfc.
    RWY 19: PAPI(P2L)-GA 3.0° TCH 41'.
  RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION
    RWY 01: TORA-5400 TODA-5400 ASDA-5400 LDA-5400
    RWY 05: TORA-7400 TODA-7400 ASDA-7400 LDA-7400
    RWY 19: TORA-5400 TODA-5400 ASDA-5400 LDA-5400
    RWY 23: TORA-7400 TODA-7400 ASDA-7400 LDA-7400
  AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended Mon-Fri 1500-0100Z‡. For after hrs
    fuel-self svc avbl or call 208-772-6404, 208-661-4174,
    208-661-7449, 208-699-5433. Self svc fuel avbl with credit
    card. 48 hr PPR for unscheduled ops with more than 30
                                                                              00
    passenger seats call arpt manager 208-446-1860. Migratory
    birds on and invof arpt Oct-Nov. Remote cntl airstrip is 2.3 miles
    west AER 05. Arpt conditions avbl on AWOS. Rwy 05 NSTD
    MALSR, thid bar extends 5' byd rwy edge igts each side. ACTIVATE
    MIRL Rwy 01-19, HIRL Rwy 05-23, REIL Rwy 01 and Rwy 23, MALSR Rwy 05-CTAF, PAPI Rwy 01, Rwy 19, Rwy
    05, and Rwy 23 opr continuously.
  WEATHER DATA SOURCES: AWOS-3 135.075 (208) 772-8215.
    HIWAS 108.8 COE.
  COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 122.8
    RC0 122.05 (BOISE RADIO)
 (R) SPOKANE APP/DEP CON 132.1
  AIRSPACE: CLASS E svc continuous.
  RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE COE.
    (T) VORW/DME 108.8 COE Chan 25 N47°46.42' W116°49.24' at fld, 2320/19E, HIWAS.
     DME portion unusable:
       220°-240° byd 15 NM
                                                               280°-315" byd 15 NM blo 11,000'.
    POST FALLS NDB (MHW) 347 LEN N47°44.57' W116°57.66' 053° 6.0 NM to fld.
    ILS 110.7 I-COE RWY 05
                                Class ID. Localizer unusable 25° left and right of course.
```

Figure 32. Airport/facility directory excerpt.

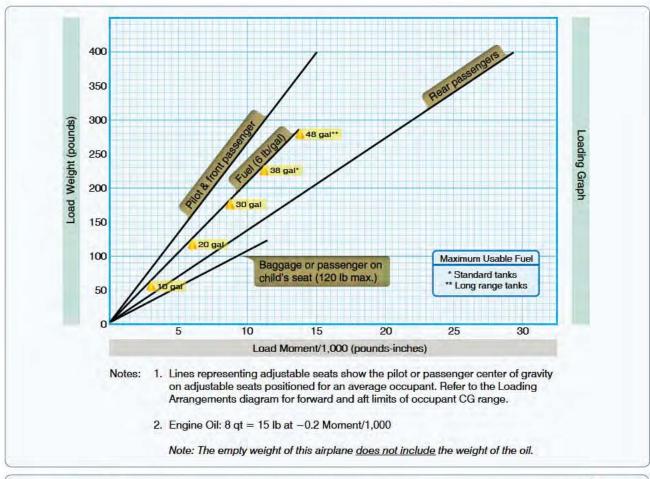
34

|             | Useful load   | igi       | a         |                      |        |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Baggag      | ge or 5th   | Occupants |           |                      |        |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| seat o      | ccupant   | Front se  | ear seats | seats ARM 121        |        |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| ARM         | A 140   | Weight    | N         | Moment<br>100        | W      | eight //             |                          | loment<br>100 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight      | Moment<br>100                                       | 120       |           | 102                  | 1      | 120                  | 145                      |               |  |  |  |  |
| 10          | 14  | 130       |           | 110                  | -      | 130                  | 15                       | 7             |  |  |  |  |
| 20          | 28  | 140       |           | 119                  | 1.3    | 140                  | 169                      |               |  |  |  |  |
| 30          | 42  | 150       |           | 128                  |        | 150                  | 18                       | 12            |  |  |  |  |
| 40          | 56  | 160       |           | 136                  | 1117   | 160                  | 19                       | 14            |  |  |  |  |
| 50          | 70  | 170       |           | 144                  | 1      | 170                  | 20                       | 16            |  |  |  |  |
| 60          | 84  | 180       |           | 153                  |        | 180                  | 21                       | 8             |  |  |  |  |
| 70          | 98  | 190       |           | 162                  | 3      | 190                  | 23                       | 10            |  |  |  |  |
| 80          | 112   | 200       |           | 170                  | 1      | 200                  | 24                       | 2             |  |  |  |  |
| 90          | 126   |           |           | Usab                 | lo fu  | ol                   |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 100         | 140   |           |           |                      |        |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 110         | 154   |           | Mai       | in wing ta           | inks A |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 120         | 168   | G         | allons    | We                   | eight  |                      | ment<br>00               |               |  |  |  |  |
| 130         | 182   |           | 5         |                      | 30     | _                    | 22                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 140         | 196   |           | 10        |                      | 60     | 4                    | 15                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 150         | 210   |           | 15        |                      | 90     | 6                    | 68                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 160         | 224   |           | 20        | 1                    | 20     | ę                    | 90                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 170         | 238   | 100       | 25        | 1                    | 50     | 1                    | 112<br>135<br>158<br>180 |               |  |  |  |  |
| 180         | 252   |           | 30        | 1                    | 80     | 1                    |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 190         | 266   | 233       | 35        | 2                    | 10     | 1                    |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 200         | 280   |           | 40        | 2                    | 40     | 1                    |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| 210         | 294   |           | 44        | 2                    | 64     | 1                    | 198                      |               |  |  |  |  |
| 220         | 308   | 100       | ere       | January Barrel       |        | ADM                  | 0.4                      |               |  |  |  |  |
| 230         | 322   | +         | Auxilia   | iliary wing          |        | 5-05/06/54           | and the later of         |               |  |  |  |  |
| 240         | 336   | Gallo     |           | ons Wei              |        |                      | ment<br>00               |               |  |  |  |  |
| 250         | 350   |           | 5         | 3                    | 80     |                      | 28                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 260         | 364   |           | 10        | 6                    | 60     | 5                    | 56                       |               |  |  |  |  |
| 270         | 378   |           | 15        | 90                   |        | 8                    | 85                       |               |  |  |  |  |
|             |   |           | 19        | 1                    | 14     | 10                   | 107                      |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | weight~2,015  |           |           |                      | eres - |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | /100~1,554<br>limits vs weight                      |           |           | *(                   | liC    |                      |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
| Moment limi | ts are based on the                                 |           | Quarts    | We                   | ight   |                      | oment<br>100             |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | eight and center of<br>data (landing gear           |           | 10        | 1!                   |        |                      | 5                        |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | down).  |           | duded     | in basic             | empty  | / weight             |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
|             |   |           |           |                      |        | 100                  |                          |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | Weight<br>condition                                 |           |           | CG limit             |        | AFT<br>CG limi       | it                       |               |  |  |  |  |
|             | 2,950 lb (takeoff o<br>2,525 lb<br>2,475 lb or less | or landin | g)        | 82.1<br>77.5<br>77.0 |        | 84.7<br>85.7<br>85.7 |                          |               |  |  |  |  |

Figure 33. Airplane weight and balance tables.

| Weight | Minimum<br>Moment<br>100 | Maximum<br>Moment<br>100 | Weight | Minimum<br>Moment<br>100 | Maximum<br>Moment<br>100 |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2,100  | 1,617                    | 1,800                    | 2,500  | 1,932                    | 2,143                    |
| 2,110  | 1,625                    | 1,808                    | 2,510  | 1,942                    | 2,151                    |
| 2,120  | 1,632                    | 1,817                    | 2,520  | 1,953                    | 2,160                    |
| 2,130  | 1,640                    | 1,825                    | 2,530  | 1,963                    | 2,168                    |
| 2,140  | 1,648                    | 1,834                    | 2,540  | 1,974                    | 2,176                    |
| 2,150  | 1,656                    | 1,843                    | 2,550  | 1,984                    | 2,184                    |
| 2,160  | 1,663                    | 1,851                    | 2,560  | 1,995                    | 2,192                    |
| 2,170  | 1,671                    | 1,860                    | 2,570  | 2,005                    | 2,200                    |
| 2,180  | 1,679                    | 1,868                    | 2,580  | 2,016                    | 2,208                    |
| 2,190  | 1,686                    | 1,877                    | 2,590  | 2,026                    | 2,216                    |
| 2,200  | 1,694                    | 1,885                    | 2,600  | 2,037                    | 2,224                    |
| 2,210  | 1,702                    | 1,894                    | 2,610  | 2,048                    | 2,232                    |
| 2,220  | 1,709                    | 1,903                    | 2,620  | 2,058                    | 2,239                    |
| 2,230  | 1,717                    | 1,911                    | 2,630  | 2,069                    | 2,247                    |
| 2,240  | 1,725                    | 1,920                    | 2,640  | 2,080                    | 2,255                    |
| 2,250  | 1,733                    | 1,928                    | 2,650  | 2,090                    | 2,263                    |
| 2,260  | 1,740                    | 1,937                    | 2,660  | 2,101                    | 2,271                    |
| 2,270  | 1,748                    | 1,945                    | 2,670  | 2,112                    | 2,279                    |
| 2,280  | 1,756                    | 1,954                    | 2,680  | 2,123                    | 2,287                    |
| 2,290  | 1,763                    | 1,963                    | 2,690  | 2,133                    | 2,295                    |
| 2,300  | 1,771                    | 1,971                    | 2,700  | 2,144                    | 2,303                    |
| 2,310  | 1,779                    | 1,980                    | 2,710  | 2,155                    | 2,311                    |
| 2,320  | 1,786                    | 1,988                    | 2,720  | 2,166                    | 2,319                    |
| 2,330  | 1,794                    | 1,997                    | 2,730  | 2,177                    | 2,326                    |
| 2,340  | 1,802                    | 2,005                    | 2,740  | 2,188                    | 2,334                    |
| 2,350  | 1,810                    | 2,014                    | 2,750  | 2,199                    | 2,342                    |
| 2,360  | 1,817                    | 2,023                    | 2,760  | 2,210                    | 2,350                    |
| 2,370  | 1,825                    | 2,031                    | 2,770  | 2,221                    | 2,358                    |
| 2,380  | 1,833                    | 2,040                    | 2,780  | 2,232                    | 2,366                    |
| 2,390  | 1,840                    | 2,048                    | 2,790  | 2,243                    | 2,374                    |
| 2,400  | 1,848                    | 2,057                    | 2,800  | 2,254                    | 2,381                    |
| 2,410  | 1,856                    | 2,065                    | 2,810  | 2,265                    | 2,389                    |
| 2,420  | 1,863                    | 2,074                    | 2,820  | 2,276                    | 2,397                    |
| 2,430  | 1,871                    | 2,083                    | 2,830  | 2,287                    | 2,405                    |
| 2,440  | 1,879                    | 2,091                    | 2,840  | 2,298                    | 2,413                    |
| 2,450  | 1,887                    | 2,100                    | 2,850  | 2,309                    | 2,421                    |
| 2,460  | 1,894                    | 2,108                    | 2,860  | 2,320                    | 2,428                    |
| 2,470  | 1,902                    | 2,117                    | 2,870  | 2,332                    | 2,436                    |
| 2,480  | 1,911                    | 2,125                    | 2,880  | 2,343                    | 2,444                    |
| 2,490  | 1,921                    | 2,134                    | 2,890  | 2,354                    | 2,452                    |
| _, .00 | 1,32.1                   | 2,704                    | 2,900  | 2,365                    | 2,460                    |
|        |                          |                          | 2,910  | 2,377                    | 2,468                    |
|        |                          |                          | 2,920  | 2,388                    | 2,475                    |
|        |                          |                          | 2,930  | 2,399                    | 2,483                    |
|        |                          |                          | 2,940  | 2,411                    | 2,491                    |
|        |                          |                          | 2,950  | 2,411                    | 2,499                    |

Figure 34. Airplane weight and balance tables.



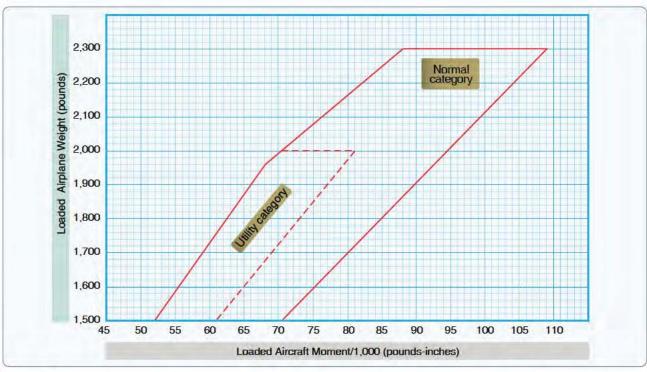


Figure 35. Airplane weight and balance graphs.

# Cruise power settings 65% Maximum continuous power (or full throttle 2,800 pounds)

| Droop         |      |     | ISA          | 4 -20 °C      | (-36 | °F)                     |     |     |    |     | St           | andard ( | day (IS                | SA)  |     |     |      |    | ISA          | 4 +20 °C | (+36 | °F)  |     |     |  |  |    |    |
|---------------|------|-----|--------------|---------------|------|-------------------------|-----|-----|----|-----|--------------|----------|------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|----|--------------|----------|------|------|-----|-----|--|--|----|----|
| Press<br>ALT. | IOAT |     | Engine speed | MAN.<br>press |      | Fuel flow<br>per engine |     | TAS |    | AT  | Engine speed |          | Fuel flow<br>per engin |      | TAS |     | IOAT |    | Engine speed |          |      |      | 24  |     |  |  | TA | AS |
| Feet          | °F   | °C  | RMP          | IN HG         | PSI  | GPH                     | KTS | MPH | °F | °C  | RMP          | IN HG    | PSI                    | GPH  | KTS | MPH | °F   | °C | RMP          | IN HG    | PSI  | GPH  | KTS | MPH |  |  |    |    |
| SL            | 27   | -3  | 2,450        | 20.7          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 147 | 169 | 63 | 17  | 2,450        | 21.2     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 150 | 173 | 99   | 37 | 2,450        | 21.8     | 6.6  | 11.5 | 153 | 176 |  |  |    |    |
| 2,000         | 19   | -7  | 2,450        | 20.4          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 149 | 171 | 55 | 13  | 2,450        | 21.0     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 153 | 176 | 91   | 33 | 2,450        | 21.5     | 6.6  | 11.5 | 156 | 180 |  |  |    |    |
| 4,000         | 12   | -11 | 2,450        | 20.1          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 152 | 175 | 48 | 9   | 2,450        | 20.7     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 156 | 180 | 84   | 29 | 2,450        | 21.3     | 6.6  | 11.5 | 159 | 183 |  |  |    |    |
| 6,000         | 5    | -15 | 2,450        | 19.8          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 155 | 178 | 41 | 5   | 2,450        | 20.4     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 158 | 182 | 79   | 26 | 2,450        | 21.0     | 6.6  | 11.5 | 161 | 185 |  |  |    |    |
| 8,000         | -2   | -19 | 2,450        | 19.5          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 157 | 181 | 36 | 2   | 2,450        | 20.2     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 161 | 185 | 72   | 22 | 2,450        | 20.8     | 6.6  | 11.5 | 164 | 189 |  |  |    |    |
| 10,000        | -8   | -22 | 2,450        | 19.2          | 6.6  | 11.5                    | 160 | 184 | 28 | -2  | 2,450        | 19.9     | 6.6                    | 11.5 | 163 | 188 | 64   | 18 | 2,450        | 20.3     | 6.5  | 11.4 | 166 | 191 |  |  |    |    |
| 12,000        | -15  | -26 | 2,450        | 18.8          | 6.4  | 11.5                    | 162 | 186 | 21 | -6  | 2,450        | 18.8     | 6.1                    | 10.9 | 163 | 188 | 57   | 14 | 2,450        | 18.8     | 5.9  | 10.6 | 163 | 188 |  |  |    |    |
| 14,000        | -22  | -30 | 2,450        | 17.4          | 5.8  | 10.5                    | 159 | 183 | 14 | -10 | 2,450        | 17.4     | 5.6                    | 10.1 | 160 | 184 | 50   | 10 | 2,450        | 17.4     | 5.4  | 9.8  | 160 | 184 |  |  |    |    |
| 16,000        | -29  | -34 | 2,450        | 16.1          | 5.3  | 9.7                     | 156 | 180 | 7  | -14 | 2,450        | 16.1     | 5.1                    | 9.4  | 156 | 180 | 43   | 6  | 2,450        | 16.1     | 4.9  | 9.1  | 155 | 178 |  |  |    |    |

Note: 1. Full throttle manifold pressure settings are approximate. 2. Shaded area represents operation with full throttle.

Figure 36. Airplane power setting table.

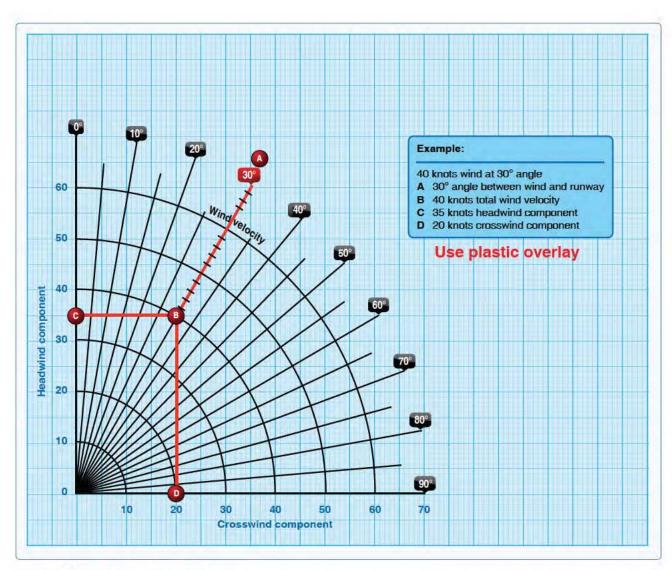


Figure 37. Crosswind component graph.

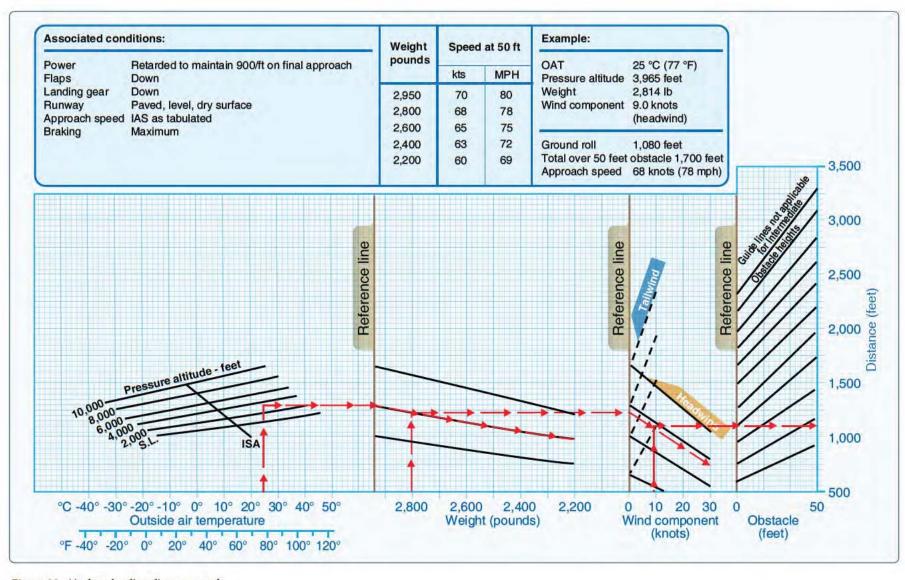


Figure 38. Airplane landing distance graph.

| Gross weight<br>lb | Approach<br>speed, IAS,<br>MPH | At sea level & 59 °F |                               | At 2,500 feet & 50 °F |                               | At 5,000 feet & 41 °F |                               | At 7,500 feet & 32 °F |                               |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
|                    |                                | Ground roll          | Total to clear<br>50 feet OBS | Ground roll           | Total to clear<br>50 feet OBS | Ground roll           | Total to clear<br>50 feet OBS | Ground roll           | Total to clear<br>50 feet OBS |
| 1,600              | 60                             | 445                  | 1,075                         | 470                   | 1,135                         | 495                   | 1,195                         | 520                   | 1,255                         |

Figure 39. Airplane landing distance table.

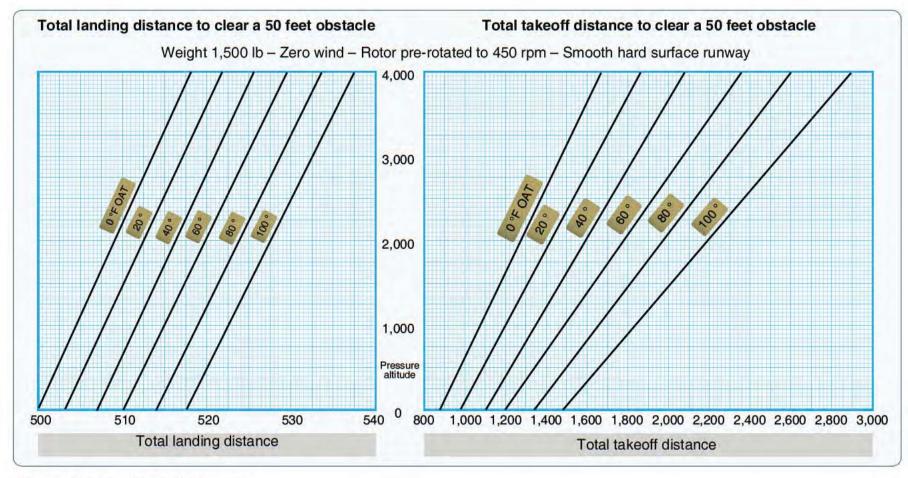


Figure 40. Gyroplane takeoff and landing graphs.

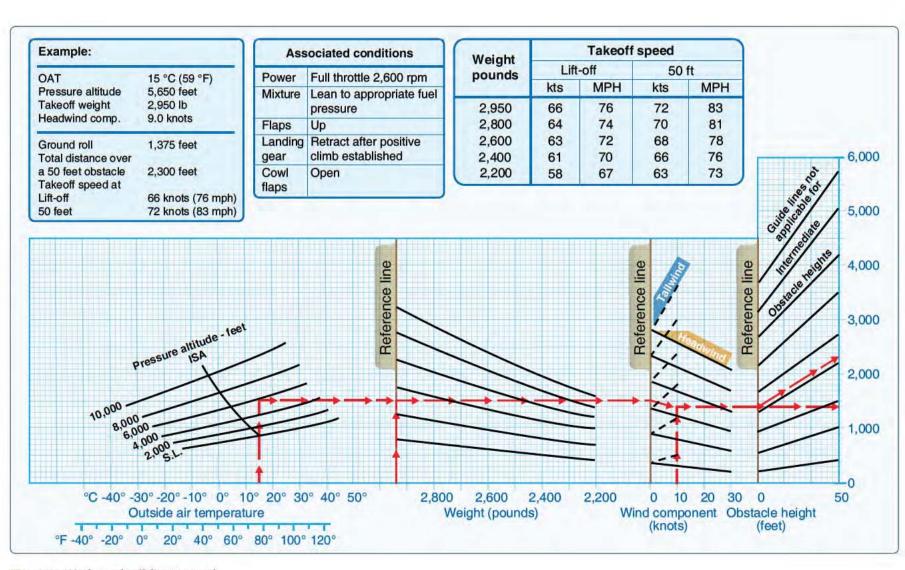


Figure 41. Airplane takeoff distance graph.

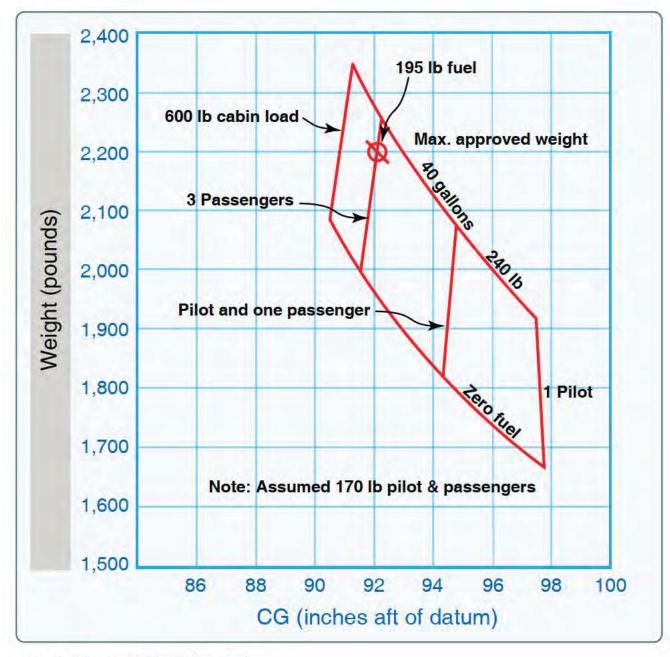


Figure 42. Helicopter weight and balance graph.

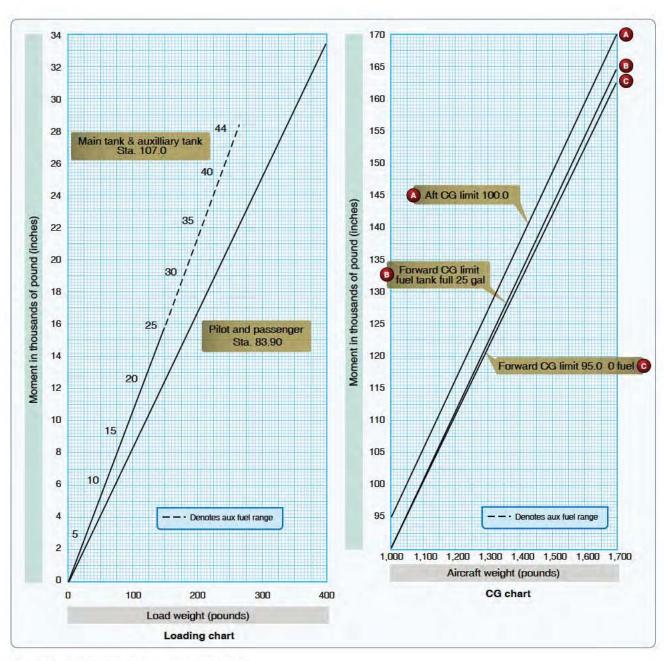


Figure 43. Helicopter weight and balance graphs.

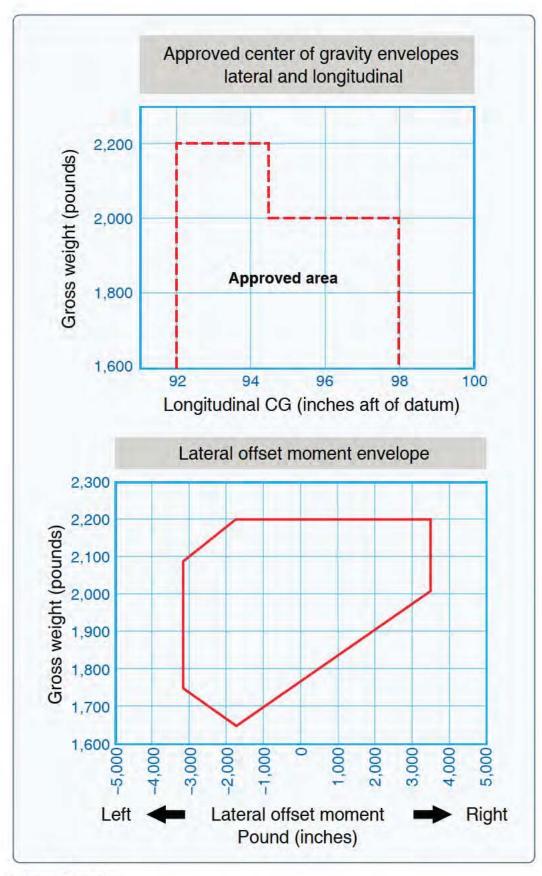


Figure 44. Helicopter CG envelopes.

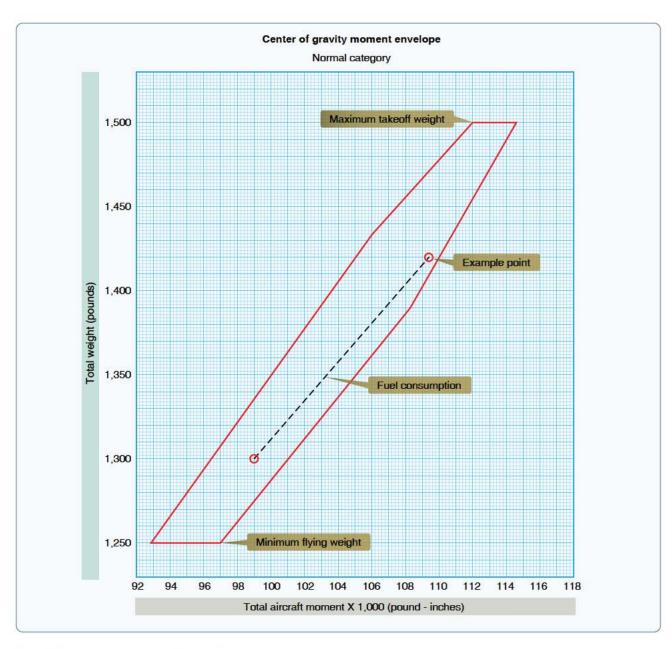


Figure 45. Gyroplane weight and balance graph.

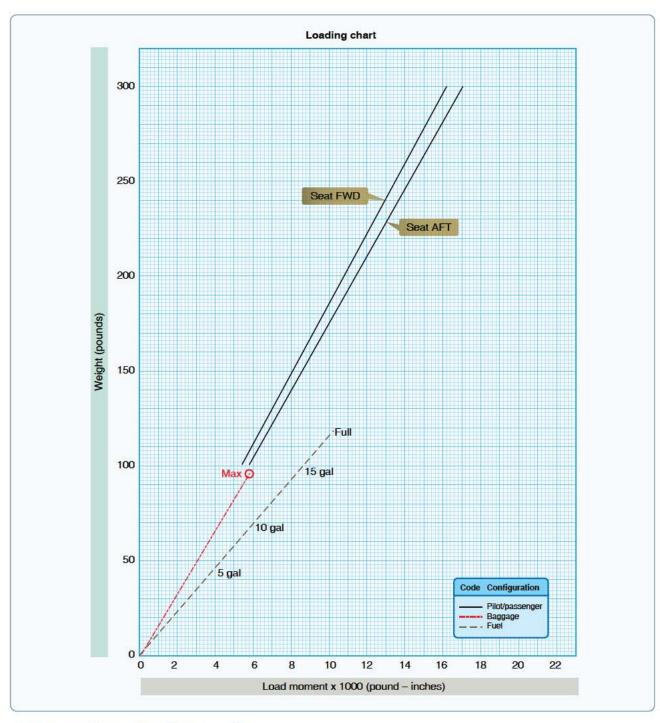


Figure 46. Gyroplane weight and balance graph.

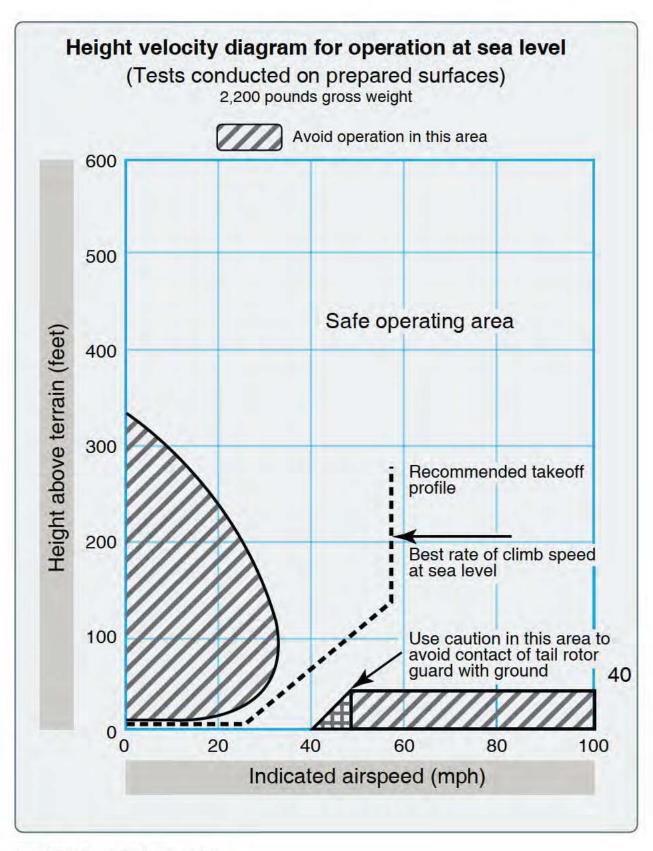


Figure 47. Helicopter height velocity diagram.

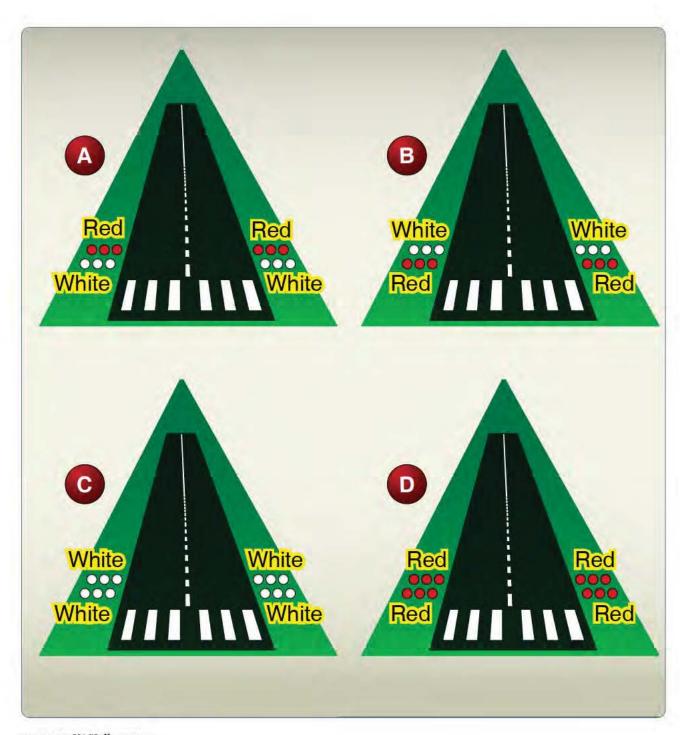


Figure 48. VASI illustrations.

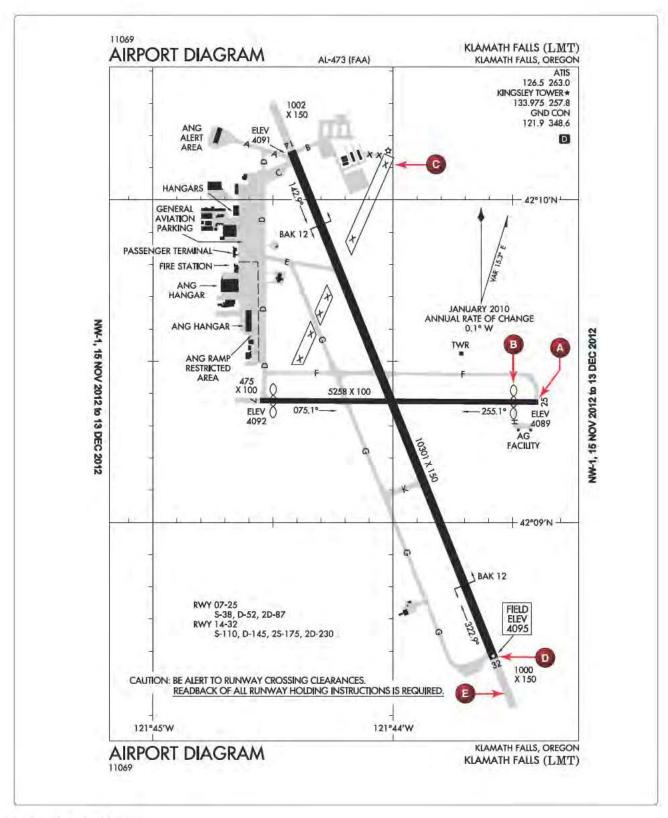


Figure 49. Airport diagram.

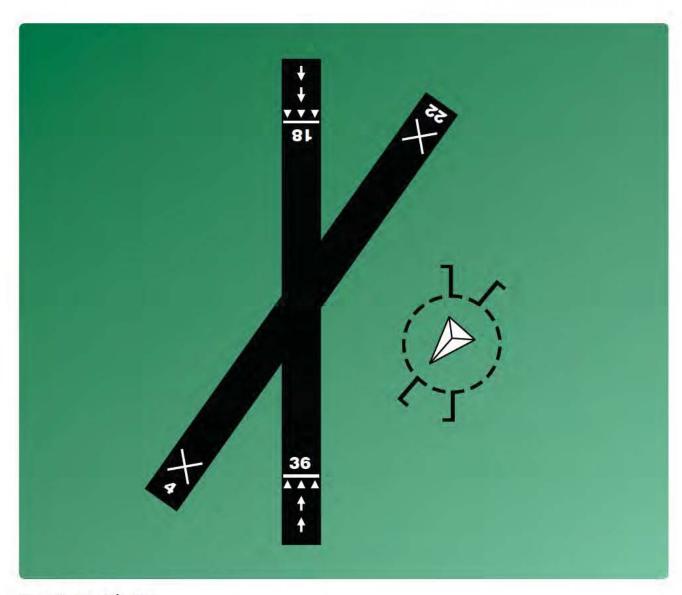


Figure 50. Airport diagram.

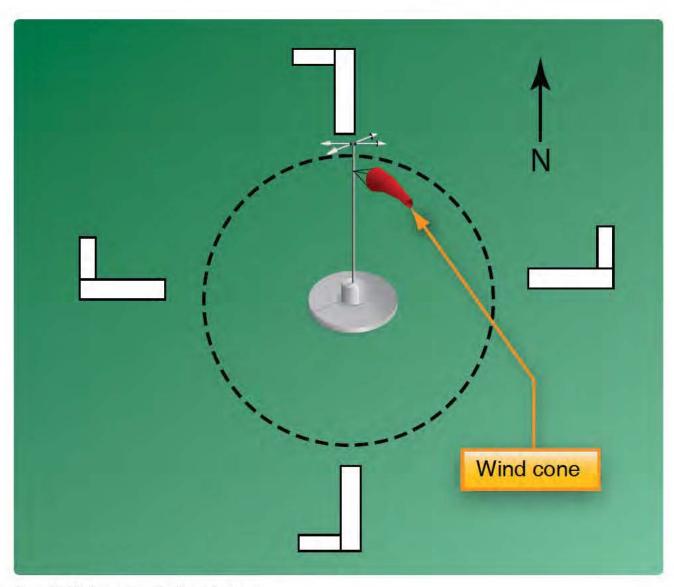


Figure 51. Wind cone airport landing indicator.

| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION |                   |         | (FAA USE ONLY) ☐ PILOT BRIEFING ☐ VNR ☐ STOPOVER |   |                                  | TIME STARTED   | SPECIALIS<br>INITIALS   |                      |
|---|-------------------|---------|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1.TYPE  |                   |         | 3, AIRCRAFT TYPE/                                |   | 5, DEPARTURE POINT               | 6_D            | 6_DEPARTURE TIME        |                      |
| VFR   | IDENTIFICATI      | ION SPE | ECIAL EQUIPME                                    | NT AIRSPEED                             |                                  | PROPOSE        | PROPOSED (Z) ACTUAL (Z) |                      |
| 1FR   |                   |         |  |   |                                  |                |                         |                      |
| DVFR<br>B, ROUTE OF   | and the second    |         |  | KTS                                     |                                  |                |                         |                      |
| e, DESTINATI  | ION (Name of sirp | 1770    | ST. TIME ENROL                                   | 111010000000000000000000000000000000000 | S                                |                |                         |                      |
| and city)   | ION (Name of sirp | HOUF    | RS MINU  | TES                                     |                                  | IUMBER & AIRCR | AFT HOME BASE           | 15. NUMBER           |
| and city)   |                   | 1770    | RS MINU  | TES                                     | S<br>IAME, ADDRESS & TELEPHONE N | IUMBER & AIRCH | AFT HOME BASE           | TĒ, NUMBER<br>ABOARD |
| and city)   | ON BOARD          | HOUF    | RS MINU  | 14, PILOT'S N                           |                                  |                | AFT HOME BASE           |                      |

Figure 52. Flight plan form.

NEBRASKA 271

```
LINCOLN (LNK) 4 NW UTC-6(-5DT) N40°51.05' W98°45.55
                                                                                                 DMAHA
  1219 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A
                                     TPA—See Remarks ARFF Index—See Remarks
                                                                                             H-5C, L-101
    NOTAM FILE LNK
                                                                                                 IAP, AD
  RWY 18-36: H12901X200 (ASPH-CONC-GRVD) S-100, D-200,
    2S-175, 2D-400 HIRL
    RWY 18: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 55'. Rgt tfc. 0.4%
     down.
    RWY 36: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 57'.
  RWY 14-32: H8649X150 (ASPH-CONC-GRVD) S-80, D-170,
    2S-175, 2D-280
                      MIRL
    RWY 14: REIL. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 48'. Thid dspicd 363'.
    RWY 32: VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 50". Thid dspied 470".
     Pole. 0.3% up.
  RWY 17-35: H5800X100 (ASPH-CONC-AFSC) S-49, D-60
      HIRL 0.8% up S
    RWY 17: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 44".
    RWY 35: ODALS. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0" TCH 30'. Rgt tfc.
  RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION
    RWY 14: TORA-8649 TODA-8649 ASDA-8649 LDA-8286
    RWY 17: TORA-5800 TODA-5800 ASDA-5400 LDA-5400
    RWY 18: TORA-12901 TODA-12901 ASDA-12901 LDA-12901
    RWY 32: TORA-8649 TODA-8549 ASDA-8286 LDA-7816
    RWY 35: TORA-5800 TODA-5800 ASDA-5800 LDA-5800
    RWY 36: TORA-12901 TODA-12901 ASDA-12901 LDA-12901
  AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. Birds invof arpt. Rwy 18 designated calm wind rwy, Rwy 32 apch holdline
    on South A twy. TPA-2219 (1000), heavy military jet 3000 (1781). Class I, ARFF Index B. ARFF Index C level
    equipment provided. Rwy 18-36 touchdown and rollout rwy visual range avbl. When twr clsd MIRL Rwy 14-32
    preset on low ints, HIRL Rwy 18-36 and Rwy 17-S5 preset on med ints, ODALS Rwy 35 operate continuously on
    med ints, MALSR Rwy 18 and Rwy 36 operate continuously and REIL Rwy 14 and Rwy 17 operate continuously
    on low ints. VASI Rwy 14 and Rwy 32, PAPI Rwy 17, Rwy 35, Rwy 18 and Rwy 36 on continuously.
  WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS (402) 474-9214. LLWAS
  COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 118.5
                           ATIS 118.05
                                            UNICOM 122.95
    RCO 122,65 (COLUMBUS RADIO)
 R APP/DEP CON 124.0 (180°-359°) 124.8 (360°-179°)
    TOWER 118.5 125.7 (1130-0600Z‡) GND CON 121.9
                                                     CLNC DEL 120.7
  AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc 1130-0600Z‡ ctc APP CON other times CLASS E.
  RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE LNK.
    (H) VORTACW 116.1 LNK Chan 108 N40"55.43' W96"44.52' 181" 4.4 NM to fld. 1370/9E
    POTTS NDB (MHW/LOM) 385 LN N40°44.83' W96°45.75'
                                                        355° 6.2 NM to fld. Unmonitored when twr clsd.
              1-OCZ
                       Rwy 18.
                                 Class IB OM unmonitored:
    ILS 111.1
    ILS 109.9
               I-LNK Rwy 36 Class IA LOM POTTS NDB, MM unmonitored, LOM unmonitored when twr
  COMM/NAV/WEATHER REMARKS: Emerg frequency 121.5 not available at twr.
LOUP CITY MUNI (ØF4) 1 NW UTC-6(-5DT) N41°17.20 W98°59.41'
                                                                                                 OMAHA
  2071 B FUEL 100LL NOTAM FILE OLU
                                                                                              L-10H, 12H
  RWY 15-34: H3200X60 (CONC)
                              S-12.5 MIRL
    RWY 34: Trees.
  RWY 04-22: 2040X100 (TURF)
    RWY 04: Tree.
                      RWY 22: Road.
  AIRPORT REMARKS: Unattended. For svc call 308-745-1344/1244/0664.
  COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 122.9
  RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE OLU.
    WOLBACH (H) VORTAC 114.8 OBH Chan 95 N41°22.54' W98°21,22'
                                                                      253° 29.3 NM to fld. 2010/7E.
```

Figure 53. Airport/facility directory excerpt.

MARTIN FLD (See SO SIOUX CITY)

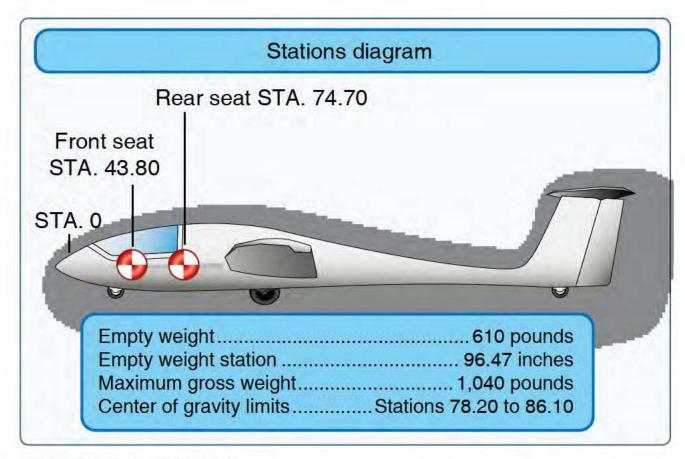


Figure 54. Glider weight and balance diagram.

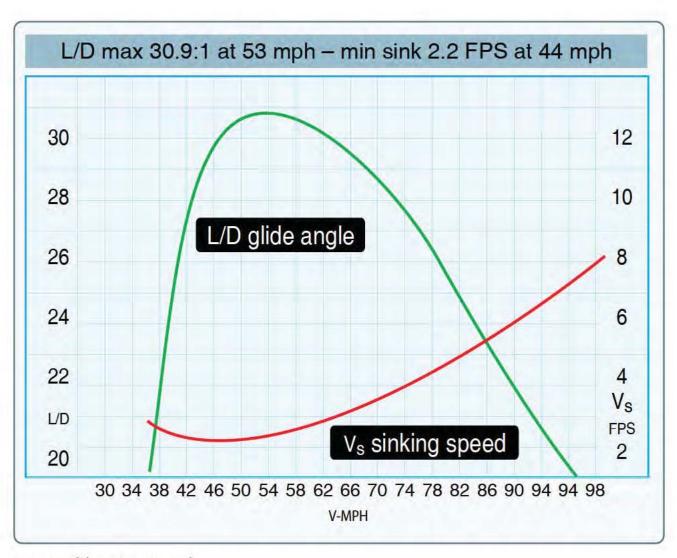


Figure 55. Glider performance graph.



Figure 56. Standard soaring signals.

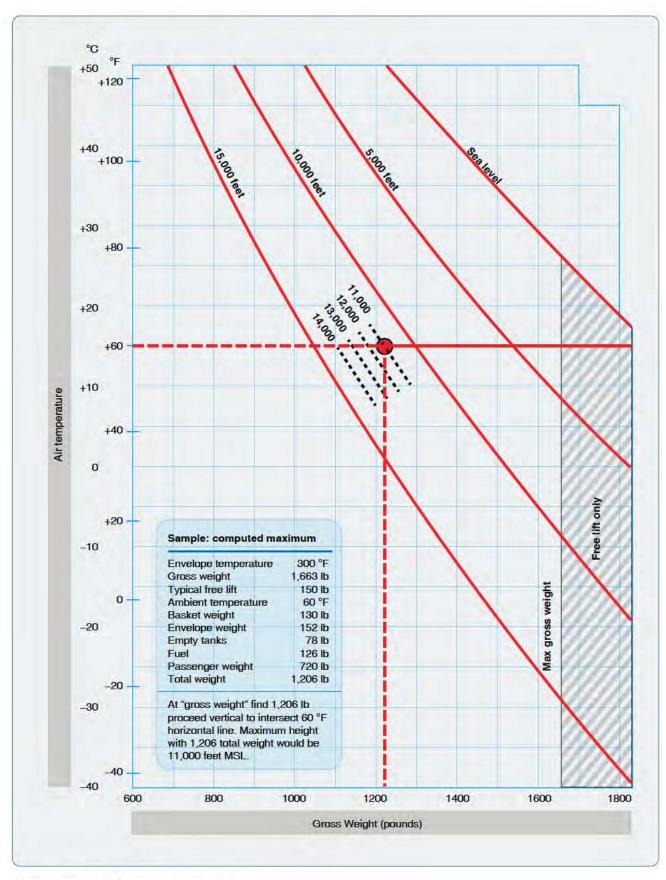


Figure 57. Hot air balloon performance graph.

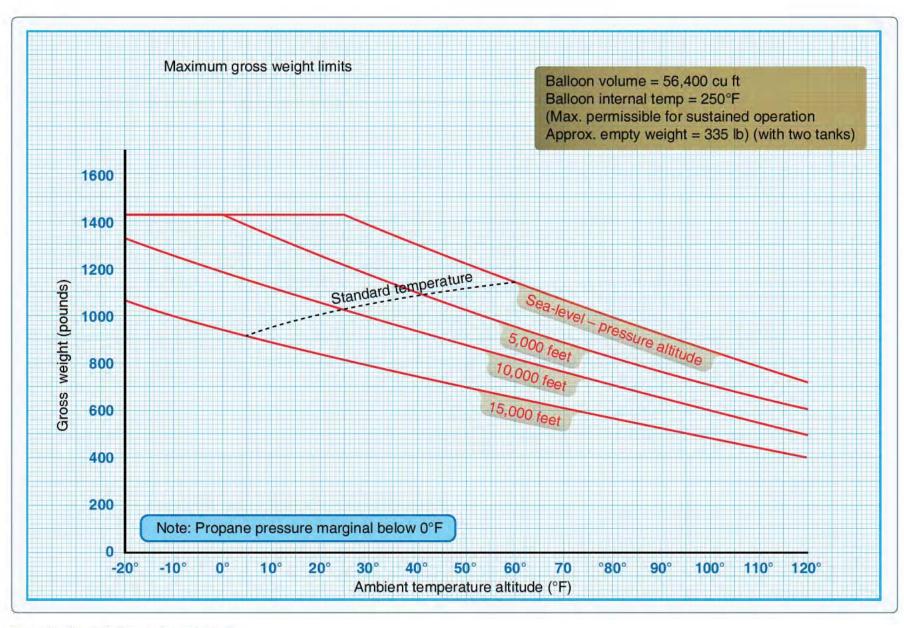
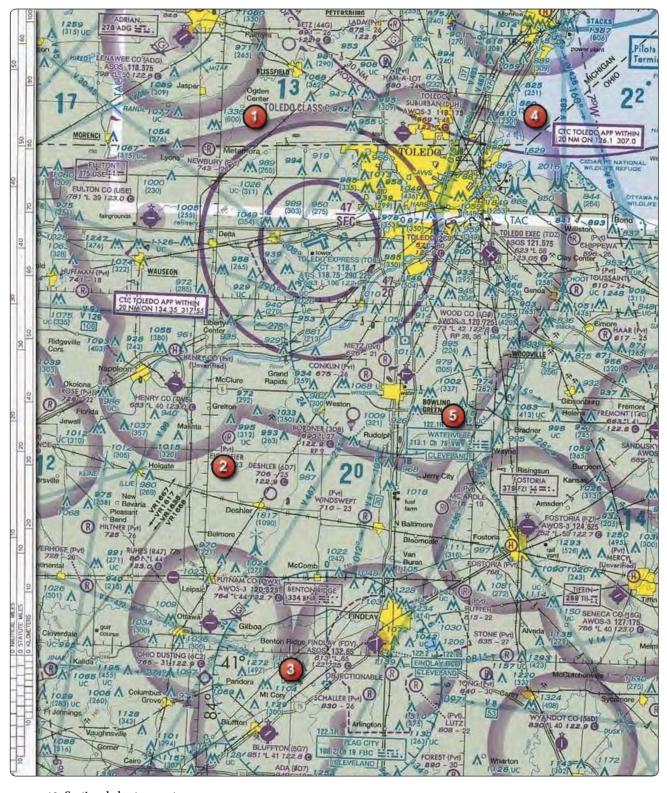


Figure 58. Hot air balloon performance graph.

| For   | N   | 30  | 60  | E   | 120 | 150 |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Steer | 0   | 27  | 56  | 85  | 116 | 148 |
| For   | S   | 210 | 240 | W   | 300 | 330 |
| Steer | 181 | 214 | 244 | 274 | 303 | 332 |

Figure 59. Compass card.



g  $\,$  e 60. Sectional chart e  $\,$  cerpt.

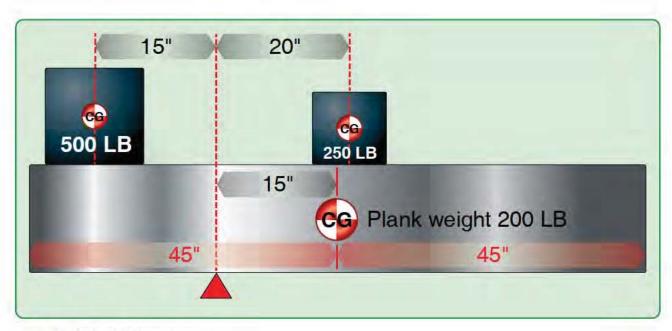


Figure 61. Weight and balance diagram.

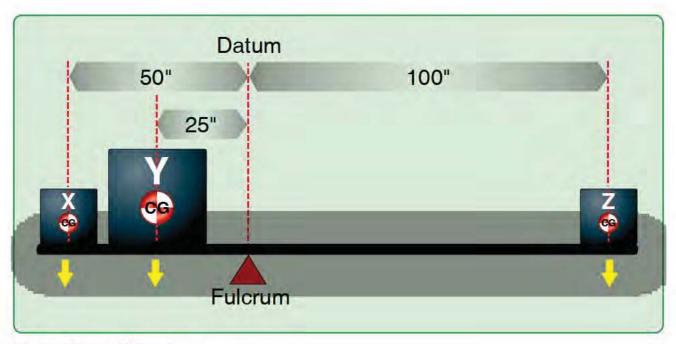


Figure 62. Weight and balance diagram.

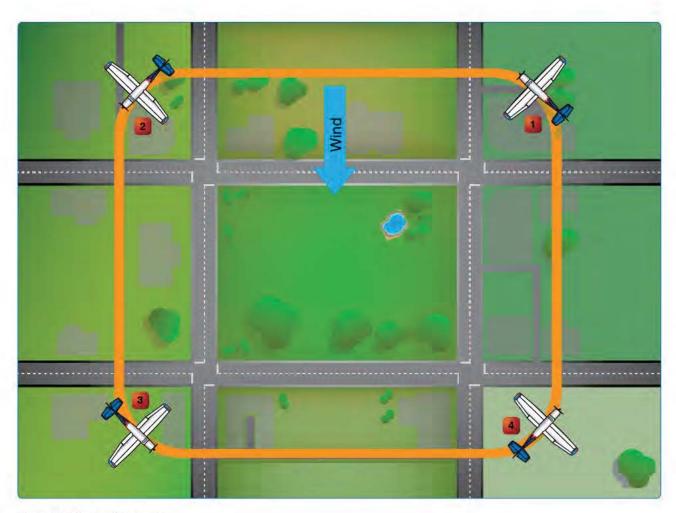


Figure 63. Rectangular course.

OHIO 263

TOLEDO TOLEDO EXECUTIVE (TDZ) 6 SE UTC-5(-4DT) N41°33.90' W83°28.93' DETROIT 623 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 1, 3 NOTAM FILE TDZ H-10G. L-28f RWY 14-32: H5829X100 (ASPH-GRVD) S-63, D-85, 25-107 MIRL IAP RWY 14: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 34'. Thid dsplcd 225'. Tower. RWY 32: VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 43'. Thid dspicd 351'. Road. RWY 04-22: H3799X75 (ASPH) S-63, D-85, 2S-107 MIRL RWY 04: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.5° TCH 35'. Thid displied 100". RWY 22: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 25°. Thid displed 380 . Railroad. AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended Mon-Fri continuously, Sat-Sun 1300-0100Z‡. Parallel twy Rwy 04-22 and Rwy 14-32 35' wide. Seagulls on and invof arpt, Ldg fee. ACTIVATE MIRL Rwy 04-22 and Rwy 14-32, REIL and PAPI Rwy 04, Rwy 22, Rwy 14 and VASI Rwy 32-CTAF. WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 121,575 (419) 838-5034: COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 123.05 R APP/DEP CON 126.1 CLNC DEL 125.6 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE CLE. WATERVILLE (L) VOR/DME 1.1.3.1 VWV Chan 78 N41°27.09' W83"38,32' 048" 9.8 NM to fld. 664/2W. TOLEDO EXPRESS (TOL) 10 W UTC-5(-4DT) N41°35,21' W83°48.47' DETROIT 683 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 3 LRA Class I, ARFF Index B NOTAM FILE TOL H-106, L-28) RWY 07-25: H10599X150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-100, D-174, 25-175, 2D-300, 2D/2D2-550 IAP, AD HIRL CL RWY 07: ALSF2, TDZL, Trees. RWY 25: MALSR, VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 51', Trees. 0.3% up. RWY 16-34: H5599X150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-100, D-174, 2S-175, 2D-300 MIRL RWY 16: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 48'. Trees. RWY 34: REIL. RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION RWY 07: TORA 10599 TODA 10599 ASDA 10599 LDA 10599 RWY 16: TORA 5599 TODA 5599 ASDA 5599 LDA 5599 RWY 25: TORA 10599 TODA 10599 ASDA 10599 LDA 10599 ASDA 5599 LDA 5599 RWY 34: TORA 5599 TODA 5599 ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM BAK-12 → RWY 25 RWY 07 ← BAK-12 AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. Fuel and svc avoi 1300-0500Z‡. Birds on and invof arpt. Twy A west of Rwy 16 and the ramp between Twy B9 and B13 not visible from twr. Twy D intersection of Twy D1, heavy acft use minimal power to reduce foreign object damage on Air National Guard ramp, Customs: Sat-Sun reg must be made prior to 2200Z‡ on Fri, phone 419-259-6424. WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS (419) 865-8351. COMMUNICATIONS: ATIS 118.75 UNICOM 122.95 R APP/DEP CON 126.1 (360°-179°) 134.35 (180°-359°) 123.975 TOWER 118.1 GND CON 121.9 CLNC DEL 121.75 AIRSPACE: CLASS C svc continuous etc APP CON RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE CLE. WATERVILLE (L) VOR/DME 113.1 VWV Chan 78 N41°27,09' W83°38.32' 319" 11.1 NM to fld, 664/2W. TOPHR NOB (LOM) 219 TO N41°33.21' W83°55.27' 074" 5.5 NM to fld. Unmonitored. NOTAM FILE TOL. ILS 109.7. I-TOL Rwy 07. Class IE. LOM TOPHR NDB. ILS 108.7 I-BQE Rwy 25. Class IA. LOC unusable 0.4 NM inbound, ILS unmonitored when twr clad. ASR SEAGATE HELISTOP (6T2) OO N UTC-5(-4DT) N41"39.25" W83"31.88" DETROIT 650 NOTAM FILE CLE HELIPAD H1: H50X50 (CONC) HELIPORT REMARKS: Unattended, ACTIVATE orange perimeter lgts-CTAF. Helipad H1 NSTD 1-box (2 VASIS), Helipad H1 not marked with "H." Helipad H1 perimeter lgts. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 123.05

Figure 64. Airport/facility excerpt.

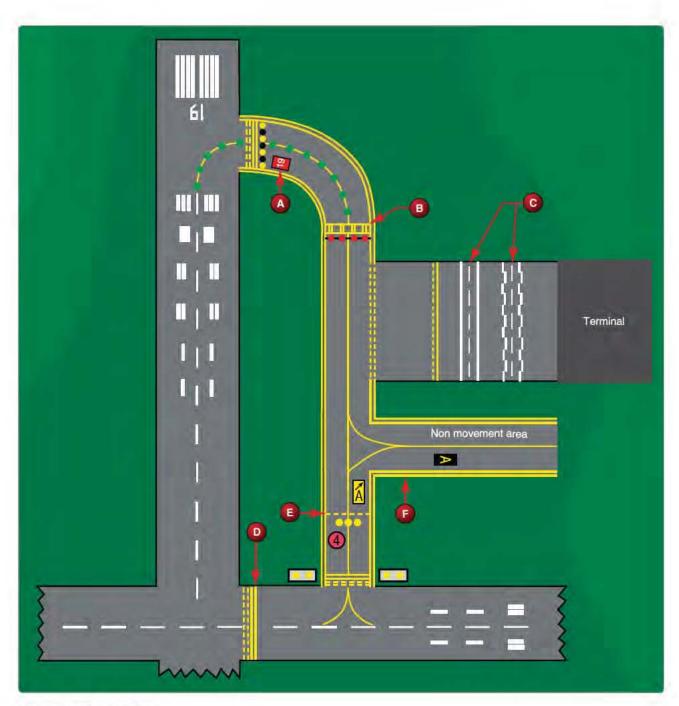


Figure 65. Airport markings.

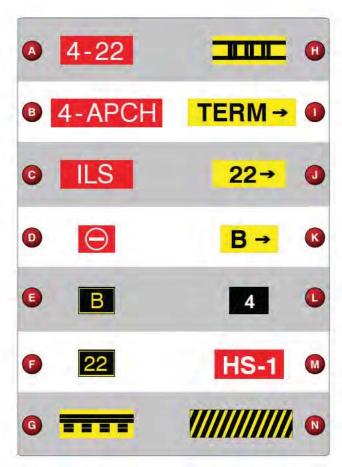


Figure 66. U.S. airport signs.

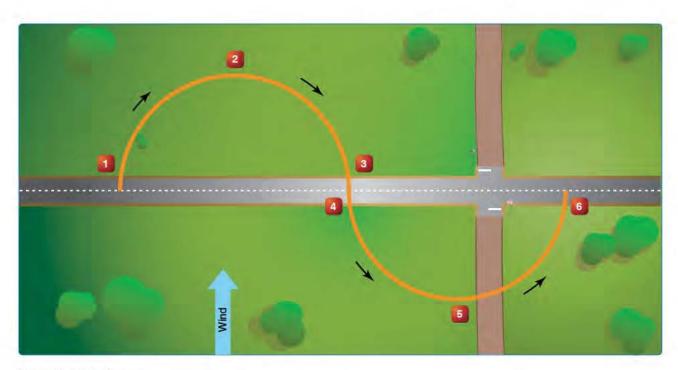


Figure 67. S-turn diagram.

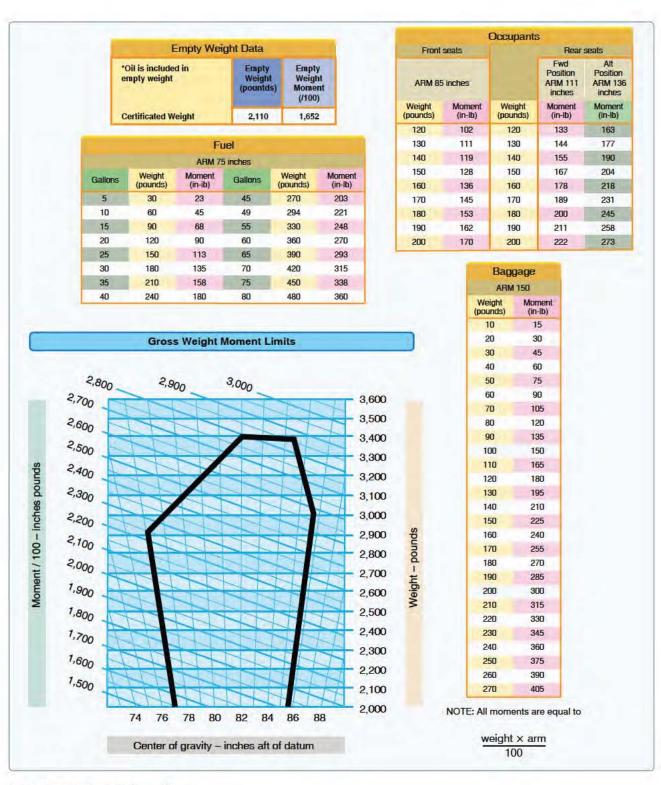


Figure 68. Weight and balance chart.

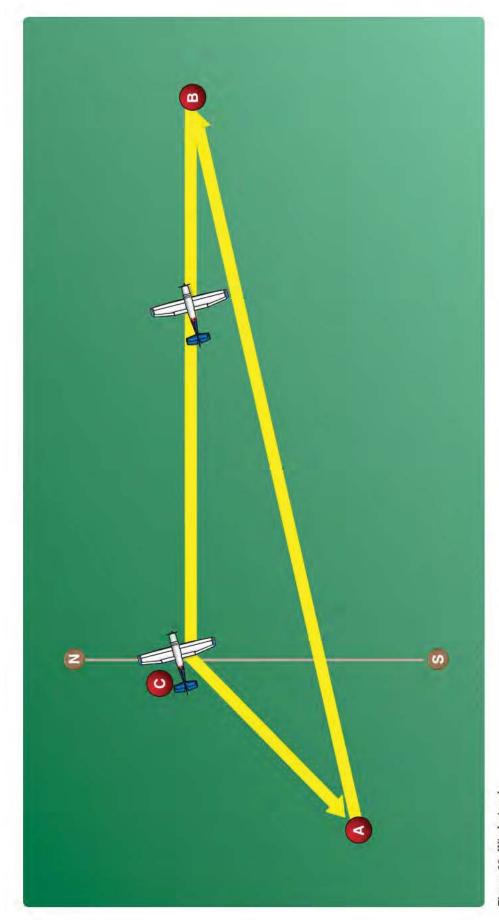
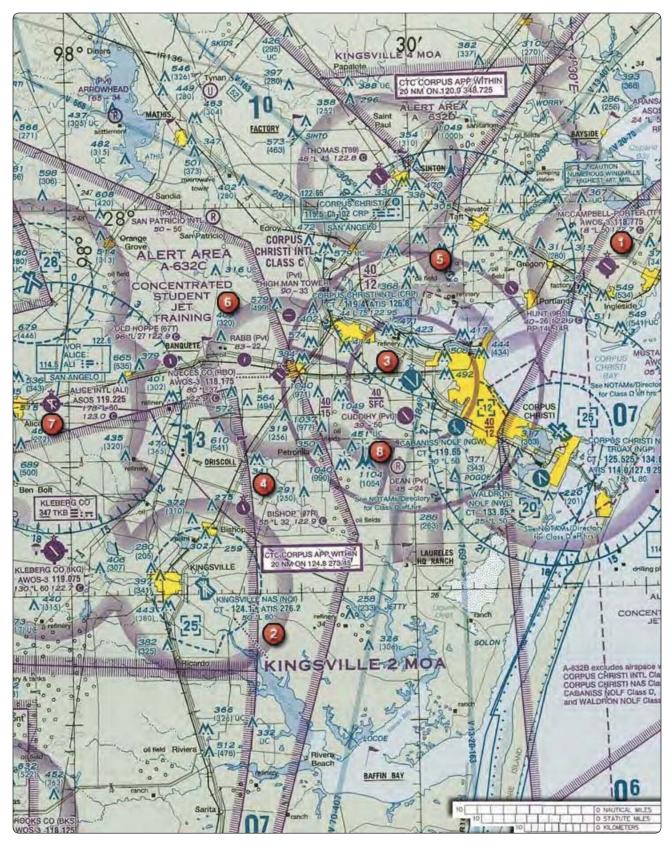
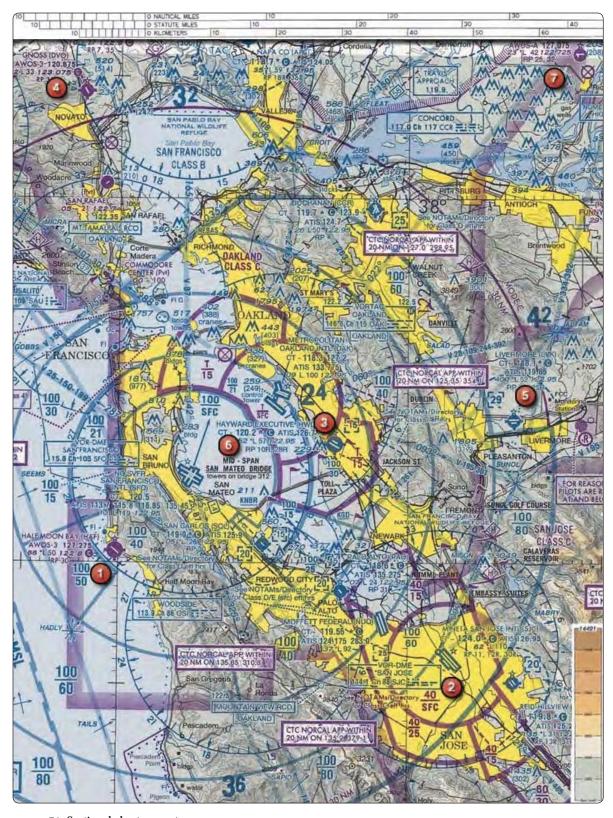


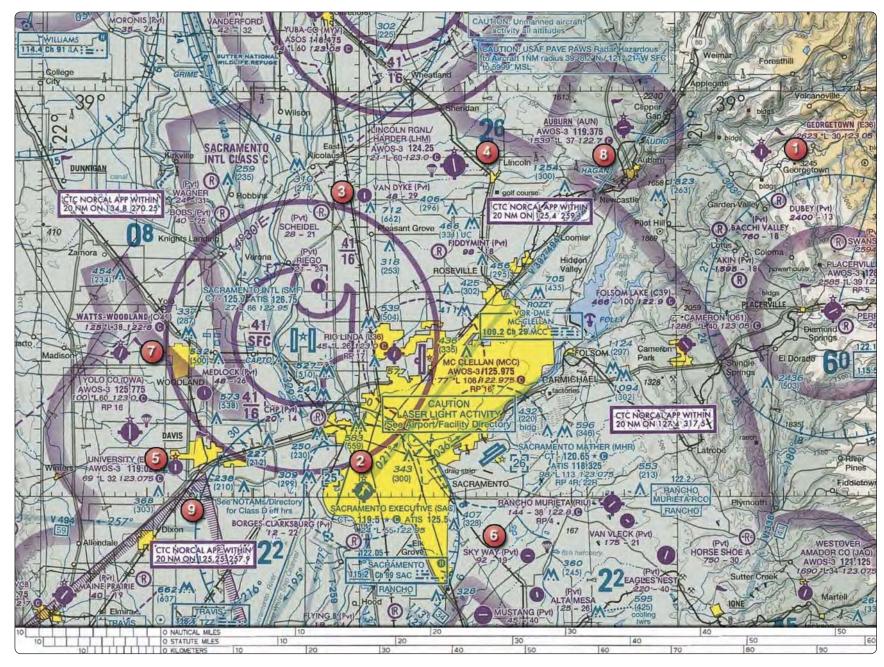
Figure 69. Wind triangle.



g e 70. Sectional chart e cerpt.



g  $\,$  e 71. Sectional chart e  $\,$  cerpt.



g e 72. Sectional chart e cerpt.

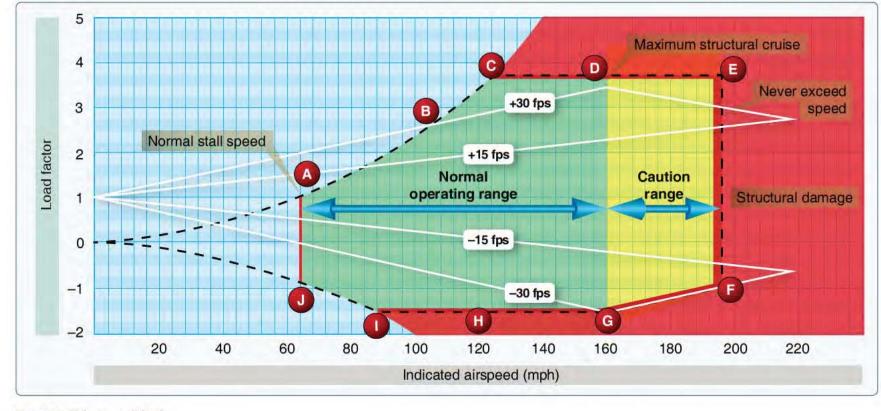


Figure 73. Velocity vs. G-loads.

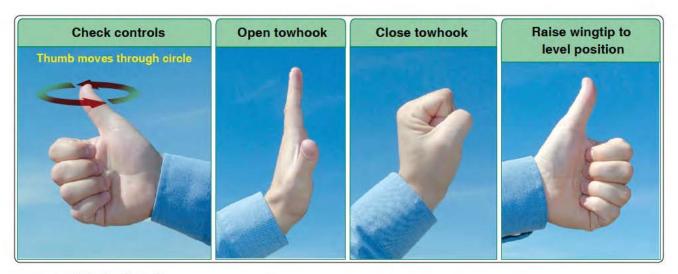
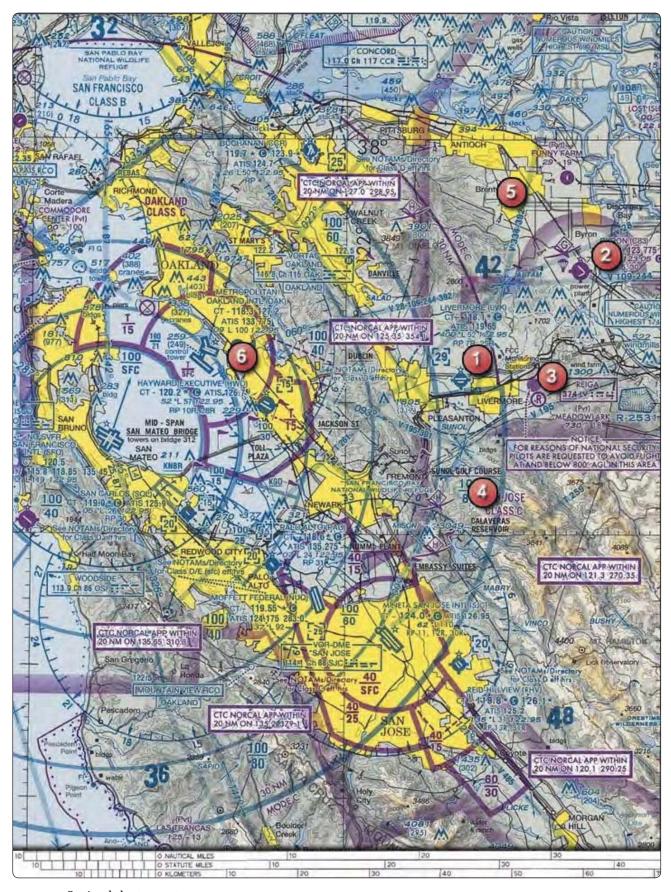
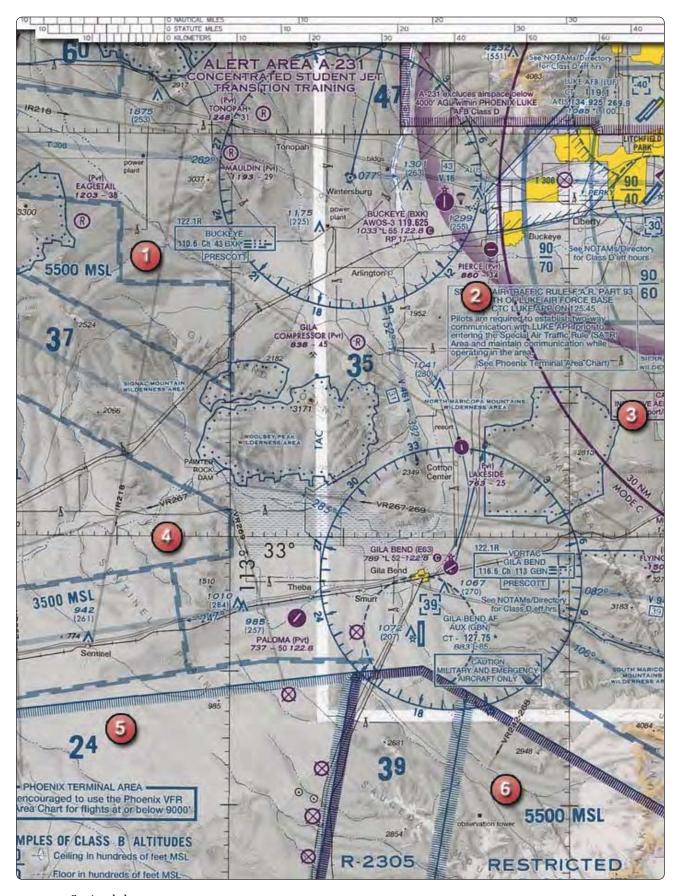


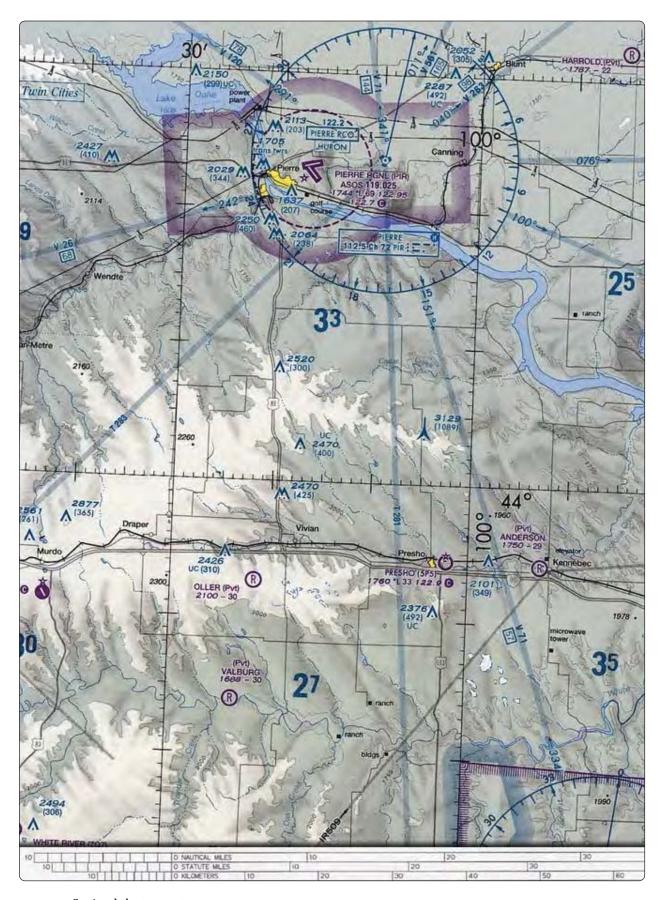
Figure 74. Glider hand signals.



g e 75. Sectional chart e cerpt.



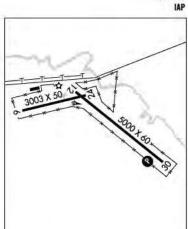
g e 76. Sectional chart e cerpt.



g  $\,$  e 77. Sectional chart e  $\,$  cerpt.

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PIERRE RGNL (PIR) 3 E UTC-6(-5DT) N44°22.96' W100°17.16'
                                                                                                     ПМАНА
  1744 B S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 1, 2, 3, 4 Class I, ARFF Index A NOTAM FILE PIR
                                                                                                 H-21, L-12H
  RWY 13-31: H6900X100 (ASPH-GRVD)
                                      S-91, D-108, 2S-137, 2D-168 HIRL
                                                                                                       IAP
    RWY 13: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 52'.
    RWY 31: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 52'.
  RWY 07-25: H6881X150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-91, D-114, 2S-145,
              HIRL 0.6% up W
                                                                                   6881 X 150
    RWY 07: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 47'. Tank.
    RWY 25: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 54'.
  RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION
    RWY 07: TORA-6881 TODA-6881 ASDA-6830 LDA-6830
    RWY 13: TORA-6900 TODA-6900 ASDA-6900
                                                      LDA-6900
    RWY 25:
             TORA-6881
                          TODA-6881
                                        ASDA-6881
                                                      LDA-6881
    RWY 31: TORA-6900 TODA-6900
                                        ASDA-6900
                                                     LDA-6900
  AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended Mon-Fri 1100-0600Z‡, Sat-Sun
    1100-0400Z±. For attendant other times call
    605-224-9000/8621. Arpt conditions unmonitored during
    0530-1000Z‡. Numerous non-radio acft operating in area. Birds
    on and invof arpt and within a 25 NM radius. No line of sight
    between rwy ends of Rwy 07-25. ARFF provided for part 121 air
    carrier ops only. 48 hr PPR for unscheduled acr ops involving acft
    designed for 31 or more passenger seats call 605-773-7447 or
    605-773-7405. Taxiway C is 50 ' wide and restricted to acft 75,000 pounds or less. ACTIVATE HIRL Rwy 13-31
    and Rwy 07-25, MALSR Rwy 31, REIL Rwy 07, Rwy 13 and Rwy 25, PAPI Rwy 07, Rwy 25, Rwy 13 and Rwy
    31-CTAF 122.7. NOTE: See Special Notices Section-
    Aerobatic Practice Areas.
  WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 119.025 (605) 224-6087. HIWAS 112.5 PIR.
  COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 122.7
                             UNICOM 122.95
    RCO 122.2 (HURON RADIO)
 R MINNEAPOLIS CENTER APP/DEP CON 125.1
  RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE PIR.
    (L) VORTACW 112.5 PIR
                            Chan 72 N44 °23.67' W100 °09.77' 251 ° 5.3 NM to fld. 1789/11E.
    ILS/DME 111.9 I-PIR
                          Chan 56 Rwy 31. Class IA ILS GS unusable for coupled apch blo 2,255 '. GS
```

PINE RIDGE (IEN) 2 E UTC -7(-6DT) N43°01.35' W102°30.66' 3333 B NOTAM FILE IEN RWY 12-30: H5000X60 (ASPH) S-12 MIRL 0.7% up SE RWY 12: P-line. RWY 30: PAPI(P2L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 26'. Fence. RWY 06-24: H3003X50 (ASPH) S-12 0.7% up NE RWY 24: Fence. AIRPORT REMARKS: Unattended. Rwy 06-24 CLOSED indef. MIRL Rwy 12-30 and PAPI Rwy 30 opr dusk-0530Z‡, after 0530Z‡ ACTIVATE-CTAF. WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 126.775 (605) 867-1584. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 1229 DENVER CENTER APP/DEP CON 127.95 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE RAP. RAPID CITY (H) VORTAC 112.3 RAP Chan 70 N43 °58.56' W103°00.74' 146° 61.3 NM to fld. 3160/13E.

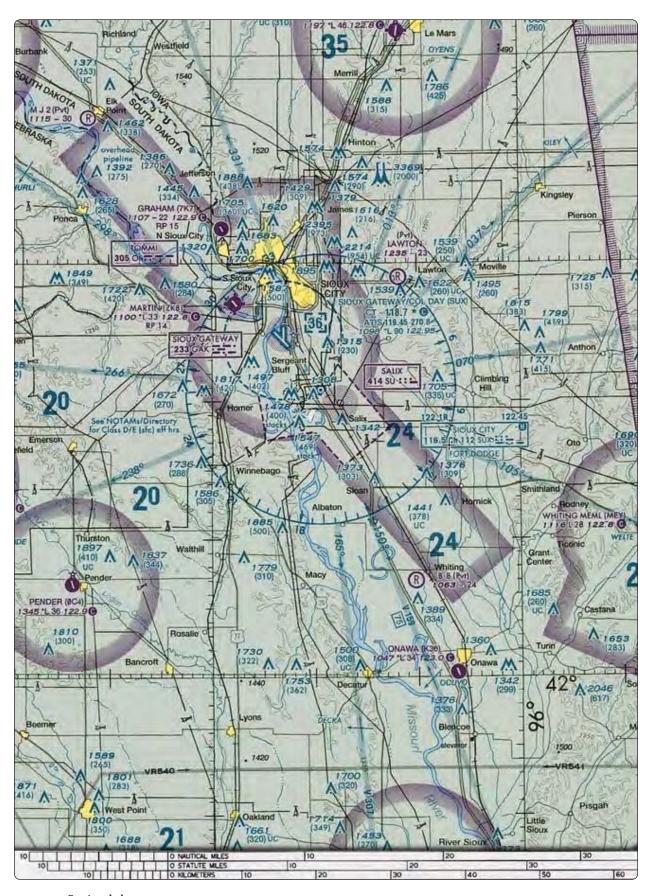


CHEYENNE

H-5B, L-12G

Figure 78. Airport/facility directory excerpt.

unusable blo 2135'.

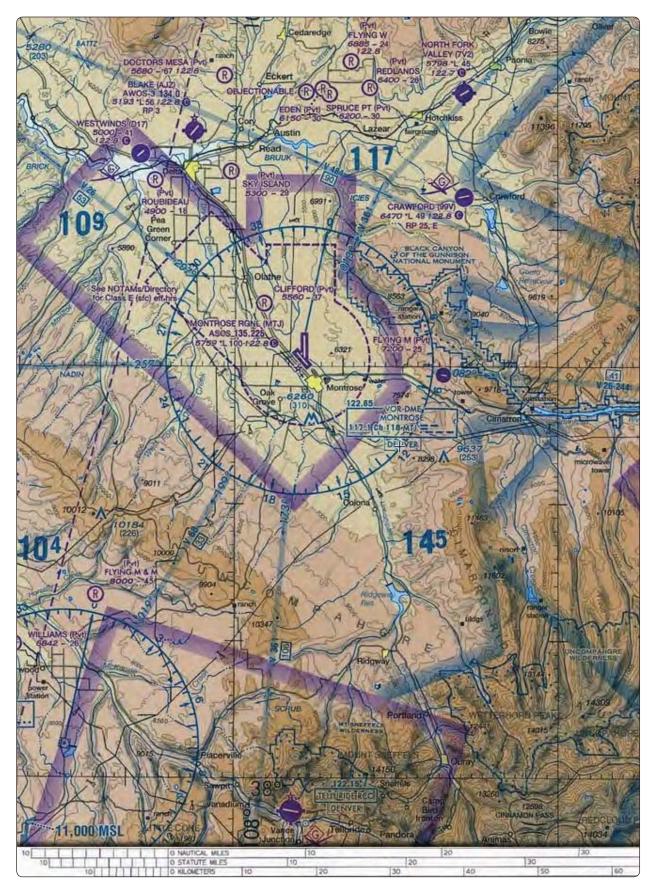


g e 79. Sectional chart e cerpt.

64 IOWA

```
SIOUX CITY N42°20.67' W96°19.42'
                                            NOTAM FILE SUX
                                                                                                            OMAHA
       (L) VORTAC 116.5 SUX Chan 112 313 ° 4.4 NM to Sioux Gateway/Col Bud Day Fld. 1087/9E.
                                                                                                    HIWAS. L-121
           VOR unusable:
             280°-292° byd 25 NM
                                                                       306°-350° byd 20 NM blo 3,000 '
             293°-305° byd 20 NM blo 4,500 '
                                                                       350°-280° byd 30 NM blo 3,000 '
             293°-305° byd 35 NM
       RC0 122.45 122.1R 116.5T (FORT DODGE RADIO)
SIOUX CITY
     SIOUX GATEWAY/COL BUD DAY FLD (SUX) 6 S UTC -6(-5DT) N42°24.16' W96°23.06'
                                                                                                           OMAHA
       1098 B S4 FUEL 100LL, 115, JET A OX 1, 2, 3, 4 Class I, ARFF Index-See Remarks
                                                                                                        H-5C, L-121
         NOTAM FILE SUX
                                                                                                           IAP. AD
       RWY 13-31: H9002X150 (CONC-GRVD) S-100, D-120, 2S-152,
         2D-220
                   HIRL
         RWY 13: MALS. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 49'. Tree.
         RWY 31: MALSR. VASI(V4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 50'.
       RWY 17-35: H6600X150 (ASPH-PFC) S-65, D-80, 2S-102,
         2D-130
                   MIRL
         RWY 17: REIL. VASI(V4R)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 50'. Trees.
         RWY 35: PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0 ° TCH 54'. Pole.
       LAND AND HOLD SHORT OPERATIONS
           LANDING
                          HOLD SHORT POINT
            RWY 13
                          17-35
                                                5400
           RWY 17
                                                5650
                          13-31
       ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM
         RWY 13 ←BAK-14 BAK-12B(B) (1392')
                                    BAK-14 BAK-12B(B) (1492') →RWY 31
       AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. PAEW 0330-1200Z ‡ during
         inclement weather Nov-Apr. AER 31-BAK-12/14 located (1492 ')
         from thid. Airfield surface conditions not monitored by arpt
         management between 0600-1000Z ± daily. Rwy 13-BAK-12/14
         located (1392') from thid. All A-gear avbi only during ANG flying ops. Twr has limited visibility southeast of
         ramp near ARFF bldg and northeast of Rwy 31 touchdown zone. Rwy 31 is calm wind rwy. Class I, ARFF Index
         B. ARFF Index E fire fighting equipment avbl on request. Twy F unlit, retro-reflective markers in place. Portions
         of Twy A SE of Twy B not visible by twr and is designated a non-movement area. Rwy 13-31 touchdown and
         rollout rwy visual range avbl. When twr clsd, ACTIVATE HIRL Rwy 13-31; MIRL Rwy 17-35; MALS Rwy 13;
         MALSR Rwy 31; and REIL Rwy 17-CTAF.
        WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS (712) 255-6474. HIWAS 116.5 SUX. LAWRS.
       COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 118.7
                                  ATIS 119.45 UNICOM 122.95
         SIOUX CITY RCO 122.45 122.1R 116.5T (FORT DODGE RADIO)
         SIOUX CITY APP/DEP CON 124.6 (1200-0330Z‡)
      R MINNEAPOLIS CENTER APP/DEP CON 124.1 (0330-1200Z‡)
         SIOUX CITY TOWER 118.7 (1200-0330Z‡) GND CON 121.9
        AIRSPACE: CLASS D svc 1200-0330Z‡ other times CLASS E.
       RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE SUX.
         SIOUX CITY (L) VORTAC 116.5 SUX Chan 112 N42 °20.67' W96°19.42' 313° 4.4 NM to fid. 1087/9E.
             HIWAS.
         NDB (MHW) 233 GAK N42°24.49' W96°23.16' at fld.
         SALIX NDB (MHW/LOM) 414 SU N42°19.65' W96°17.43'
                                                                 311° 6.1 NM to fld. Unmonitored.
         TOMMI NDB (MHW/LOM) 305 OI N42°27.61' W96°27.73'
                                                                 128° 4.9 NM to fld. Unmonitored.
         ILS 109.3 I-SUX Rwy 31
                                      Class IT. LOM SALIX NDB. ILS Unmonitored when twr clsd. Glide path
           unusable coupled approach (CPD) blo 1805 '
                             Rwy 13 LOM TOMMI NDB. Localizer shutdown when twr clsd.
         ILS 1113 1-010
         ASR (1200-0330Z‡)
     SNORE N43°13.96' W95°19.66' NOTAM FILE SPW.
                                                                                                            ОМАНА
       NDB (LOM) 394 SP
                           121° 6.8 NM to Spencer Muni.
     SOUTHEAST IOWA RGNL
                               (See BURLINGTON)
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Figure 80. Airport/facility directory excerpt.



g e 81. Sectional chart e cerpt.

216 COLORADO

CRAWFORD (99V) 2 W UTC-7(-6DT) N38°42.25' W107°38.62' DENVER 6470 S2 OX 4 TPA-7470(1000) NOTAM FILE DEN L-9E RWY 07-25: H4900X20 (ASPH) LIRL (NSTD) RWY 07: VASI (NSTD). Trees. RWY 25: VASI (NSTD) Tank. Rgt tfc. RWY E-W: 2500X125 (TURF) RWY E: Ret tfc. RWY W: Trees. AIRPORT REMARKS: Attended continuously. Rwy 07-25 west 1300 ' only 25' wide. Heavy glider ops at arpt. Land to the east tkf to the west winds permitting. 100LL fuel avbl for emergency use only. Pedestrians, motor vehicles, deer and wildlife on and invof arpt. Unlimited vehicle use on arpt. Rwy West has  $+15^{\circ}$  building 170' from thid 30' left, +10' road 100' from thid centerline. +45' tree 100' L of Rwy 07 extended centerline 414' from rwy end. -8' to -20' terrain off both sides of first 674' of Rwy 25 end. E-W rwy occasionally has 6 inch diameter irrigation pipes crossing rwy width in various places. Rwy 07 has 20 1 trees and -101 to 201 terrain 201 right of rwy first 150'. E-W rwy consists of +12 inch alfalfa vegetation during various times of the year. Arpt Igts opr dusk-0800Z±. Rwy 07 1 box VASI left side for local operators only or PPR call 970-921-7700 or 970-921-3018. Rwy 07-25 LIRL on N side from Rwy 25 end W 3800 '. Rwy 07 1300 ' from end E 300'. No thId Igts Rwy 07-25 3800' usable for ngt ops. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF/UNICOM 122.8 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE MTJ. MONTROSE (H) VORW/DME 117.1 MTJ Chan 118 N38 °30.39' W107 °53.96' 033° 16.9 NM to fld. 5713/12E. CREEDE MINERAL CO MEM (C24) 2 E UTC -7(-6DT) N37°49.33' W106°55.79' DENVER 8680 NOTAM FILE DEN H-3E, L-9E RWY 07-25: H6880X60 (ASPH) S-12.5, D-70, 2D-110 RWY 07: Thid dspied 188'. RWY 25: Road. AIRPORT REMARKS: Unattended. Elk and deer on and invof arpt. Glider and hang glider activity on and in vicinity of arpt. Mountains in all directions. Departure to NE avoid over flight of trailers and resident homes, climb to 200 above ground level on centerline extended prior to turn. Acft stay to right of valley on apch and/or departure route. 2' cable fence around apron. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 122.9 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE DEN. BLUE MESA (H) VORW/DME 114.9 HBU Chan 96 N38 °27.13' W107°02.39' 158° 38.1 NM to fld. 8730/14E. CUCHARA VALLEY AT LA VETA (See LA VETA) **DEL NORTE** ASTRONAUT KENT ROMINGER (8V1) 3 N UTC-7(-6DT) N37°42.83' W106°21.11' DENVER 7949 NOTAM FILE DEN H-3E, L-9E RWY 06-24: 6050X75 (ASPH) 1.1% up SW RWY 03-21: 4670X60 (TURF-DIRT) RWY 21: Mountain. AIRPORT REMARKS: Unattended. Wildlife on and invof arpt. Unlimited vehicle access on arpt. Mountainous terrain surrounds arpt in all directions. COMMUNICATIONS: CTAF 122.9 RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION: NOTAM FILE ALS. ALAMOSA (H) VORTACW 113.9 ALS Chan 86 N37 °20.95' W105°48.93' 298° 33.7 NM to fid. 7535/13E.

Figure 82. Airport/facility directory excerpt.



Figure 83. Altimeter.